

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(45.0410, 0.2840, 0.3093)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(45.0410, 0.2840, 0.3093)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(44.9607, 0.2837, 0.3088)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A0B6C5
RGB	160, 182, 197
RGB Percent	63%, 71%, 77%
CMY	0.3725, 0.2863, 0.2274
CMYK	0.19, 0.08, 0.00, 0.23
HSL	204°, 24%, 70%
HSV	204°, 19%, 77%
XYZ	41.3062, 44.9607, 59.3312
YIQ	177.1320, -17.9270, 0.0010

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

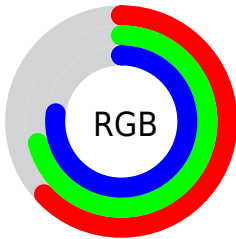
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">160, 174, 197</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10532549</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">72.87, -4.31, -10.14</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">73, 11.019, 246.953</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">44.9607, 0.2837, 0.3088</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288722629</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFA0B6C5</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">177.1320, 9.7949, -15.0248</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">67.0527, -7.3818, -5.5255</a>

# Details

The Yxy color **44.9607, 0.2837, 0.3088** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **45.0816, 0.3455, 0.3484**, and the grayscale version is **43.9964, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.7519, 0.2887, 0.3123**, and **20.8718, 0.2757, 0.3030** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39.9085, 0.2680, 0.2964**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.5254, 0.2993, 0.3201**.

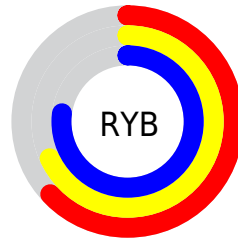
# Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (71%)

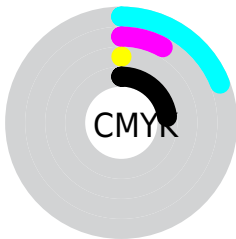
Blue (77%)



Red (63%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (77%)

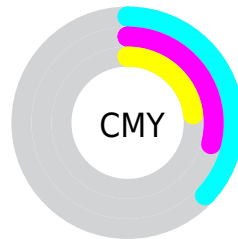


Cyan (19%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (29%)


Yellow (23%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 44.9607, 0.2837, 0.3088 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 44.9607, 0.2837, 0.3088 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 44.9607, 0.2837,  
0.3088

 44.9607, 0.2837,  
0.3088


366.6144, 0.2982,  
0.3190

 31.4265, 0.2801,  
0.3062

 82.6614, 0.2890,  
0.3125

 20.9238, 0.2755,  
0.3029


 107.5967, 0.2909,  
0.3139

 13.0683, 0.2694,  
0.2984


137.1012, 0.2926,  
0.3151

 7.4756, 0.2608,  
0.2920

171.5592, 0.2940,  
0.3161

 3.7613, 0.2482,  
0.2824

211.3551, 0.2953,  
0.3170

 1.5409, 0.2277,  
0.2664

256.8733, 0.2964,

 0.3173, 0.1249,

0.3178

0.2020

308.4983, 0.2973,  
0.3184

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

44.9607, 0.2837,  
0.3088

44.9607, 0.2837,  
0.3088

39.9085, 0.2680,  
0.2964

50.5254, 0.2993,  
0.3201

35.3449, 0.2526,  
0.2830

56.6140, 0.3146,  
0.3302

31.2524, 0.2378,  
0.2687

63.2448, 0.3293,  
0.3392

27.6098, 0.2241,  
0.2536

70.4331, 0.3434,  
0.3472

24.3939, 0.2118,  
0.2380

77.5196, 0.3541,  
0.3545

■ 21.5789, 0.2014,  
0.2222

■ 81.8670, 0.3524,  
0.3624

■ 19.1348, 0.1931,  
0.2067

■ 86.4184, 0.3507,  
0.3701

■ 17.0142, 0.1868,  
0.1915

■ 91.1766, 0.3490,  
0.3777

■ 16.7698, 0.1860,  
0.1897

■ 96.1441, 0.3474,  
0.3850

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.9607, 0.2839, 0.3202



44.9607, 0.2837, 0.3088



44.9607, 0.2911, 0.3031

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



44.9607, 0.2837, 0.3088



44.9607, 0.3342, 0.3231



44.9607, 0.3206, 0.3554

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44.9607, 0.2837, 0.3088



45.0816, 0.3455, 0.3484

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



44.9607, 0.3344, 0.3556



44.9607, 0.2837, 0.3088



44.9607, 0.3425, 0.3366

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



44.9607, 0.2837, 0.3088



44.9607, 0.3201, 0.3114



44.9607, 0.3425, 0.3485



44.9607, 0.3049, 0.3477



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44.9607, 0.2837, 0.3088



44.9607, 0.2994, 0.3030



44.9607, 0.3425, 0.3485



44.9607, 0.3256, 0.3563

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44.9625, 0.2837, 0.3088



93.3153, 0.3034, 0.3229



50.5011, 0.2999, 0.3590



19.8221, 0.3024, 0.3222



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

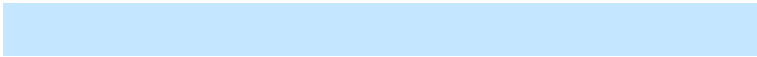


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44.9625, 0.2837, 0.3088



76.2668, 0.2765, 0.3033



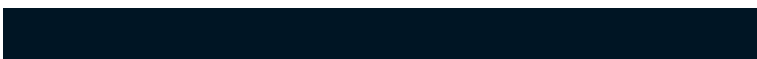
37.9560, 0.2823, 0.2834



11.3177, 0.2983, 0.3194



11.1963, 0.1866, 0.1916



0.6698, 0.1954, 0.2233



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.3963, 0.3283, 0.3011



66.6788, 0.3329, 0.2940



52.6889, 0.3415, 0.3708



10.7409, 0.3199, 0.3154



8.6703, 0.4549, 0.2279

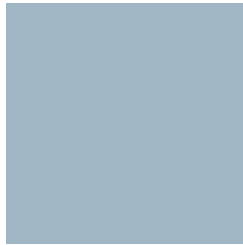


0.4246, 0.4197, 0.2086



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 44.9607, 0.2837, 0.3088 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

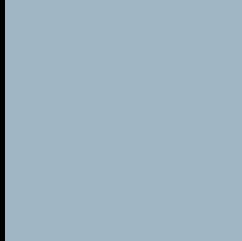
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 44.9607, 0.2837, 0.3088 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

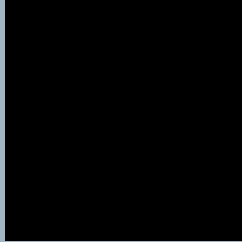
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

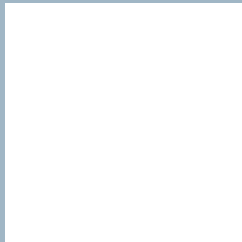
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 44.9607, 0.2837, 0.3088**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 44.9607, 0.2837, 0.3088.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 44.9607, 0.2837, 0.3088.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

44.9607, 0.2837, 0.3088

### Protanopia

44.6864, 0.2993, 0.3068

### Deuteranopia

44.8347, 0.3030, 0.2973



## Tritanopia

44.9607, 0.2837, 0.3088

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

44.9607, 0.2837, 0.3088

## Protanomaly

44.8383, 0.2936, 0.3079

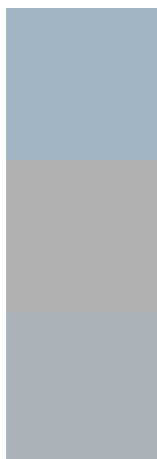
## Deuteranomaly

44.8686, 0.2963, 0.3018

## Tritanomaly

44.9607, 0.2837, 0.3088

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

44.9607, 0.2837, 0.3088

## Achromatopsia

43.9657, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

44.3588, 0.3020, 0.3223

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 44.9607, 0.2837, 0.3088 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(160, 182, 197)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(160, 182, 197)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(160, 182, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(160, 182, 197) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 44.9607, 0.2837, 0.3088 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(160, 182, 197) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(160, 182, 197) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(160, 182, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(160, 182, 197); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 182, 197);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 182,  
197) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 44.9607, 0.2837, 0.3088 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(160, 182, 197) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(160,  
182, 197) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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