

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(43.2330, 0.3050, 0.3409)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(43.2330, 0.3050, 0.3409)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(43.3693, 0.3053, 0.3415)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A3B4AB
RGB	163, 180, 171
RGB Percent	64%, 71%, 67%
CMY	0.3609, 0.2941, 0.3294
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.05, 0.29
HSL	148°, 10%, 67%
HSV	148°, 9%, 71%
XYZ	38.7720, 43.3693, 44.8552
YIQ	173.8910, -7.2430, -6.4030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

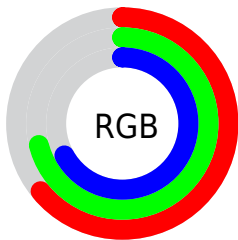
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">163, 175, 180</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10728619</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">71.80, -7.65, 2.57</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">72, 8.070, 161.412</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">43.3693, 0.3053, 0.3415</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288918699</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFA3B4AB</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">173.8910, -1.4253, -9.5514</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">65.8554, -10.1559, 5.7154</a>

# Details

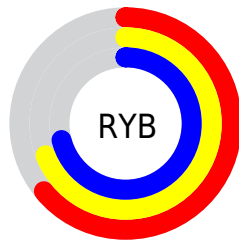
The Yxy color **43.3693, 0.3053, 0.3415** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **38.8679, 0.3209, 0.3168**, and the grayscale version is **42.2776, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80.3873, 0.3069, 0.3397**, and **19.8902, 0.3027, 0.3445** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.2545, 0.2976, 0.3562**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.7844, 0.3131, 0.3283**.

# Distribution



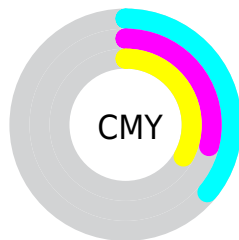
- Red (64%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (29%)




- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (33%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 43.3693, 0.3053, 0.3415 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 43.3693, 0.3053, 0.3415 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 43.3693, 0.3053,  
0.3415


 43.3693, 0.3053,  
0.3415


360.1283, 0.3091,  
0.3351

 30.1750, 0.3043,  
0.3431


 80.2679, 0.3067,  
0.3392

 19.9714, 0.3031,  
0.3453


 104.7409, 0.3072,  
0.3383

 12.3743, 0.3014,  
0.3482


133.7423, 0.3076,  
0.3375

 6.9991, 0.2989,  
0.3523

167.6564, 0.3080,  
0.3369

 3.4615, 0.2952,  
0.3587

206.8677, 0.3083,  
0.3364

 1.3772, 0.2886,  
0.3700

251.7605, 0.3086,

 0.1998, 0.0132,

0.3359

0.8301

302.7192, 0.3089,  
0.3355

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

43.3693, 0.3053,  
0.3415

43.3693, 0.3053,  
0.3415

41.2545, 0.2976,  
0.3562

45.7844, 0.3131,  
0.3283

39.4225, 0.2904,  
0.3725

48.5055, 0.3210,  
0.3166

37.8626, 0.2839,  
0.3902

51.5451, 0.3287,  
0.3063

36.5608, 0.2783,  
0.4093

54.9132, 0.3362,  
0.2973

35.5023, 0.2741,  
0.4293

58.6196, 0.3434,  
0.2894

■ 34.6704, 0.2715,  
0.4499

■ 59.5155, 0.3372,  
0.2803

■ 34.0464, 0.2708,  
0.4704

■ 60.0593, 0.3295,  
0.2713

■ 33.6083, 0.2721,  
0.4903

■ 60.6328, 0.3221,  
0.2626

■ 33.3141, 0.2749,  
0.5091

■ 61.1270, 0.3162,  
0.2556

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.3693, 0.3169, 0.3479



43.3693, 0.3053, 0.3415



43.3693, 0.2958, 0.3316

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.3693, 0.3053, 0.3415



43.3693, 0.2979, 0.3095



43.3693, 0.3351, 0.3362

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.3693, 0.3053, 0.3415



38.8679, 0.3209, 0.3168

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



43.3693, 0.3298, 0.3262



43.3693, 0.3053, 0.3415



43.3693, 0.3082, 0.3109

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.3693, 0.3053, 0.3415



43.3693, 0.2916, 0.3131



43.3693, 0.3199, 0.3170



43.3693, 0.3343, 0.3446



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.3693, 0.3053, 0.3415



43.3693, 0.2919, 0.3245



43.3693, 0.3199, 0.3170



43.3693, 0.3340, 0.3329

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.3711, 0.3053, 0.3415



81.3729, 0.3103, 0.3329



44.0680, 0.3195, 0.3524



17.5110, 0.3097, 0.3339



91.1408, 0.3127, 0.3290



17.8868, 0.3127, 0.3290

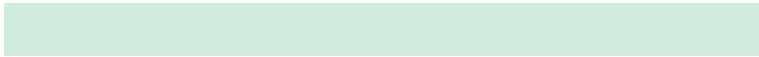


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.3711, 0.3053, 0.3415



77.9310, 0.3040, 0.3439



43.7035, 0.2988, 0.3297



9.5545, 0.3054, 0.3413



23.2513, 0.2744, 0.5078



0.7434, 0.2594, 0.4540



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.8679, 0.3209, 0.3168



68.3918, 0.3225, 0.3145



38.5538, 0.3285, 0.3283



8.5779, 0.3207, 0.3170



7.3652, 0.4808, 0.2422

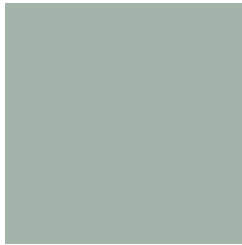


0.2434, 0.4249, 0.2114



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 43.3693, 0.3053, 0.3415 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

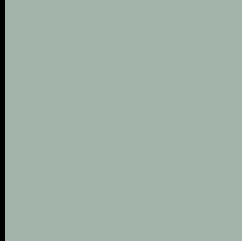
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 43.3693, 0.3053, 0.3415 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

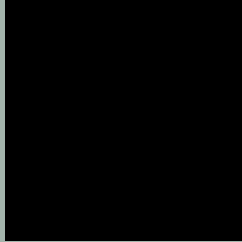
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

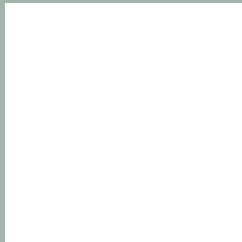
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 43.3693, 0.3053, 0.3415**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 43.3693, 0.3053, 0.3415.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 43.3693, 0.3053, 0.3415.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

43.3693, 0.3053, 0.3415

### Protanopia

43.3109, 0.3239, 0.3384

### Deuteranopia

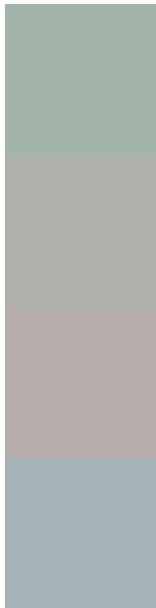
43.2359, 0.3322, 0.3252



## Tritanopia

43.3129, 0.2925, 0.3101

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

43.3693, 0.3053, 0.3415

## Protanomaly

43.3075, 0.3166, 0.3399

## Deuteranomaly

43.3179, 0.3224, 0.3317

## Tritanomaly

43.3008, 0.2970, 0.3208

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

43.3693, 0.3053, 0.3415

## Achromatopsia

42.3268, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

42.6138, 0.3099, 0.3331

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 43.3693, 0.3053, 0.3415 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 180, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 180, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 180, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 180, 171) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 43.3693, 0.3053, 0.3415 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 180, 171) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 180, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 180, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 180, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 180, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 180,  
171) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 43.3693, 0.3053, 0.3415 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 180, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163,  
180, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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