

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(45.5353, 0.2414, 0.2086)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(45.5353, 0.2414, 0.2086)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(43.8832, 0.2528, 0.2271)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ABA8FF
RGB	171, 168, 255
RGB Percent	67%, 66%, 100%
CMY	0.3293, 0.3412, 0.0000
CMYK	0.33, 0.34, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	242°, 100%, 83%
HSV	242°, 34%, 100%
XYZ	48.8493, 43.8832, 100.5005
YIQ	178.8150, -26.1390, 27.6930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

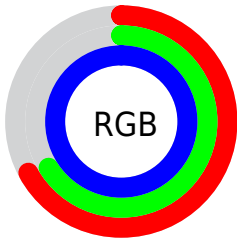
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">171, 168, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11249919</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">72.15, 20.55, -42.75</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">72, 47.429, 295.674</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">43.8832, 0.2528, 0.2271</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289439999</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFABA8FF</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">178.8150, 37.5592, -6.8538</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">66.2444, 15.7000, -43.5787</a>

# Details

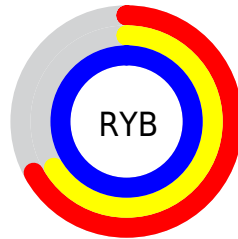
The Yxy color **43.8832, 0.2528, 0.2271** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999FF**. A complement of this color would be **95.0367, 0.3623, 0.4150**, and the grayscale version is **44.7849, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76.4893, 0.2959, 0.2962**, and **20.2810, 0.2364, 0.2028** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.8629, 0.2317, 0.1917**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.2674, 0.2727, 0.2607**.

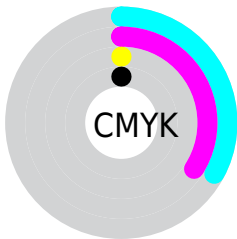
# Distribution



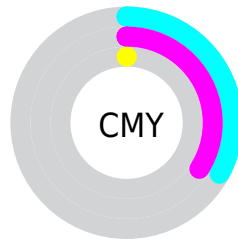
- Red (67%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 43.8832, 0.2528, 0.2271 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 43.8832, 0.2528, 0.2271 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 43.8832, 0.2528,  
0.2271


 43.8832, 0.2528,  
0.2271


362.2314, 0.2828,  
0.2748

 30.5787, 0.2455,  
0.2163


 81.0420, 0.2636,  
0.2437

 20.2783, 0.2363,  
0.2030


 105.6650, 0.2677,  
0.2501

 12.5975, 0.2245,  
0.1864


134.8297, 0.2711,  
0.2557

 7.1520, 0.2086,  
0.1654

168.9204, 0.2741,  
0.2605

 3.5573, 0.1868,  
0.1381

208.3215, 0.2767,  
0.2647

 1.4292, 0.1557,  
0.1024

253.4175, 0.2790,

 0.2381, 0.1122,

0.2685


0.0367


304.5927, 0.2810,  
0.2718

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 43.8832, 0.2528,  
0.2271

 43.8832, 0.2528,  
0.2271


 32.8629, 0.2317,  
0.1917


 57.2674, 0.2727,  
0.2607


 24.0646, 0.2104,  
0.1562


 73.1366, 0.2907,  
0.2914

 17.3388, 0.1904,  
0.1233

 91.6093, 0.3067,  
0.3187

 12.5157, 0.1733,  
0.0955

 99.9998, 0.3127,  
0.3290

 9.3985, 0.1606,  
0.0753

■ 7.7476, 0.1530,  
0.0638

■ 7.2770, 0.1507,  
0.0604

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.8832, 0.2110, 0.2284



43.8832, 0.2528, 0.2271



43.8832, 0.3153, 0.2471

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.8832, 0.2528, 0.2271



43.8832, 0.4464, 0.3830



43.8832, 0.2406, 0.3771

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.8832, 0.2528, 0.2271



95.0367, 0.3623, 0.4150

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



43.8832, 0.2988, 0.4357



43.8832, 0.2528, 0.2271



43.8832, 0.4189, 0.4286

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.8832, 0.2528, 0.2271



43.8832, 0.4344, 0.3319



43.8832, 0.3642, 0.4527



43.8832, 0.2040, 0.3070



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.8832, 0.2528, 0.2271



43.8832, 0.3618, 0.2703



43.8832, 0.3642, 0.4527



43.8832, 0.2581, 0.3998

# Sweetspot

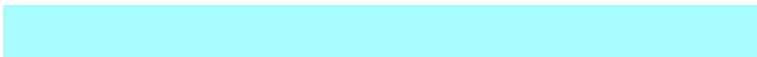
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.8849, 0.2528, 0.2271



80.4225, 0.2976, 0.3031



85.2266, 0.2638, 0.3257



16.6708, 0.2953, 0.2992



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.8849, 0.2528, 0.2271



36.0544, 0.2384, 0.2028



49.5809, 0.2846, 0.2355



17.4078, 0.2984, 0.3044



3.8154, 0.1510, 0.0606



0.3816, 0.1535, 0.0619



# Inverse Universe

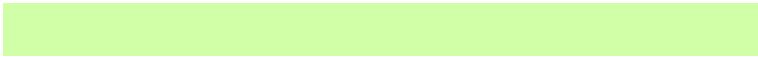
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.2913, 0.3191, 0.2467



50.2050, 0.3204, 0.2308



87.8423, 0.3330, 0.4239



18.2888, 0.3143, 0.3064



14.5952, 0.3298, 0.1590



1.4244, 0.3287, 0.1584



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 43.8832, 0.2528, 0.2271 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

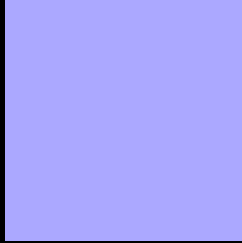
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 43.8832, 0.2528, 0.2271 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

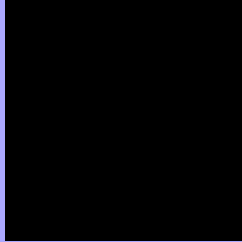
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 43.8832, 0.2528, 0.2271**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 43.8832, 0.2528, 0.2271.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 43.8832, 0.2528, 0.2271.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

43.8832, 0.2528, 0.2271

### Protanopia

43.9761, 0.2403, 0.2309

### Deuteranopia

43.9548, 0.2397, 0.2337



## Tritanopia

43.8067, 0.2841, 0.3099

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

43.8832, 0.2528, 0.2271

## Protanomaly

43.9941, 0.2449, 0.2297

## Deuteranomaly

43.7287, 0.2442, 0.2303

## Tritanomaly

43.7951, 0.2724, 0.2772

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

43.8832, 0.2528, 0.2271

## Achromatopsia

45.0786, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

44.3950, 0.2887, 0.2880

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 43.8832, 0.2528, 0.2271 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 168, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 168, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 168, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 168, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 43.8832, 0.2528, 0.2271 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 168, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 168, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 168, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 168, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 168, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 168,  
255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 43.8832, 0.2528, 0.2271 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 168, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
168, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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