

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(43.0225, 0.2002, 0.2405)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(43.0225, 0.2002, 0.2405)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(43.1286, 0.2002, 0.2407)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00BCFE
RGB	0, 188, 254
RGB Percent	0%, 74%, 100%
CMY	1.0000, 0.2627, 0.0040
CMYK	1.00, 0.26, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	196°, 100%, 50%
HSV	196°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	35.8718, 43.1286, 100.1795
YIQ	139.3120, -133.2340, -19.3300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

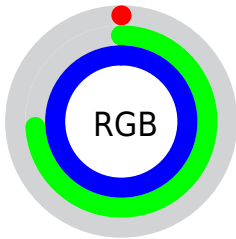
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 108, 254
Decimal	48382
CIELab	71.64, -16.43, -43.42
CIElCh	72, 46.422, 249.266
Yxy	43.1286, 0.2002, 0.2407
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278238462 (0xFF00BCFE)
YUV	139.3120, 56.5412, -122.1766
Hunter-Lab	65.6724, -17.4257, -44.4729

# Details

The Yxy color **43.1286, 0.2002, 0.2407** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCFF**. The color can be described as middle saturated azure. A complement of this color would be **24.9576, 0.6087, 0.3549**, and the grayscale version is **25.7659, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.4321, 0.2396, 0.3159**, and **21.3592, 0.1951, 0.2224** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.1302, 0.2002, 0.2407**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46.2251, 0.2043, 0.2504**.

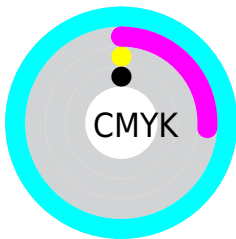
# Distribution



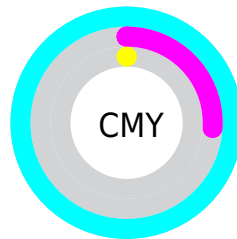
- Red (0%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 43.1286, 0.2002, 0.2407 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 43.1286, 0.2002, 0.2407 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 43.1286, 0.2002,  
0.2407


 43.1286, 0.2002,  
0.2407


 359.1404, 0.2536,  
0.2848


 29.9860, 0.1880,  
0.2301


 79.9049, 0.2188,  
0.2565


 19.8280, 0.1732,  
0.2168


 104.3074, 0.2260,  
0.2625


 12.2701, 0.1547,  
0.1998


 133.2320, 0.2323,  
0.2676

 6.9279, 0.1315,  
0.1777

 167.0631, 0.2377,  
0.2720

 3.4170, 0.1022,  
0.1481

 206.1851, 0.2424,  
0.2759

 1.3531, 0.0661,  
0.1086

 250.9824, 0.2466,

 0.1818, 0.0000,

0.2792

0.0321

301.8393, 0.2503,  
0.2822

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 43.1286, 0.2002,  
0.2407

■ 43.1286, 0.2002,  
0.2407

■ 43.1302, 0.2002,  
0.2407

■ 46.2251, 0.2043,  
0.2504

■ 49.7255, 0.2102,  
0.2602

■ 53.7171, 0.2181,  
0.2700

■ 58.2531, 0.2280,  
0.2798

■ 63.3780, 0.2396,  
0.2893

■ 69.1311, 0.2527,  
0.2984

■ 75.5477, 0.2669,  
0.3070

■ 82.6601, 0.2818,  
0.3150

■ 90.4981, 0.2972,  
0.3223

# Harmonies

## Analogous

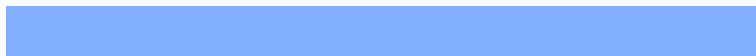
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.1286, 0.1978, 0.2809



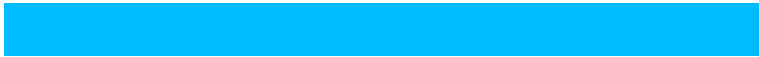
43.1286, 0.2002, 0.2407



43.1286, 0.2282, 0.2264

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.1286, 0.2002, 0.2407



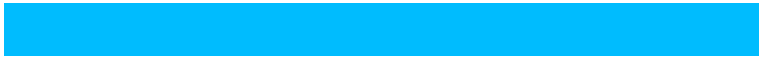
43.1286, 0.4091, 0.3053



43.1286, 0.3347, 0.4489

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.1286, 0.2002, 0.2407



24.9576, 0.6087, 0.3549

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



43.1286, 0.3955, 0.4418



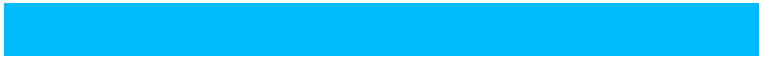
43.1286, 0.2002, 0.2407



43.1286, 0.4431, 0.3549

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.1286, 0.2002, 0.2407



43.1286, 0.3465, 0.2631



43.1286, 0.4365, 0.4042



43.1286, 0.2712, 0.4116



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.1286, 0.2002, 0.2407



43.1286, 0.2602, 0.2298



43.1286, 0.4365, 0.4042



43.1286, 0.3561, 0.4512

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.1302, 0.2002, 0.2407



76.2376, 0.2669, 0.3070



71.2333, 0.2927, 0.5736



15.7156, 0.2608, 0.3034



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

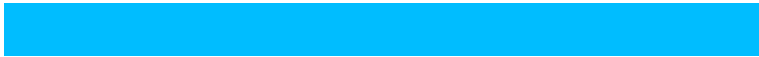


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.1302, 0.2002, 0.2407



43.5205, 0.2002, 0.2407



10.7643, 0.1572, 0.0859



19.6360, 0.2980, 0.3227



22.9953, 0.2006, 0.2423



2.4160, 0.2037, 0.2534



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.6982, 0.4016, 0.1986



24.9246, 0.4016, 0.1986



58.1027, 0.4729, 0.4627



18.2151, 0.3178, 0.3116



13.0494, 0.4000, 0.1977



1.2884, 0.3889, 0.1916



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 43.1286, 0.2002, 0.2407 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

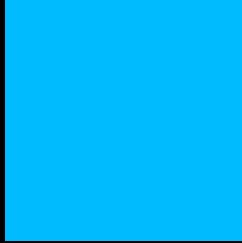
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 43.1286, 0.2002, 0.2407 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

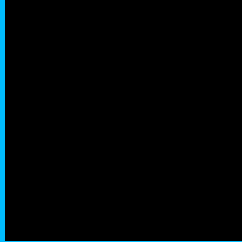
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

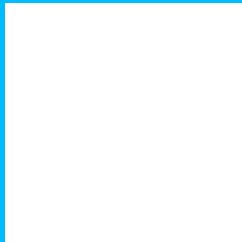
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 43.1286, 0.2002, 0.2407**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 43.1286, 0.2002, 0.2407.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 43.1286, 0.2002, 0.2407.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

43.1222, 0.2002, 0.2406

### Protanopia

42.6282, 0.2493, 0.2428

### Deuteranopia

42.6826, 0.2342, 0.2282



## Tritanopia

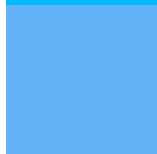
43.1376, 0.2188, 0.3077

# Trichromacy



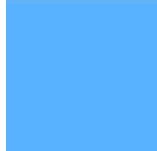
## Original Color

43.1222, 0.2002, 0.2406



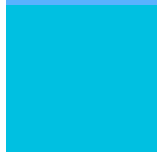
## Protanomaly

41.0360, 0.2184, 0.2391



## Deuteranomaly

41.1846, 0.2118, 0.2290



## Tritanomaly

43.1355, 0.2114, 0.2811

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

43.1222, 0.2002, 0.2406



## Achromatopsia

25.8183, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

29.5248, 0.2393, 0.2892

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 43.1286, 0.2002, 0.2407 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 188, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 188, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 188, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 188, 254) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 43.1286, 0.2002, 0.2407 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 188, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 188, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 188, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 188, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 188, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 188,  
254) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 43.1286, 0.2002, 0.2407 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 188, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 188,  
254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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