

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(45.6632, 0.2396, 0.2368)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(45.6632, 0.2396, 0.2368)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(45.6632, 0.2396, 0.2368)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	93B3FF
RGB	147, 179, 255
RGB Percent	58%, 70%, 100%
CMY	0.4234, 0.2980, 0.0001
CMYK	0.42, 0.30, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	222°, 100%, 79%
HSV	222°, 42%, 100%
XYZ	46.2031, 45.6632, 100.9681
YIQ	178.0960, -43.4680, 16.8520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

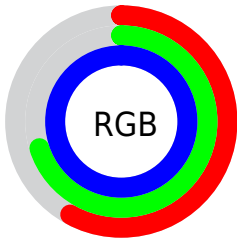
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	147, 172, 255
Decimal	9679871
CIE Lab	73.33, 8.11, -41.02
CIE LCh	73, 41.815, 281.187
Yxy	45.6632, 0.2396, 0.2368
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287869951 (0xFF93B3FF)
YUV	178.0960, 37.9137, -27.2712
Hunter-Lab	67.5746, 3.7914, -41.2874

# Details

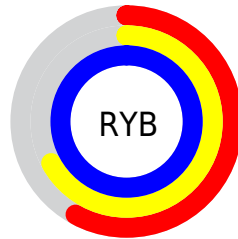
The Yxy color **45.6632, 0.2396, 0.2368** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **76.1430, 0.3887, 0.4061**, and the grayscale version is **44.3905, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.4740, 0.2814, 0.3077**, and **21.4801, 0.2210, 0.2148** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.8309, 0.2212, 0.2102**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55.9575, 0.2581, 0.2620**.

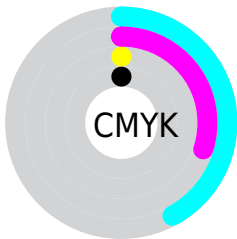
# Distribution



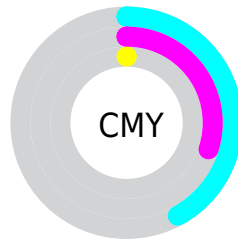
- Red (58%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 45.6632, 0.2396, 0.2368 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 45.6632, 0.2396, 0.2368 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 45.6632, 0.2396,  
0.2368

■ 45.6632, 0.2396,  
0.2368

369.4529, 0.2753,  
0.2807

■ 31.9801, 0.2312,  
0.2267

■ 83.7147, 0.2522,  
0.2521

■ 21.3463, 0.2206,  
0.2142

■ 108.8520, 0.2571,  
0.2581

■ 13.3774, 0.2072,  
0.1985

138.5760, 0.2612,  
0.2632

■ 7.6889, 0.1896,  
0.1783

173.2714, 0.2648,  
0.2676

■ 3.8966, 0.1658,  
0.1516

213.3223, 0.2679,  
0.2715

■ 1.6159, 0.1330,  
0.1161

259.1133, 0.2707,

■ 0.3683, 0.0842,

0.2749

0.0566

311.0287, 0.2731,  
0.2779

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

45.6632, 0.2396,  
0.2368

45.6632, 0.2396,  
0.2368

36.8309, 0.2212,  
0.2102

55.9575, 0.2581,  
0.2620

29.3847, 0.2036,  
0.1829

67.7743, 0.2762,  
0.2852

23.2491, 0.1879,  
0.1562

81.1767, 0.2933,  
0.3062

18.3379, 0.1749,  
0.1314

96.2227, 0.3092,  
0.3250

14.5523, 0.1652,  
0.1096

99.9987, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 12.3213, 0.1599,  
0.0957

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.6632, 0.2126, 0.2490



45.6632, 0.2396, 0.2368



45.6632, 0.2872, 0.2456

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.6632, 0.2396, 0.2368



45.6632, 0.4287, 0.3564



45.6632, 0.2731, 0.3978

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.6632, 0.2396, 0.2368



76.1430, 0.3887, 0.4061

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.6632, 0.3294, 0.4330



45.6632, 0.2396, 0.2368



45.6632, 0.4215, 0.3999

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.6632, 0.2396, 0.2368



45.6632, 0.4007, 0.3112



45.6632, 0.3841, 0.4307



45.6632, 0.2300, 0.3392



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.6632, 0.2396, 0.2368



45.6632, 0.3266, 0.2616



45.6632, 0.3841, 0.4307



45.6632, 0.2911, 0.4134

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.6649, 0.2396, 0.2368



80.2524, 0.2922, 0.3049



83.0184, 0.2697, 0.3667



16.5193, 0.2885, 0.3005



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.6649, 0.2396, 0.2368



37.9367, 0.2236, 0.2138



36.4881, 0.2480, 0.2021



18.2544, 0.2979, 0.3118



6.6636, 0.1607, 0.0984



0.8290, 0.1668, 0.1203



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.3873, 0.3897, 0.2958



38.5757, 0.4146, 0.2896



91.0035, 0.3611, 0.4396



18.0756, 0.3247, 0.3220



11.4007, 0.5782, 0.2959



1.1282, 0.5462, 0.2783



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 45.6632, 0.2396, 0.2368 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

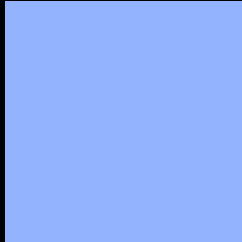
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 45.6632, 0.2396, 0.2368 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

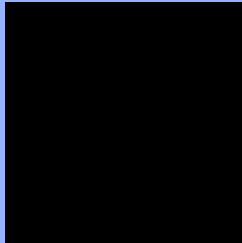
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

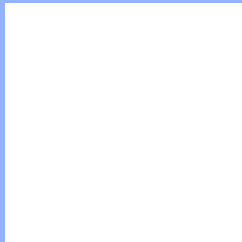
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 45.6632, 0.2396, 0.2368**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 45.6632, 0.2396, 0.2368.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 45.6632, 0.2396, 0.2368.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

45.6632, 0.2396, 0.2368

### Protanopia

45.6040, 0.2456, 0.2375

### Deuteranopia

45.7362, 0.2423, 0.2362



## Tritanopia

45.7414, 0.2612, 0.3082

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

45.6632, 0.2396, 0.2368

## Protanomaly

45.7689, 0.2434, 0.2373

## Deuteranomaly

45.5448, 0.2411, 0.2359

## Tritanomaly

45.4289, 0.2525, 0.2787

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

45.6632, 0.2396, 0.2368

## Achromatopsia

44.5201, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

44.5125, 0.2825, 0.2924

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 45.6632, 0.2396, 0.2368 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(147, 179, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(147, 179, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 179, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(147, 179, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 45.6632, 0.2396, 0.2368 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(147, 179, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(147, 179, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(147, 179, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(147, 179, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 179, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 179,  
255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 45.6632, 0.2396, 0.2368 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(147, 179, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(147,  
179, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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