

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(42.7938, 0.4185, 0.5059)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(42.7938, 0.4185, 0.5059)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(42.7510, 0.4184, 0.5060)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B4B500
RGB	180, 181, 0
RGB Percent	71%, 71%, 0%
CMY	0.2940, 0.2902, 1.0000
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 1.00, 0.29
HSL	60°, 100%, 35%
HSV	60°, 100%, 71%
XYZ	35.3498, 42.7510, 6.3873
YIQ	160.0670, 57.5050, -56.5030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

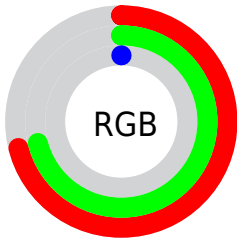
Format	Color
RYB	0, 181, 1
Decimal	11842816
CIELab	71.39, -17.09, 72.95
CIElCh	71, 74.929, 103.184
Yxy	42.7510, 0.4184, 0.5060
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290032896 (0xFFB4B500)
YUV	160.0670, -78.9130, 17.4812
Hunter-Lab	65.3842, -17.9168, 39.9770

Details

The Yxy color **42.7510, 0.4184, 0.5060** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC33**. A complement of this color would be **3.3424, 0.1502, 0.0601**, and the grayscale version is **35.5402, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.4836, 0.4055, 0.4789**, and **19.9115, 0.4115, 0.5115** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.7531, 0.4184, 0.5060**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42.8088, 0.4162, 0.5021**.

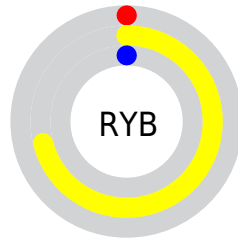
Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (71%)

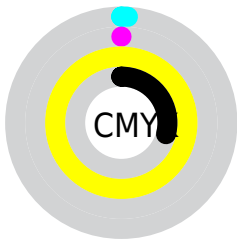
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (0%)

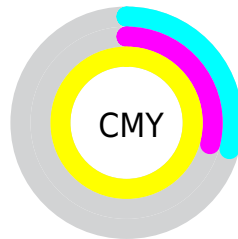


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (29%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 42.7510, 0.4184, 0.5060 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 42.7510, 0.4184, 0.5060 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

42.7510, 0.4184,
0.5060

42.7510, 0.4184,
0.5060

357.5868, 0.3749,
0.4221

29.6898, 0.4243,
0.5227

79.3350, 0.4060,
0.4782

19.6033, 0.4287,
0.5410

103.6265, 0.4002,
0.4668

12.1070, 0.4340,
0.5660

132.4303, 0.3950,
0.4569

6.8166, 0.4224,
0.5776

166.1308, 0.3901,
0.4482

3.3477, 0.4044,
0.5956

205.1122, 0.3858,
0.4405

1.3158, 0.3724,
0.6276

249.7591, 0.3818,

0.1534, 0.0000,

0.4336

1.0000

300.4558, 0.3782,
0.4276

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 42.7510, 0.4184,
0.5060

■ 42.7510, 0.4184,
0.5060

■ 42.7531, 0.4184,
0.5060

■ 42.8088, 0.4162,
0.5021

■ 42.9051, 0.4119,
0.4948

■ 43.0575, 0.4051,
0.4833

■ 43.2732, 0.3959,
0.4677

■ 43.5585, 0.3844,
0.4485

■ 43.9191, 0.3713,
0.4266

■ 44.3599, 0.3570,
0.4027

■ 44.8853, 0.3422,
0.3780

■ 45.4997, 0.3273,
0.3532

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.7510, 0.4929, 0.4384



42.7510, 0.4184, 0.5060



42.7510, 0.3234, 0.5278

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.7510, 0.4184, 0.5060



42.7510, 0.1409, 0.2372



42.7510, 0.3788, 0.2362

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.7510, 0.4184, 0.5060



3.3424, 0.1502, 0.0601

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.7510, 0.2707, 0.1942



42.7510, 0.4184, 0.5060



42.7510, 0.1502, 0.1888

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.7510, 0.4184, 0.5060



42.7510, 0.1660, 0.3332



42.7510, 0.1923, 0.1771



42.7510, 0.4789, 0.2963

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.7510, 0.4184, 0.5060



42.7510, 0.2596, 0.4909



42.7510, 0.1923, 0.1771



42.7510, 0.3411, 0.2198

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.7531, 0.4184, 0.5060



79.4058, 0.3577, 0.4040



9.8236, 0.6401, 0.3300



17.0885, 0.3637, 0.4140



91.1408, 0.3127, 0.3290



17.8868, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.7531, 0.4184, 0.5060



76.5676, 0.4184, 0.5060



35.2460, 0.3367, 0.5709



9.9043, 0.3262, 0.3515



29.4747, 0.4184, 0.5060



0.9281, 0.4187, 0.5058

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3.3424, 0.1502, 0.0601



5.9832, 0.1501, 0.0601



5.5349, 0.2025, 0.0889



8.2323, 0.2986, 0.3055



2.3052, 0.1502, 0.0601



0.0733, 0.1511, 0.0606

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 42.7510, 0.4184, 0.5060 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 42.7510, 0.4184, 0.5060 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 42.7510, 0.4184, 0.5060

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 42.7510, 0.4184, 0.5060.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 42.7510, 0.4184, 0.5060.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

42.7510, 0.4184, 0.5060

Protanopia

42.5303, 0.4405, 0.4884

Deuteranopia

42.7284, 0.4673, 0.4573



Tritanopia

42.5479, 0.3236, 0.3123

Trichromacy



Original Color

42.7510, 0.4184, 0.5060

Protanomaly

42.5206, 0.4328, 0.4946

Deuteranomaly

42.2913, 0.4507, 0.4750

Tritanomaly

41.8163, 0.3771, 0.4066

Monochromacy



Original Color

42.7510, 0.4184, 0.5060

Achromatopsia

35.1533, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

37.1801, 0.3693, 0.4246

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 42.7510, 0.4184, 0.5060 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 181, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 181, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 181, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 181, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 42.7510, 0.4184, 0.5060 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 181, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 181, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 181, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 181, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 181, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 181,  
0) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 42.7510, 0.4184, 0.5060 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 181, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
181, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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