

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(44.2107, 0.2186, 0.2379)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(44.2107, 0.2186, 0.2379)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(44.3258, 0.2186, 0.2383)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(44.3258, 0.2186, 0.2383)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	66B8FF
RGB	102, 184, 255
RGB Percent	40%, 72%, 100%
CMY	0.6004, 0.2784, 0.0000
CMYK	0.60, 0.28, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	208°, 100%, 70%
HSV	208°, 60%, 100%
XYZ	40.6614, 44.3258, 101.0212
YIQ	167.5760, -71.6630, 4.6970

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

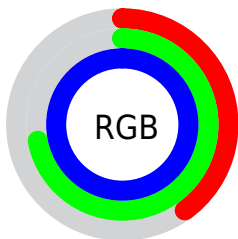
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	102, 155, 255
Decimal	6732031
CIELab	72.45, -4.48, -42.57
CIELCh	72, 42.808, 263.989
Yxy	44.3258, 0.2186, 0.2383
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284922111 (0xFF66B8FF)
YUV	167.5760, 43.1000, -57.5102
Hunter-Lab	66.5776, -7.4942, -43.3590

# Details

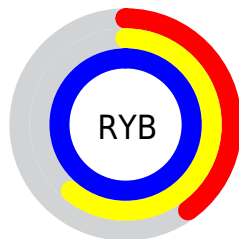
The Yxy color **44.3258, 0.2186, 0.2383** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **52.0616, 0.4500, 0.4001**, and the grayscale version is **38.7411, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77.3267, 0.2596, 0.3121**, and **20.4692, 0.1950, 0.2144** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.3520, 0.2057, 0.2200**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.1709, 0.2331, 0.2562**.

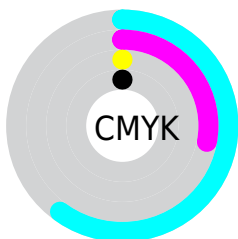
# Distribution



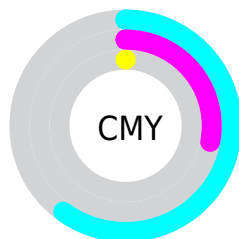
- Red (40%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 44.3258, 0.2186, 0.2383 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 44.3258, 0.2186, 0.2383 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 44.3258, 0.2186,  
0.2383

■ 44.3258, 0.2186,  
0.2383

364.0361, 0.2638,  
0.2825

■ 30.9267, 0.2081,  
0.2279

■ 81.7078, 0.2345,  
0.2539

■ 20.5431, 0.1952,  
0.2150

■ 106.4594, 0.2406,  
0.2599

■ 12.7904, 0.1789,  
0.1986

■ 135.7641, 0.2459,  
0.2651

■ 7.2844, 0.1580,  
0.1774

170.0062, 0.2504,  
0.2695

■ 3.6406, 0.1307,  
0.1493

209.5700, 0.2544,  
0.2734

■ 1.4746, 0.0950,  
0.1118

254.8400, 0.2579,

■ 0.2708, 0.0246,

0.2768

0.0450

306.2006, 0.2610,  
0.2798

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

44.3258, 0.2186,  
0.2383

44.3258, 0.2186,  
0.2383

38.3520, 0.2057,  
0.2200

51.1709, 0.2331,  
0.2562

33.1916, 0.1947,  
0.2017

58.9307, 0.2487,  
0.2732

28.7838, 0.1861,  
0.1839

67.6501, 0.2648,  
0.2891

25.0456, 0.1797,  
0.1669

77.3692, 0.2810,  
0.3037

88.1253, 0.2971,  
0.3170

99.9538, 0.3127,  
0.3290

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.3258, 0.2045, 0.2641



44.3258, 0.2186, 0.2383



44.3258, 0.2559, 0.2355

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



44.3258, 0.2186, 0.2383



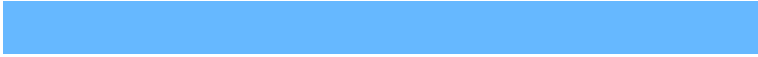
44.3258, 0.4203, 0.3299



44.3258, 0.3042, 0.4259

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44.3258, 0.2186, 0.2383



52.0616, 0.4500, 0.4001

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



44.3258, 0.3634, 0.4398



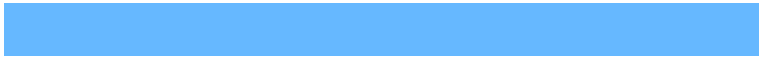
44.3258, 0.2186, 0.2383



44.3258, 0.4338, 0.3768

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



44.3258, 0.2186, 0.2383



44.3258, 0.3738, 0.2862



44.3258, 0.4115, 0.4180

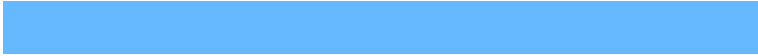


44.3258, 0.2503, 0.3757



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44.3258, 0.2186, 0.2383



44.3258, 0.2917, 0.2450



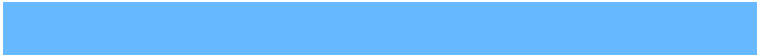
44.3258, 0.4115, 0.4180



44.3258, 0.3241, 0.4351

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44.3272, 0.2186, 0.2383



79.4753, 0.2843, 0.3066



77.2718, 0.2749, 0.4375



16.3699, 0.2796, 0.3025



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44.3272, 0.2186, 0.2383



37.2767, 0.2033, 0.2164



21.0963, 0.1972, 0.1432



18.9915, 0.2979, 0.3177



13.3890, 0.1805, 0.1697



1.5224, 0.1859, 0.1892



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.2054, 0.3961, 0.2480



28.7150, 0.4219, 0.2387



88.9503, 0.4019, 0.4642



18.1500, 0.3210, 0.3163



12.0796, 0.4810, 0.2423



1.1982, 0.4577, 0.2295



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 44.3258, 0.2186, 0.2383 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

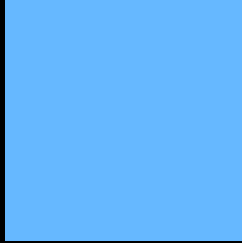
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 44.3258, 0.2186, 0.2383 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

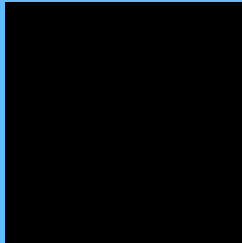
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

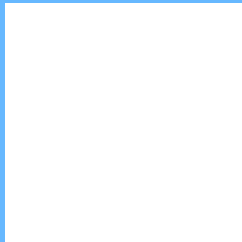
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 44.3258, 0.2186, 0.2383**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 44.3258, 0.2186, 0.2383.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 44.3258, 0.2186, 0.2383.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

44.3258, 0.2186, 0.2383

### Protanopia

43.8575, 0.2470, 0.2394

### Deuteranopia

43.8997, 0.2376, 0.2315



## Tritanopia

44.4433, 0.2338, 0.3070

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

44.3258, 0.2186, 0.2383

## Protanomaly

43.8938, 0.2350, 0.2389

## Deuteranomaly

43.7279, 0.2294, 0.2332

## Tritanomaly

44.3870, 0.2280, 0.2802

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

44.3258, 0.2186, 0.2383

## Achromatopsia

39.1572, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

40.3715, 0.2687, 0.2927

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 44.3258, 0.2186, 0.2383 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(102, 184, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(102, 184, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 184, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(102, 184, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 44.3258, 0.2186, 0.2383 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(102, 184, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(102, 184, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(102, 184, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(102, 184, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 184, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 184,  
255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 44.3258, 0.2186, 0.2383 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(102, 184, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(102,  
184, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor