

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(44.7517, 0.3393, 0.4470)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(44.7517, 0.3393, 0.4470)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(44.8498, 0.3392, 0.4478)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	96BF6D
RGB	150, 191, 109
RGB Percent	59%, 75%, 43%
CMY	0.4116, 0.2510, 0.5726
CMYK	0.21, 0.00, 0.43, 0.25
HSL	90°, 39%, 59%
HSV	90°, 43%, 75%
XYZ	33.9729, 44.8498, 21.3332
YIQ	169.3930, 1.8860, -34.1940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

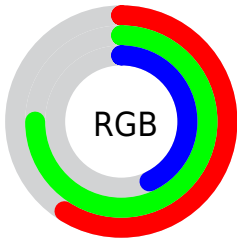
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">109, 191, 150</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9879405</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">72.79, -27.89, 36.93</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">73, 46.276, 127.057</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">44.8498, 0.3392, 0.4478</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288069485</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF96BF6D</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">169.3930, -29.7737, -17.0077</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">66.9700, -26.6471, 27.9922</a>

# Details

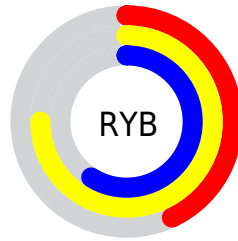
The Yxy color **44.8498, 0.3392, 0.4478** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC66**. A complement of this color would be **21.1791, 0.2729, 0.2106**, and the grayscale version is **40.0344, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.7226, 0.3352, 0.4249**, and **20.7485, 0.3428, 0.4850** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.6152, 0.3432, 0.4772**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46.2515, 0.3339, 0.4181**.

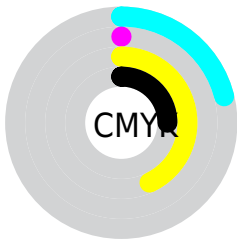
# Distribution



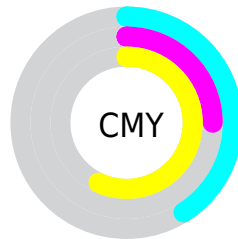
- Red (59%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (25%)




- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (57%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 44.8498, 0.3392, 0.4478 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 44.8498, 0.3392, 0.4478 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 44.8498, 0.3392,  
0.4478

 44.8498, 0.3392,  
0.4478


366.1649, 0.3281,  
0.3856

 31.3391, 0.3410,  
0.4639


 82.4950, 0.3358,  
0.4247

 20.8572, 0.3427,  
0.4849


 107.3983, 0.3343,  
0.4161

 13.0197, 0.3436,  
0.5129

 136.8679, 0.3330,  
0.4090

 7.4421, 0.3422,  
0.5517

 171.2883, 0.3318,  
0.4029

 3.7401, 0.3449,  
0.6273

211.0438, 0.3308,  
0.3976

 1.5293, 0.3032,  
0.6968

256.5188, 0.3298,

 0.3092, 0.0000,

0.3931

1.0000

308.0977, 0.3289,  
0.3891

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 44.8498, 0.3392,  
0.4478

■ 44.8498, 0.3392,  
0.4478

■ 43.6152, 0.3432,  
0.4772

■ 46.2515, 0.3339,  
0.4181

■ 42.5341, 0.3456,  
0.5049

■ 47.8213, 0.3279,  
0.3891

■ 41.6002, 0.3459,  
0.5293

■ 49.5678, 0.3213,  
0.3616


■ 40.8040, 0.3440,  
0.5491


■ 51.4971, 0.3147,  
0.3361


■ 40.1346, 0.3401,  
0.5635

■ 53.6150, 0.3081,  
0.3128

 39.7245, 0.3365,  
0.5710

 55.9271, 0.3017,  
0.2917

 58.4386, 0.2956,  
0.2727

 60.7091, 0.2943,  
0.2621

 62.2983, 0.3013,  
0.2635

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.8498, 0.3982, 0.4382



44.8498, 0.3392, 0.4478



44.8498, 0.2763, 0.4142

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



44.8498, 0.3392, 0.4478



44.8498, 0.2007, 0.2441



44.8498, 0.4038, 0.3024

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44.8498, 0.3392, 0.4478



21.1791, 0.2729, 0.2106

# Split Complementary

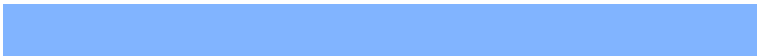
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



44.8498, 0.3410, 0.2614



44.8498, 0.3392, 0.4478



44.8498, 0.2265, 0.2280

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



44.8498, 0.3392, 0.4478



44.8498, 0.2003, 0.2857



44.8498, 0.2758, 0.2350



44.8498, 0.4399, 0.3510



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44.8498, 0.3392, 0.4478



44.8498, 0.2406, 0.3724



44.8498, 0.2758, 0.2350



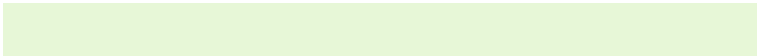
44.8498, 0.3847, 0.2875

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44.8518, 0.3392, 0.4478



88.6885, 0.3215, 0.3623



33.5586, 0.3988, 0.3831



19.3159, 0.3230, 0.3683



97.7402, 0.3127, 0.3290



20.4902, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44.8518, 0.3392, 0.4478



78.1396, 0.3432, 0.4769



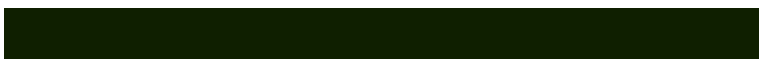
41.7032, 0.3075, 0.4602



10.8778, 0.3190, 0.3522



26.1550, 0.3375, 0.5703



1.0634, 0.3561, 0.5555



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.1791, 0.2729, 0.2106



29.9317, 0.2607, 0.1818



25.5981, 0.3161, 0.2247



9.4532, 0.3060, 0.3058



4.1337, 0.2034, 0.0894



0.2008, 0.2301, 0.1041



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 44.8498, 0.3392, 0.4478 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

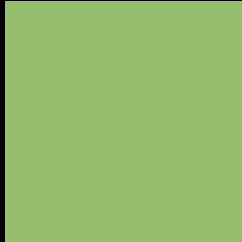
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 44.8498, 0.3392, 0.4478 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 44.8498, 0.3392, 0.4478**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 44.8498, 0.3392, 0.4478.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 44.8498, 0.3392, 0.4478.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

44.8498, 0.3392, 0.4478

### Protanopia

44.4424, 0.3902, 0.4237

### Deuteranopia

44.4114, 0.4059, 0.3967



## Tritanopia

44.6693, 0.2866, 0.3102

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

44.8498, 0.3392, 0.4478

## Protanomaly

44.4913, 0.3708, 0.4327

## Deuteranomaly

44.0870, 0.3800, 0.4154

## Tritanomaly

44.6474, 0.3064, 0.3585

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

44.8498, 0.3392, 0.4478

## Achromatopsia

39.6755, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

41.2322, 0.3239, 0.3722

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to  $Yxy$  44.8498, 0.3392, 0.4478 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 191, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 191, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 191, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 191, 109) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 44.8498, 0.3392, 0.4478 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 191, 109) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 191, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 191, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 191, 109); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 191, 109);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 191,  
109) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 44.8498, 0.3392, 0.4478 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 191, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
191, 109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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