

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(42.7090, 0.3053, 0.3359)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(42.7090, 0.3053, 0.3359)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(42.8573, 0.3055, 0.3359)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A5B2AD
RGB	165, 178, 173
RGB Percent	65%, 70%, 68%
CMY	0.3530, 0.3019, 0.3216
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.03, 0.30
HSL	157°, 8%, 67%
HSV	157°, 7%, 70%
XYZ	38.9786, 42.8573, 45.7536
YIQ	173.5430, -6.1430, -4.3110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

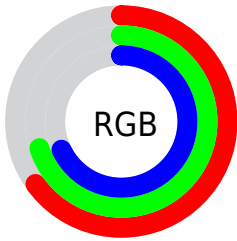
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">165, 173, 178</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10859181</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">71.46, -5.50, 0.99</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">71, 5.585, 169.816</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">42.8573, 0.3055, 0.3359</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289049261 (0xFFA5B2AD)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">173.5430, -0.2677, -7.4922</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">65.4655, -8.2845, 4.3883</a>

# Details

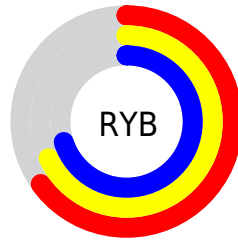
The Yxy color **42.8573, 0.3055, 0.3359** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **39.2745, 0.3205, 0.3222**, and the grayscale version is **42.0848, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.6627, 0.3071, 0.3354**, and **19.5584, 0.3029, 0.3367** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40.8232, 0.2959, 0.3462**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.1743, 0.3154, 0.3266**.

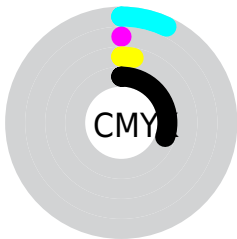
# Distribution



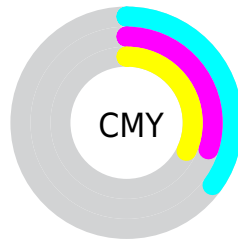
- Red (65%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (30%)




- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (3%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 42.8573, 0.3055, 0.3359 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 42.8573, 0.3055, 0.3359 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 42.8573, 0.3055,  
0.3359


 42.8573, 0.3055,  
0.3359


358.0246, 0.3092,  
0.3324

 29.7732, 0.3046,  
0.3368


 79.4955, 0.3068,  
0.3346

 19.6665, 0.3033,  
0.3380


 103.8183, 0.3074,  
0.3341

 12.1528, 0.3017,  
0.3395

132.6562, 0.3078,  
0.3337

 6.8479, 0.2994,  
0.3418

166.3934, 0.3081,  
0.3334

 3.3671, 0.2958,  
0.3453

205.4145, 0.3084,  
0.3331

 1.3263, 0.2895,  
0.3513

250.1038, 0.3087,

 0.1614, 0.0669,

0.3328

0.5617

300.8457, 0.3090,  
0.3326

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

42.8573, 0.3055,  
0.3359

42.8573, 0.3055,  
0.3359

40.8232, 0.2959,  
0.3462

45.1743, 0.3154,  
0.3266

39.0554, 0.2868,  
0.3576

47.7792, 0.3253,  
0.3183

37.5439, 0.2785,  
0.3700

50.6837, 0.3352,  
0.3110

36.2758, 0.2713,  
0.3833

53.8974, 0.3449,  
0.3045

35.2373, 0.2655,  
0.3973

57.4291, 0.3543,  
0.2988

■ 34.4130, 0.2614,  
0.4119

■ 57.9621, 0.3492,  
0.2920

■ 33.7856, 0.2592,  
0.4267

■ 58.3193, 0.3434,  
0.2853

■ 33.3349, 0.2589,  
0.4415

■ 58.6914, 0.3377,  
0.2787

■ 33.0312, 0.2605,  
0.4560

■ 59.0786, 0.3321,  
0.2722

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.8573, 0.3134, 0.3412



42.8573, 0.3055, 0.3359



42.8573, 0.2996, 0.3288

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.8573, 0.3055, 0.3359



42.8573, 0.3042, 0.3153



42.8573, 0.3285, 0.3359

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.8573, 0.3055, 0.3359



39.2745, 0.3205, 0.3222

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.8573, 0.3260, 0.3290



42.8573, 0.3055, 0.3359



42.8573, 0.3119, 0.3173

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.8573, 0.3055, 0.3359



42.8573, 0.2989, 0.3169



42.8573, 0.3199, 0.3223



42.8573, 0.3267, 0.3411



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.8573, 0.3055, 0.3359



42.8573, 0.2975, 0.3240



42.8573, 0.3199, 0.3223



42.8573, 0.3281, 0.3337

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.8591, 0.3055, 0.3359



79.8670, 0.3107, 0.3309



43.1279, 0.3164, 0.3470



17.7046, 0.3108, 0.3308



91.1408, 0.3127, 0.3290



17.8868, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.8591, 0.3055, 0.3359



76.9976, 0.3037, 0.3377



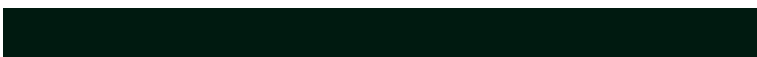
42.5409, 0.3016, 0.3272



9.5751, 0.3035, 0.3379



23.5938, 0.2606, 0.4582



0.7533, 0.2494, 0.4178



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.2745, 0.3205, 0.3222



68.9597, 0.3227, 0.3204



39.5606, 0.3248, 0.3308



8.5576, 0.3229, 0.3203



7.0863, 0.5405, 0.2751



0.2346, 0.4653, 0.2337



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 42.8573, 0.3055, 0.3359 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

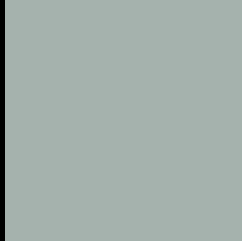
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 42.8573, 0.3055, 0.3359 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

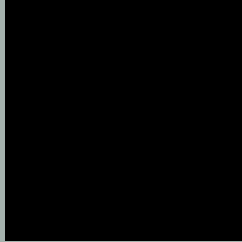
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

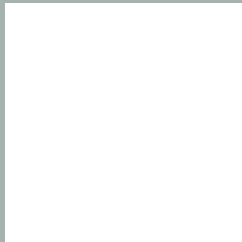
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 42.8573, 0.3055, 0.3359**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 42.8573, 0.3055, 0.3359.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 42.8573, 0.3055, 0.3359.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.8573, 0.3055, 0.3359

### Protanopia

42.7961, 0.3197, 0.3331

### Deuteranopia

42.6775, 0.3287, 0.3213



## Tritanopia

43.0496, 0.2956, 0.3115

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.8573, 0.3055, 0.3359

## Protanomaly

42.6372, 0.3143, 0.3331

## Deuteranomaly

42.5061, 0.3200, 0.3264

## Tritanomaly

43.0787, 0.2994, 0.3208

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.8573, 0.3055, 0.3359

## Achromatopsia

42.3268, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

42.3739, 0.3100, 0.3304

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 42.8573, 0.3055, 0.3359 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(165, 178, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(165, 178, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 178, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(165, 178, 173) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 42.8573, 0.3055, 0.3359 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(165, 178, 173) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(165, 178, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(165, 178, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(165, 178, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 178, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 178,  
173) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to  $\text{Yxy } 42.8573, 0.3055, 0.3359$  is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(165, 178, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(165,  
178, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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