

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(44.1520, 0.3898, 0.2902)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(44.1520, 0.3898, 0.2902)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(44.2002, 0.3899, 0.2906)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF8FB4
RGB	255, 143, 180
RGB Percent	100%, 56%, 71%
CMY	0.0000, 0.4392, 0.2940
CMYK	0.00, 0.44, 0.29, 0.00
HSL	340°, 100%, 78%
HSV	340°, 44%, 100%
XYZ	59.3037, 44.2002, 48.5959
YIQ	180.7060, 54.8750, 35.2510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

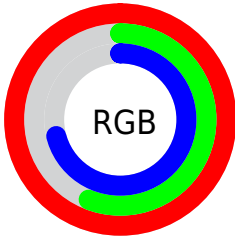
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 143, 180
Decimal	16748468
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	72.36, 46.38, -0.49
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	72, 46.384, 359.390
Yxy	44.2002, 0.3899, 0.2906
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294938548 (0xFFFF8FB4)
YUV	180.7060, -0.3481, 65.1558
Hunter-Lab	66.4832, 42.8781, 3.2003

# Details

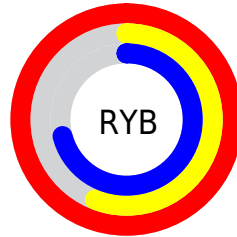
The Yxy color **44.2002, 0.3899, 0.2906** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **82.4207, 0.2700, 0.3725**, and the grayscale version is **46.0218, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68.1630, 0.3290, 0.2920**, and **20.5804, 0.4128, 0.2808** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.7421, 0.4179, 0.2829**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.4860, 0.3662, 0.2994**.

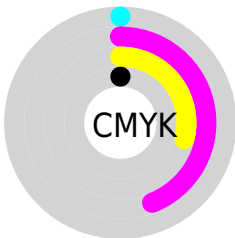
# Distribution



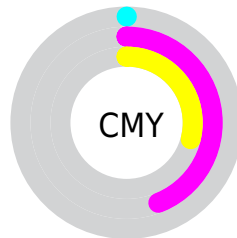
- Red (100%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 44.2002, 0.3899, 0.2906 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 44.2002, 0.3899, 0.2906 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 44.2002, 0.3899,  
0.2906

 44.2002, 0.3899,  
0.2906

363.5246, 0.3511,  
0.3099

 30.8279, 0.3996,  
0.2858


 81.5189, 0.3758,  
0.2976

 20.4679, 0.4121,  
0.2796


 106.2341, 0.3705,  
0.3002

 12.7356, 0.4286,  
0.2714


135.4991, 0.3660,  
0.3025

 7.2467, 0.4517,  
0.2601


169.6983, 0.3622,  
0.3044

 3.6169, 0.4857,  
0.2434

209.2161, 0.3588,  
0.3060

 1.4616, 0.5403,  
0.2166

254.4368, 0.3559,

 0.2615, 0.7214,

0.3075

0.1254

305.7448, 0.3534,  
0.3087

0.0000, 1.0000,  
0.0000

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

44.2002, 0.3899,  
0.2906

44.2002, 0.3899,  
0.2906

36.7421, 0.4179,  
0.2829

53.4860, 0.3662,  
0.2994

30.9859, 0.4498,  
0.2774

64.7073, 0.3465,  
0.3084

26.7950, 0.4845,  
0.2752

77.9676, 0.3304,  
0.3174

24.0099, 0.5198,  
0.2777

93.3617, 0.3172,  
0.3258

■ 22.4361, 0.5524,  
0.2851

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 21.9046, 0.5700,  
0.2914

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.2002, 0.3237, 0.2526



44.2002, 0.3899, 0.2906



44.2002, 0.4351, 0.3383

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



44.2002, 0.3899, 0.2906



44.2002, 0.3556, 0.4501



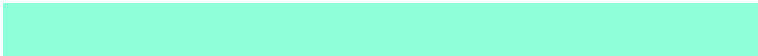
44.2002, 0.1974, 0.2517

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44.2002, 0.3899, 0.2906



82.4207, 0.2700, 0.3725

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



44.2002, 0.2037, 0.3001



44.2002, 0.3899, 0.2906



44.2002, 0.2915, 0.4276

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



44.2002, 0.3899, 0.2906



44.2002, 0.4112, 0.4309



44.2002, 0.2365, 0.3674



44.2002, 0.2170, 0.2292



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44.2002, 0.3899, 0.2906



44.2002, 0.4442, 0.3718



44.2002, 0.2365, 0.3674



44.2002, 0.1966, 0.2650

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44.2013, 0.3899, 0.2906



79.2951, 0.3290, 0.3182



41.7193, 0.2862, 0.2106



16.2981, 0.3323, 0.3162



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44.2013, 0.3899, 0.2906



37.3561, 0.4151, 0.2836



48.9668, 0.4208, 0.3489



18.0861, 0.3242, 0.3212



11.4701, 0.5657, 0.2890



1.1360, 0.5339, 0.2715



# Inverse Universe

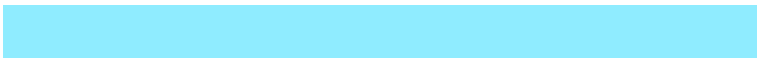
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.2013, 0.3899, 0.2906



37.3561, 0.4151, 0.2836



73.2428, 0.2495, 0.3073



18.0861, 0.3242, 0.3212



11.4701, 0.5657, 0.2890



1.1360, 0.5339, 0.2715



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 44.2002, 0.3899, 0.2906 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

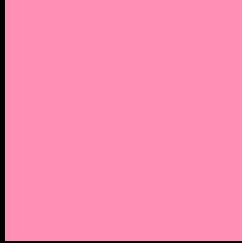
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 44.2002, 0.3899, 0.2906 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 44.2002, 0.3899, 0.2906**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 44.2002, 0.3899, 0.2906.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 44.2002, 0.3899, 0.2906.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

44.2002, 0.3899, 0.2906

### Protanopia

44.6131, 0.2923, 0.2991

### Deuteranopia

44.3360, 0.3320, 0.3252



## Tritanopia

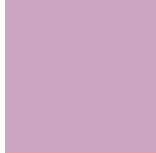
44.2187, 0.4103, 0.3177

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

44.2002, 0.3899, 0.2906



## Protanomaly

43.4570, 0.3235, 0.2946



## Deuteranomaly

43.4158, 0.3519, 0.3099



## Tritanomaly

44.3818, 0.4030, 0.3082

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

44.2002, 0.3899, 0.2906



## Achromatopsia

46.2077, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

44.3835, 0.3385, 0.3119

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 44.2002, 0.3899, 0.2906 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 143, 180)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 143, 180)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 143, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 143, 180) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 44.2002, 0.3899, 0.2906 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 143, 180) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 143, 180) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 143, 180)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 143, 180); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 143, 180);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 143,  
180) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 44.2002, 0.3899, 0.2906 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 143, 180) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
143, 180) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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