

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(43.1932, 0.3254, 0.3015)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(43.1932, 0.3254, 0.3015)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(43.1826, 0.3250, 0.3016)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C8A6BC
RGB	200, 166, 188
RGB Percent	78%, 65%, 74%
CMY	0.2157, 0.3490, 0.2627
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.06, 0.22
HSL	321°, 24%, 72%
HSV	321°, 17%, 78%
XYZ	46.5330, 43.1826, 53.4628
YIQ	178.6740, 13.2020, 14.0500

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

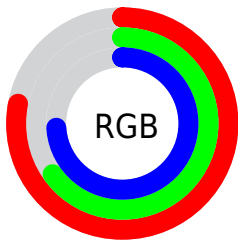
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	200, 166, 188
Decimal	13149884
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	71.68, 16.15, -6.61
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	72, 17.450, 337.730
Yxy	43.1826, 0.3250, 0.3016
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291339964 (0xFFC8A6BC)
YUV	178.6740, 4.5977, 18.7029
Hunter-Lab	65.7135, 11.4007, -2.2374

# Details

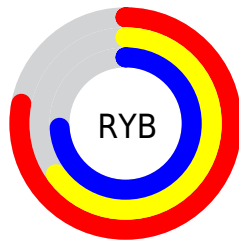
The Yxy color **43.1826, 0.3250, 0.3016** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **52.6302, 0.3022, 0.3581**, and the grayscale version is **44.8677, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.5046, 0.3215, 0.3064**, and **19.8949, 0.3284, 0.2937** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.1727, 0.3340, 0.2847**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.3419, 0.3173, 0.3180**.

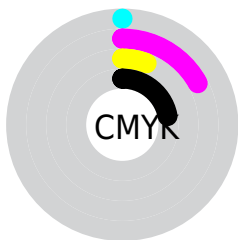
# Distribution



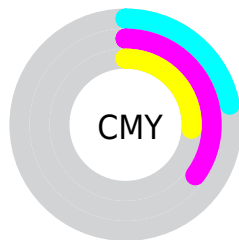
- Red (78%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (22%)




- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (26%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 43.1826, 0.3250, 0.3016 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 43.1826, 0.3250, 0.3016 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 43.1826, 0.3250,  
0.3016

 43.1826, 0.3250,  
0.3016


359.3622, 0.3189,  
0.3152

 30.0284, 0.3265,  
0.2982


 79.9863, 0.3228,  
0.3065

 19.8602, 0.3284,  
0.2940


 104.4047, 0.3220,  
0.3084

 12.2934, 0.3309,  
0.2883


133.3465, 0.3213,  
0.3099

 6.9438, 0.3344,  
0.2804

167.1963, 0.3207,  
0.3113

 3.4270, 0.3396,  
0.2689

206.3383, 0.3202,  
0.3124

 1.3585, 0.3479,  
0.2501

251.1571, 0.3197,

 0.1858, 0.4016,

0.3135

0.1308

302.0369, 0.3193,  
0.3144

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

43.1826, 0.3250,  
0.3016

43.1826, 0.3250,  
0.3016

36.1727, 0.3340,  
0.2847

51.3419, 0.3173,  
0.3180

30.2541, 0.3445,  
0.2679

60.6939, 0.3109,  
0.3336

25.3724, 0.3565,  
0.2517

71.2864, 0.3055,  
0.3482

21.4662, 0.3700,  
0.2373

83.1632, 0.3010,  
0.3618

18.4673, 0.3846,  
0.2255

89.1424, 0.2972,  
0.3632

■ 16.2989, 0.4001,  
0.2176

■ 89.5316, 0.2934,  
0.3554

■ 14.8713, 0.4157,  
0.2145

■ 89.9369, 0.2896,  
0.3477

■ 14.0637, 0.4311,  
0.2164

■ 90.3584, 0.2859,  
0.3401

■ 13.8762, 0.4358,  
0.2174

■ 90.7964, 0.2823,  
0.3326

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.1826, 0.2997, 0.2900



43.1826, 0.3250, 0.3016



43.1826, 0.3477, 0.3199

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.1826, 0.3250, 0.3016



43.1826, 0.3469, 0.3719



43.1826, 0.2668, 0.3138

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.1826, 0.3250, 0.3016



52.6302, 0.3022, 0.3581

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



43.1826, 0.2784, 0.3371



43.1826, 0.3250, 0.3016



43.1826, 0.3243, 0.3719

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.1826, 0.3250, 0.3016



43.1826, 0.3605, 0.3601



43.1826, 0.2993, 0.3590



43.1826, 0.2669, 0.2961



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.1826, 0.3250, 0.3016



43.1826, 0.3579, 0.3339



43.1826, 0.2993, 0.3590



43.1826, 0.2694, 0.3213

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.1845, 0.3250, 0.3016



91.8469, 0.3160, 0.3211



40.8976, 0.2953, 0.2848



19.4230, 0.3165, 0.3199



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.1845, 0.3250, 0.3016



70.5606, 0.3278, 0.2961



42.4976, 0.3402, 0.3226



10.7506, 0.3191, 0.3142



8.8405, 0.4337, 0.2163



0.4320, 0.4044, 0.2001



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.1845, 0.3250, 0.3016



70.5606, 0.3278, 0.2961



53.3515, 0.2907, 0.3355



10.7506, 0.3191, 0.3142



8.8405, 0.4337, 0.2163



0.4320, 0.4044, 0.2001



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 43.1826, 0.3250, 0.3016 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

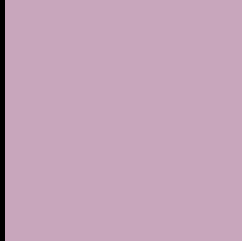
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 43.1826, 0.3250, 0.3016 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

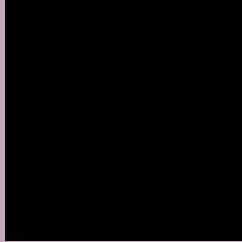
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 43.1826, 0.3250, 0.3016**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 43.1826, 0.3250, 0.3016.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 43.1826, 0.3250, 0.3016.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

43.1826, 0.3250, 0.3016

### Protanopia

43.5089, 0.2975, 0.3053

### Deuteranopia

43.4050, 0.3146, 0.3084



## Tritanopia

43.0748, 0.3310, 0.3126

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

43.1826, 0.3250, 0.3016

## Protanomaly

43.3339, 0.3068, 0.3044

## Deuteranomaly

43.1703, 0.3183, 0.3061

## Tritanomaly

43.1984, 0.3284, 0.3089

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

43.1826, 0.3250, 0.3016

## Achromatopsia

45.0786, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

44.2143, 0.3176, 0.3187

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 43.1826, 0.3250, 0.3016 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 166, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 166, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 166, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 166, 188) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 43.1826, 0.3250, 0.3016 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 166, 188) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 166, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(200, 166, 188)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 166, 188); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 166, 188);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 166,  
188) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 43.1826, 0.3250, 0.3016 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 166, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
166, 188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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