

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(45.1074, 0.2805, 0.3303)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(45.1074, 0.2805, 0.3303)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(45.1056, 0.2805, 0.3303)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	91BBBA
RGB	145, 187, 186
RGB Percent	57%, 73%, 73%
CMY	0.4316, 0.2666, 0.2705
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.01, 0.27
HSL	179°, 24%, 65%
HSV	179°, 22%, 73%
XYZ	38.3049, 45.1056, 53.1490
YIQ	174.3280, -24.7110, -9.2150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

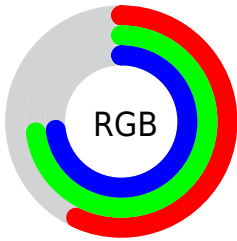
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	145, 166, 187
Decimal	9550778
CIE Lab	72.96, -14.13, -4.09
CIE LCh	73, 14.710, 196.152
Yxy	45.1056, 0.2805, 0.3303
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287740858 (0xFF91BBBA)
YUV	174.3280, 5.7543, -25.7207
Hunter-Lab	67.1607, -15.7242, 0.0922

# Details

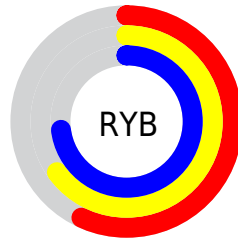
The Yxy color **45.1056, 0.2805, 0.3303** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **32.8766, 0.3569, 0.3278**, and the grayscale version is **42.4810, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.7913, 0.2866, 0.3300**, and **21.0708, 0.2712, 0.3308** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.5279, 0.2679, 0.3310**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46.9667, 0.2943, 0.3297**.

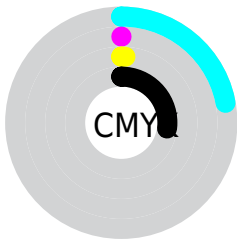
# Distribution



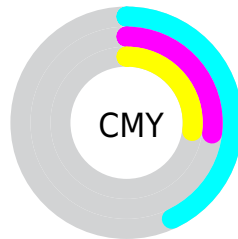
- Red (57%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (27%)




- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (27%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 45.1056, 0.2805, 0.3303 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 45.1056, 0.2805, 0.3303 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 45.1056, 0.2805,  
0.3303

 45.1056, 0.2805,  
0.3303


367.2011, 0.2966,  
0.3298

 31.5406, 0.2765,  
0.3304


 82.8789, 0.2863,  
0.3302

 21.0109, 0.2714,  
0.3304


 107.8559, 0.2885,  
0.3301

 13.1319, 0.2645,  
0.3304


137.4058, 0.2904,  
0.3300

 7.5195, 0.2551,  
0.3304

171.9128, 0.2920,  
0.3300

 3.7890, 0.2410,  
0.3300

211.7615, 0.2934,  
0.3299

 1.5563, 0.2179,  
0.3287

257.3362, 0.2946,

 0.3278, 0.0000,

0.3299

0.3377

309.0212, 0.2956,  
0.3299

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

45.1056, 0.2805,  
0.3303

45.1056, 0.2805,  
0.3303

43.5279, 0.2679,  
0.3310

46.9667, 0.2943,  
0.3297

42.2143, 0.2567,  
0.3317

49.1183, 0.3090,  
0.3291

41.1520, 0.2472,  
0.3324

51.5743, 0.3242,  
0.3286

40.3245, 0.2395,  
0.3331

54.3459, 0.3398,  
0.3282

39.7137, 0.2337,  
0.3339

57.4439, 0.3554,  
0.3278

■ 39.2988, 0.2297,  
0.3347

■ 60.4664, 0.3691,  
0.3274

■ 39.0549, 0.2275,  
0.3354

■ 60.4857, 0.3687,  
0.3270

■ 38.9473, 0.2267,  
0.3360

■ 60.5051, 0.3683,  
0.3265

■ 60.5244, 0.3680,  
0.3260

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.1056, 0.2962, 0.3492



45.1056, 0.2805, 0.3303



45.1056, 0.2733, 0.3118

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.1056, 0.2805, 0.3303



45.1056, 0.3077, 0.2983



45.1056, 0.3503, 0.3586

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.1056, 0.2805, 0.3303



32.8766, 0.3569, 0.3278

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.1056, 0.3538, 0.3441



45.1056, 0.2805, 0.3303



45.1056, 0.3288, 0.3100

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.1056, 0.2805, 0.3303



45.1056, 0.2886, 0.2942



45.1056, 0.3458, 0.3264



45.1056, 0.3365, 0.3656



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.1056, 0.2805, 0.3303



45.1056, 0.2741, 0.3023



45.1056, 0.3458, 0.3264



45.1056, 0.3527, 0.3543

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.1074, 0.2805, 0.3303



86.1094, 0.3021, 0.3294



43.7326, 0.3110, 0.3908



18.9116, 0.3012, 0.3294



95.5105, 0.3127, 0.3290



19.5994, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.1074, 0.2805, 0.3303



79.3146, 0.2741, 0.3306



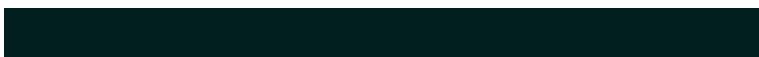
37.3825, 0.2777, 0.3007



10.8055, 0.2988, 0.3295



26.8325, 0.2266, 0.3359



1.0523, 0.2261, 0.3341



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.8766, 0.3569, 0.3278



53.5339, 0.3699, 0.3275



39.3686, 0.3523, 0.3557



9.5399, 0.3285, 0.3285



7.2875, 0.6370, 0.3283



0.2867, 0.6255, 0.3219



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 45.1056, 0.2805, 0.3303 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

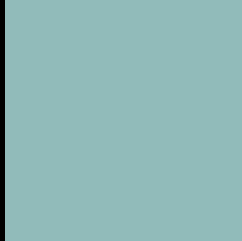
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 45.1056, 0.2805, 0.3303 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

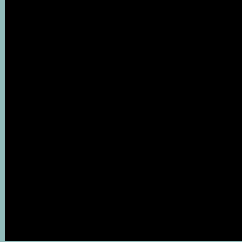
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

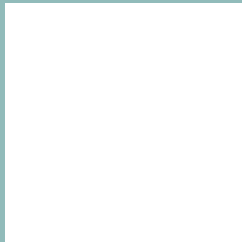
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 45.1056, 0.2805, 0.3303**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 45.1056, 0.2805, 0.3303.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 45.1056, 0.2805, 0.3303.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

45.1056, 0.2805, 0.3303

### Protanopia

45.0007, 0.3129, 0.3251

### Deuteranopia

44.6376, 0.3154, 0.3087



## Tritanopia

45.1640, 0.2731, 0.3085

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

45.1056, 0.2805, 0.3303

**Protanomaly**

44.7915, 0.3003, 0.3263

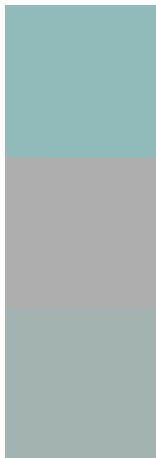
**Deuteranomaly**

44.4703, 0.3014, 0.3157

**Tritanomaly**

45.2610, 0.2758, 0.3165

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

45.1056, 0.2805, 0.3303

**Achromatopsia**

42.3268, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

43.2411, 0.2999, 0.3303

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 45.1056, 0.2805, 0.3303 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 187, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 187, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 187, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 187, 186) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 45.1056, 0.2805, 0.3303 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 187, 186) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 187, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 187, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 187, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 187, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 187,  
186) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 45.1056, 0.2805, 0.3303 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 187, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145,  
187, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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