

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(42.9156, 0.3216, 0.3100)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(42.9156, 0.3216, 0.3100)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(43.0013, 0.3217, 0.3111)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C0A9B7
RGB	192, 169, 183
RGB Percent	75%, 66%, 72%
CMY	0.2472, 0.3372, 0.2824
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.05, 0.25
HSL	323°, 15%, 71%
HSV	323°, 12%, 75%
XYZ	44.4665, 43.0013, 50.7556
YIQ	177.4730, 9.2140, 9.2300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

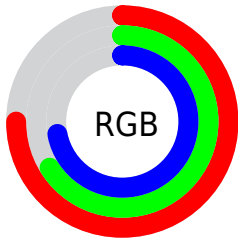
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	192, 169, 183
Decimal	12626359
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	71.56, 10.76, -4.12
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	72, 11.516, 339.062
Yxy	43.0013, 0.3217, 0.3111
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290816439 (0xFFC0A9B7)
YUV	177.4730, 2.7248, 12.7402
Hunter-Lab	65.5754, 6.2834, 0.0120

# Details

The Yxy color **43.0013, 0.3217, 0.3111** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **49.3342, 0.3047, 0.3476**, and the grayscale version is **44.2090, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.4998, 0.3197, 0.3140**, and **19.7376, 0.3239, 0.3063** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.0723, 0.3308, 0.2954**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.9993, 0.3141, 0.3262**.

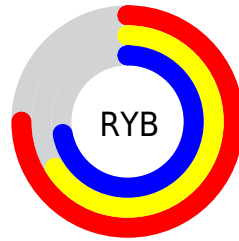
# Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (66%)

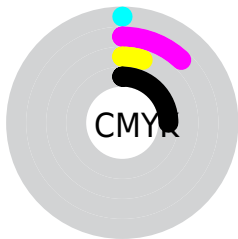
Blue (72%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (72%)

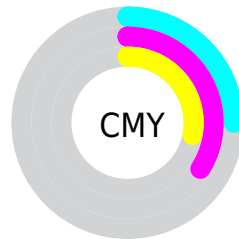


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (34%)


Yellow (28%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 43.0013, 0.3217, 0.3111 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 43.0013, 0.3217, 0.3111 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 43.0013, 0.3217,  
0.3111


 43.0013, 0.3217,  
0.3111


358.6171, 0.3172,  
0.3201

 29.8861, 0.3228,  
0.3089


 79.7128, 0.3201,  
0.3144

 19.7522, 0.3243,  
0.3060


 104.0780, 0.3195,  
0.3156

 12.2150, 0.3262,  
0.3022


132.9619, 0.3189,  
0.3166

 6.8903, 0.3289,  
0.2968

166.7490, 0.3185,  
0.3175

 3.3936, 0.3329,  
0.2888

205.8237, 0.3181,  
0.3183

 1.3405, 0.3396,  
0.2755

250.5703, 0.3178,

 0.1722, 0.3970,

0.3189

0.1604

301.3733, 0.3175,  
0.3195

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

43.0013, 0.3217,  
0.3111

43.0013, 0.3217,  
0.3111

36.0723, 0.3308,  
0.2954

50.9993, 0.3141,  
0.3262

30.1610, 0.3415,  
0.2794

60.1037, 0.3077,  
0.3403

25.2201, 0.3539,  
0.2637

70.3570, 0.3023,  
0.3535

21.1964, 0.3681,  
0.2491

81.7977, 0.2979,  
0.3657

18.0315, 0.3839,  
0.2366

87.9155, 0.2940,  
0.3668

■ 15.6603, 0.4010,  
0.2273

■ 88.3230, 0.2900,  
0.3583

■ 14.0083, 0.4188,  
0.2223

■ 88.7486, 0.2861,  
0.3500

■ 12.9864, 0.4365,  
0.2225

■ 89.1925, 0.2823,  
0.3418

■ 12.4855, 0.4506,  
0.2256

■ 89.6549, 0.2785,  
0.3337

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.0013, 0.3049, 0.3030



43.0013, 0.3217, 0.3111



43.0013, 0.3364, 0.3237

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.0013, 0.3217, 0.3111



43.0013, 0.3349, 0.3574



43.0013, 0.2819, 0.3187

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.0013, 0.3217, 0.3111



49.3342, 0.3047, 0.3476

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



43.0013, 0.2895, 0.3338



43.0013, 0.3217, 0.3111



43.0013, 0.3199, 0.3567

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.0013, 0.3217, 0.3111



43.0013, 0.3440, 0.3504



43.0013, 0.3033, 0.3480



43.0013, 0.2823, 0.3069



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.0013, 0.3217, 0.3111



43.0013, 0.3428, 0.3332



43.0013, 0.3033, 0.3480



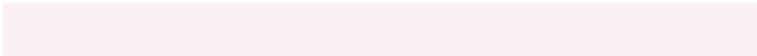
43.0013, 0.2836, 0.3235

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.0032, 0.3217, 0.3111



89.2227, 0.3156, 0.3230



41.6296, 0.3016, 0.2988



18.8970, 0.3161, 0.3219



97.7402, 0.3127, 0.3290



20.4902, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.0032, 0.3217, 0.3111



74.9323, 0.3236, 0.3076



42.5511, 0.3316, 0.3256



10.1787, 0.3196, 0.3151



8.4205, 0.4485, 0.2245



0.3770, 0.4129, 0.2048



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.0032, 0.3217, 0.3111



74.9323, 0.3236, 0.3076



49.8072, 0.2965, 0.3325



10.1787, 0.3196, 0.3151



8.4205, 0.4485, 0.2245



0.3770, 0.4129, 0.2048



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 43.0013, 0.3217, 0.3111 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

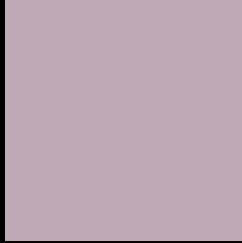
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 43.0013, 0.3217, 0.3111 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

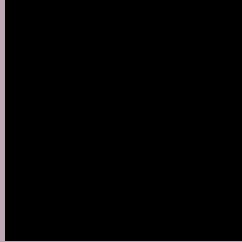
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 43.0013, 0.3217, 0.3111**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 43.0013, 0.3217, 0.3111.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 43.0013, 0.3217, 0.3111.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

43.0013, 0.3217, 0.3111

### Protanopia

42.9312, 0.3039, 0.3130

### Deuteranopia

42.9872, 0.3189, 0.3122



## Tritanopia

42.9598, 0.3226, 0.3123

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

43.0013, 0.3217, 0.3111

## Protanomaly

42.8316, 0.3100, 0.3119

## Deuteranomaly

43.1155, 0.3198, 0.3123

## Tritanomaly

42.9598, 0.3226, 0.3123

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

43.0013, 0.3217, 0.3111

## Achromatopsia

43.9657, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

43.4719, 0.3157, 0.3224

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 43.0013, 0.3217, 0.3111 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 169, 183)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 169, 183)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 169, 183) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 169, 183) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 43.0013, 0.3217, 0.3111 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 169, 183) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 169, 183) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 169, 183)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 169, 183); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 169, 183);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 169,  
183) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 43.0013, 0.3217, 0.3111 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 169, 183) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
169, 183) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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