

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(42.2847, 0.2789, 0.3311)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(42.2847, 0.2789, 0.3311)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(42.1954, 0.2783, 0.3303)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8AB6B5
RGB	138, 182, 181
RGB Percent	54%, 71%, 71%
CMY	0.4588, 0.2863, 0.2901
CMYK	0.24, 0.00, 0.01, 0.29
HSL	179°, 23%, 63%
HSV	179°, 24%, 71%
XYZ	35.5525, 42.1954, 50.0008
YIQ	168.7300, -25.9030, -9.6390

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

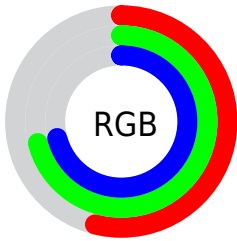
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	138, 160, 182
Decimal	9090741
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	71.01, -14.77, -4.29
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	71, 15.376, 196.207
Yxy	42.1954, 0.2783, 0.3303
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287280821 (0xFF8AB6B5)
YUV	168.7300, 6.0491, -26.9502
Hunter-Lab	64.9580, -15.9808, -0.1674

# Details

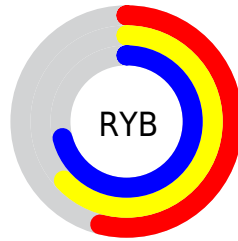
The Yxy color **42.1954, 0.2783, 0.3303** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **29.9876, 0.3611, 0.3278**, and the grayscale version is **39.5171, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.4700, 0.2843, 0.3300**, and **19.2375, 0.2681, 0.3309** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40.7560, 0.2659, 0.3309**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43.8984, 0.2919, 0.3297**.

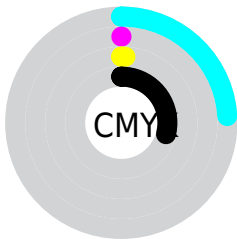
# Distribution



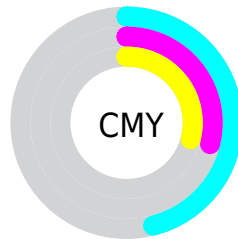
- Red (54%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (29%)




- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (29%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 42.1954, 0.2783, 0.3303 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 42.1954, 0.2783, 0.3303 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 42.1954, 0.2783,  
0.3303

 42.1954, 0.2783,  
0.3303


355.2923, 0.2957,  
0.3298

 29.2543, 0.2739,  
0.3304


 78.4953, 0.2846,  
0.3302

 19.2733, 0.2683,  
0.3304


 102.6229, 0.2870,  
0.3301

 11.8679, 0.2607,  
0.3304


 131.2481, 0.2890,  
0.3301

 6.6538, 0.2501,  
0.3302

164.7553, 0.2907,  
0.3300

 3.2466, 0.2341,  
0.3296

203.5289, 0.2922,  
0.3300

 1.2618, 0.2072,  
0.3278

247.9534, 0.2935,

 0.1113, 0.0000,

0.3299

0.2090

298.4130, 0.2946,  
0.3299

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

42.1954, 0.2783,  
0.3303

42.1954, 0.2783,  
0.3303

40.7560, 0.2659,  
0.3309

43.8984, 0.2919,  
0.3297

39.5622, 0.2550,  
0.3316

45.8719, 0.3064,  
0.3292

38.6015, 0.2457,  
0.3322

48.1289, 0.3216,  
0.3287

37.8584, 0.2383,  
0.3329

50.6801, 0.3372,  
0.3283

37.3157, 0.2328,  
0.3336

53.5356, 0.3528,  
0.3279

■ 36.9534, 0.2292,  
0.3344

■ 56.7051, 0.3683,  
0.3276

■ 36.7472, 0.2272,  
0.3351

■ 58.1700, 0.3747,  
0.3273

■ 36.6693, 0.2265,  
0.3355

■ 58.1869, 0.3743,  
0.3268

■ 58.2039, 0.3740,  
0.3264

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.1954, 0.2950, 0.3506



42.1954, 0.2783, 0.3303



42.1954, 0.2707, 0.3105

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.1954, 0.2783, 0.3303



42.1954, 0.3074, 0.2963



42.1954, 0.3528, 0.3605

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.1954, 0.2783, 0.3303



29.9876, 0.3611, 0.3278

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.1954, 0.3567, 0.3450



42.1954, 0.2783, 0.3303



42.1954, 0.3299, 0.3087

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.1954, 0.2783, 0.3303



42.1954, 0.2870, 0.2918



42.1954, 0.3482, 0.3262



42.1954, 0.3381, 0.3682



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.1954, 0.2783, 0.3303



42.1954, 0.2716, 0.3004



42.1954, 0.3482, 0.3262



42.1954, 0.3555, 0.3560

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.1971, 0.2783, 0.3303



82.0585, 0.3021, 0.3294



40.8209, 0.3108, 0.3959



18.0760, 0.3012, 0.3294



93.3107, 0.3127, 0.3290



18.7317, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.1971, 0.2783, 0.3303



75.0561, 0.2715, 0.3306



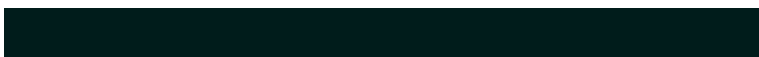
34.4356, 0.2751, 0.2984



10.2071, 0.2988, 0.3295



25.8968, 0.2265, 0.3354



0.9140, 0.2260, 0.3336



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.9876, 0.3611, 0.3278



49.0732, 0.3757, 0.3275



36.4177, 0.3556, 0.3578



9.0153, 0.3284, 0.3285



7.0306, 0.6372, 0.3284



0.2489, 0.6257, 0.3221



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 42.1954, 0.2783, 0.3303 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

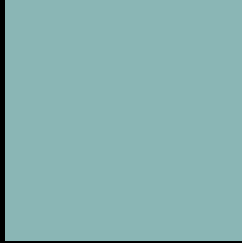
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 42.1954, 0.2783, 0.3303 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

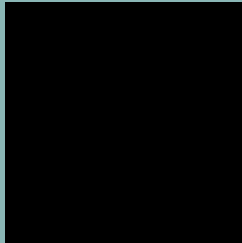
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

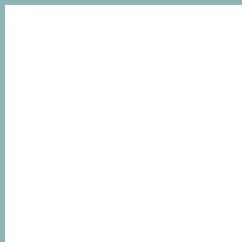
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 42.1954, 0.2783, 0.3303**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 42.1954, 0.2783, 0.3303.

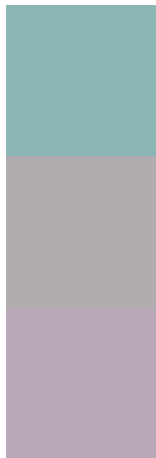


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 42.1954, 0.2783, 0.3303.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.1954, 0.2783, 0.3303

### Protanopia

41.8303, 0.3138, 0.3250

### Deuteranopia

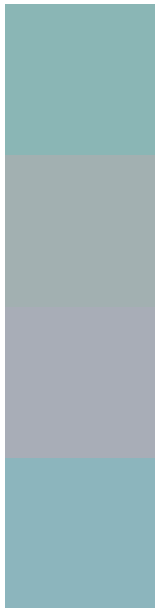
41.7802, 0.3146, 0.3081



## Tritanopia

42.2003, 0.2714, 0.3092

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.1954, 0.2783, 0.3303

## Protanomaly

41.9064, 0.2999, 0.3276

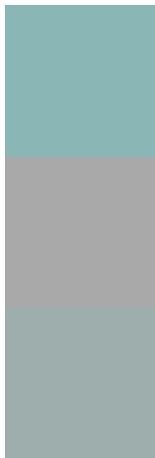
## Deuteranomaly

41.6309, 0.3003, 0.3153

## Tritanomaly

42.2973, 0.2742, 0.3175

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.1954, 0.2783, 0.3303

## Achromatopsia

39.6755, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

40.5583, 0.2996, 0.3304

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 42.1954, 0.2783, 0.3303 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 182, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 182, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 182, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 182, 181) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 42.1954, 0.2783, 0.3303 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 182, 181) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 182, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(138, 182, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 182, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 182, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 182,  
181) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 42.1954, 0.2783, 0.3303 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 182, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138,  
182, 181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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