

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(42.3278, 0.3294, 0.3455)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(42.3278, 0.3294, 0.3455)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(42.1636, 0.3292, 0.3453)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B4ADA1
RGB	180, 173, 161
RGB Percent	71%, 68%, 63%
CMY	0.2942, 0.3215, 0.3686
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.11, 0.29
HSL	38°, 11%, 67%
HSV	38°, 11%, 71%
XYZ	40.1977, 42.1636, 39.7459
YIQ	173.7250, 8.0240, -2.2480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

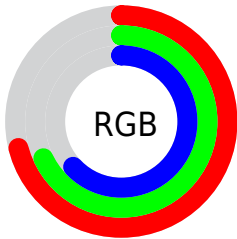
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">172, 180, 161</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11840929</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">70.98, 0.38, 7.04</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">71, 7.046, 86.897</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">42.1636, 0.3292, 0.3453</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290031009</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFB4ADA1</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">173.7250, -6.2734, 5.5032</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">64.9335, -3.1316, 9.1620</a>

# Details

The Yxy color **42.1636, 0.3292, 0.3453** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **38.8781, 0.2966, 0.3122**, and the grayscale version is **42.2092, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.2775, 0.3261, 0.3416**, and **19.2909, 0.3345, 0.3516** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39.0980, 0.3466, 0.3615**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.4502, 0.3135, 0.3298**.

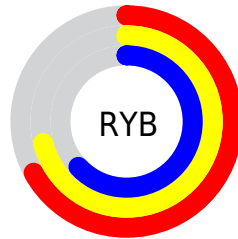
# Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (68%)

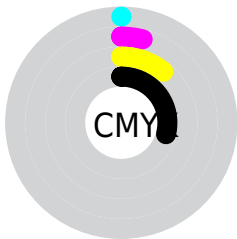
Blue (63%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (63%)

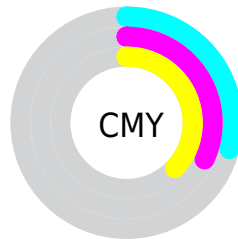


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (29%)

Magenta (32%)


Yellow (37%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 42.1636, 0.3292, 0.3453 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 42.1636, 0.3292, 0.3453 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 42.1636, 0.3292,  
0.3453

 42.1636, 0.3292,  
0.3453


355.1607, 0.3208,  
0.3370

 29.2294, 0.3313,  
0.3474


 78.4472, 0.3261,  
0.3423

 19.2544, 0.3341,  
0.3501


 102.5653, 0.3250,  
0.3411

 11.8543, 0.3379,  
0.3538


131.1803, 0.3240,  
0.3402

 6.6445, 0.3432,  
0.3591

164.6764, 0.3232,  
0.3394

 3.2408, 0.3514,  
0.3671

203.4381, 0.3225,  
0.3387

 1.2587, 0.3662,  
0.3815

247.8498, 0.3218,

 0.1089, 0.5088,

0.3380

0.4912

298.2959, 0.3213,  
0.3375

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

42.1636, 0.3292,  
0.3453

42.1636, 0.3292,  
0.3453

39.0980, 0.3466,  
0.3615

45.4502, 0.3135,  
0.3298

36.2422, 0.3657,  
0.3781

48.9578, 0.2995,  
0.3152

33.5920, 0.3863,  
0.3945

52.6932, 0.2870,  
0.3017

31.1410, 0.4079,  
0.4100

56.6616, 0.2760,  
0.2892

28.8824, 0.4299,  
0.4235

60.8676, 0.2662,  
0.2777

■ 26.8087, 0.4515,  
0.4340

■ 64.3805, 0.2648,  
0.2814

■ 24.9117, 0.4714,  
0.4403

■ 67.7751, 0.2657,  
0.2890

■ 23.1818, 0.4886,  
0.4418

■ 71.3072, 0.2665,  
0.2967

■ 21.6826, 0.5025,  
0.4392

■ 74.9785, 0.2674,  
0.3042

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.1636, 0.3327, 0.3395



42.1636, 0.3292, 0.3453



42.1636, 0.3212, 0.3467

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.1636, 0.3292, 0.3453



42.1636, 0.2949, 0.3265



42.1636, 0.3141, 0.3154

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.1636, 0.3292, 0.3453



38.8781, 0.2966, 0.3122

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.1636, 0.3041, 0.3119



42.1636, 0.3292, 0.3453



42.1636, 0.2931, 0.3181

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.1636, 0.3292, 0.3453



42.1636, 0.3015, 0.3357



42.1636, 0.2964, 0.3128



42.1636, 0.3240, 0.3224



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.1636, 0.3292, 0.3453



42.1636, 0.3145, 0.3449



42.1636, 0.2964, 0.3128



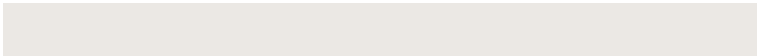
42.1636, 0.3107, 0.3138

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.1655, 0.3292, 0.3453



80.8904, 0.3173, 0.3336



38.0358, 0.3244, 0.3191



17.3789, 0.3185, 0.3348



91.1408, 0.3127, 0.3290



17.8868, 0.3127, 0.3290

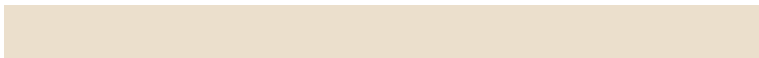


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.1655, 0.3292, 0.3453



74.9365, 0.3337, 0.3496



44.6491, 0.3262, 0.3547



9.3704, 0.3272, 0.3434



15.2673, 0.5012, 0.4402



0.5872, 0.4730, 0.4626



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.8781, 0.2966, 0.3122



67.5926, 0.2923, 0.3075



36.6019, 0.2985, 0.3023



8.7252, 0.2985, 0.3142



5.1569, 0.1666, 0.1197



0.2760, 0.1830, 0.1786



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 42.1636, 0.3292, 0.3453 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 42.1636, 0.3292, 0.3453 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

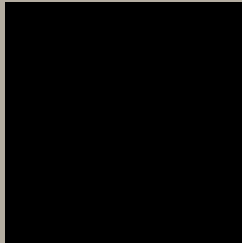
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

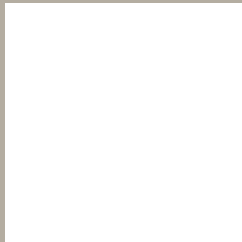
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 42.1636, 0.3292, 0.3453**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 42.1636, 0.3292, 0.3453.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 42.1636, 0.3292, 0.3453.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.1636, 0.3292, 0.3453

### Protanopia

42.1636, 0.3292, 0.3453

### Deuteranopia

42.2160, 0.3434, 0.3369



## Tritanopia

42.2356, 0.3135, 0.3119

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.1636, 0.3292, 0.3453

## Protanomaly

42.1636, 0.3292, 0.3453

## Deuteranomaly

42.3052, 0.3382, 0.3396

## Tritanomaly

42.1660, 0.3193, 0.3237

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.1636, 0.3292, 0.3453

## Achromatopsia

42.3268, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

42.3668, 0.3186, 0.3358

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 42.1636, 0.3292, 0.3453 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 173, 161)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 173, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 173, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 173, 161) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 42.1636, 0.3292, 0.3453 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 173, 161) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 173, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 173, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 173, 161); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 173, 161);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 173,  
161) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 42.1636, 0.3292, 0.3453 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 173, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
173, 161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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