

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(45.9512, 0.1627, 0.2825)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(45.9512, 0.1627, 0.2825)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(52.3845, 0.2134, 0.2884)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	00D2F0
RGB	0, 210, 240
RGB Percent	0%, 82%, 94%
CMY	1.0000, 0.1764, 0.0589
CMYK	1.00, 0.12, 0.00, 0.06
HSL	187°, 100%, 47%
HSV	187°, 100%, 94%
XYZ	38.7616, 52.3845, 90.4922
YIQ	150.6300, -134.7900, -35.1900

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

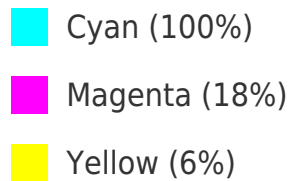
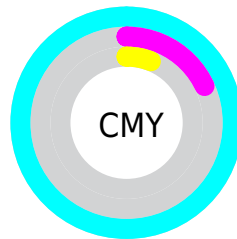
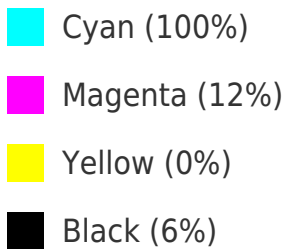
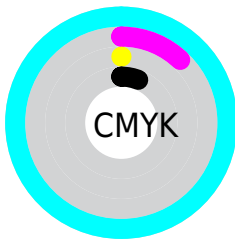
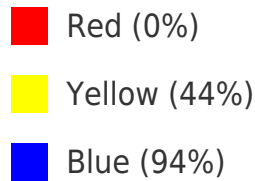
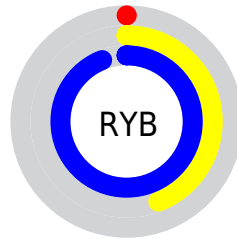
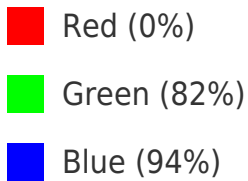
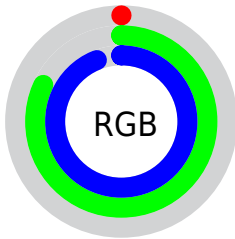
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">0, 112, 240</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">54000</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">77.51, -32.27, -26.81</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">78, 41.960, 219.721</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">52.3845, 0.2134, 0.2884</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4278244080</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF00D2F0</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">150.6300, 44.0594, -132.1025</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">72.3771, -31.0642, -23.4655</a>

# Details

The Yxy color **52.3845, 0.2134, 0.2884** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCFF**. The color can be described as light saturated cyan. A complement of this color would be **19.4490, 0.6310, 0.3372**, and the grayscale version is **30.6374, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.2507, 0.2423, 0.3288**, and **26.9034, 0.2106, 0.2781** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.3936, 0.2135, 0.2884**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.0814, 0.2160, 0.2927**.


# Distribution




# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 52.3845, 0.2134, 0.2884 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 52.3845, 0.2134, 0.2884 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 52.3845, 0.2134,  
0.2884

 52.3845, 0.2134,  
0.2884


 395.9192, 0.2598,  
0.3097

 37.3116, 0.2029,  
0.2829


 93.6980, 0.2295,  
0.2963


 25.4489, 0.1900,  
0.2759

 120.7075, 0.2358,  
0.2992

 16.4118, 0.1738,  
0.2665


 152.4647, 0.2412,  
0.3017

 9.8160, 0.1533,  
0.2534

 189.3539, 0.2459,  
0.3038

 5.2771, 0.1265,  
0.2346

 231.7595, 0.2500,  
0.3056

 2.4108, 0.0915,  
0.2057


 280.0661, 0.2536,

 0.8314, 0.0005,

0.3071


0.1666

334.6578, 0.2569,  
0.3085


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 52.3845, 0.2134,  
0.2884


 52.3845, 0.2134,  
0.2884


 52.3936, 0.2135,  
0.2884

 54.0814, 0.2160,  
0.2927


 56.0370, 0.2201,  
0.2971


 58.3357, 0.2261,  
0.3016

 61.0222, 0.2340,  
0.3060

 64.1342, 0.2438,  
0.3103

 67.7044, 0.2553,  
0.3145

 71.7625, 0.2683,  
0.3185

 76.3353, 0.2824,  
0.3223

 81.4477, 0.2973,  
0.3258

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.3845, 0.2348, 0.3418



52.3845, 0.2134, 0.2884



52.3845, 0.2156, 0.2533

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.3845, 0.2134, 0.2884



52.3845, 0.3427, 0.2726



52.3845, 0.3837, 0.4258

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.3845, 0.2134, 0.2884



19.4490, 0.6310, 0.3372

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.3845, 0.4183, 0.3957



52.3845, 0.2134, 0.2884



52.3845, 0.3950, 0.3100

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.3845, 0.2134, 0.2884



52.3845, 0.2857, 0.2478



52.3845, 0.4234, 0.3535



52.3845, 0.3318, 0.4291

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.3845, 0.2134, 0.2884



52.3845, 0.2299, 0.2422



52.3845, 0.4234, 0.3535



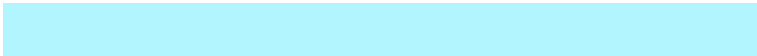
52.3845, 0.3978, 0.4179

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.3936, 0.2135, 0.2884



82.3209, 0.2682, 0.3185



62.3941, 0.2980, 0.5928



17.1838, 0.2625, 0.3168



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

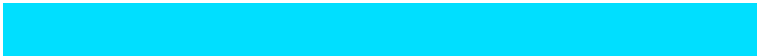


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.3936, 0.2135, 0.2884



60.0822, 0.2134, 0.2883



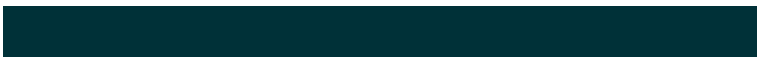
13.9434, 0.1663, 0.1186



17.5724, 0.2981, 0.3260



28.8209, 0.2137, 0.2891



2.4911, 0.2152, 0.2948



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.1765, 0.3558, 0.1734



26.5965, 0.3559, 0.1734



39.6989, 0.5088, 0.4342



15.9955, 0.3157, 0.3086



12.7028, 0.3551, 0.1730

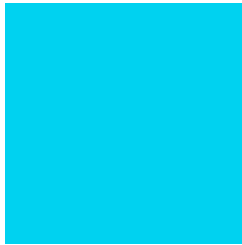


1.0662, 0.3500, 0.1702



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 52.3845, 0.2134, 0.2884 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

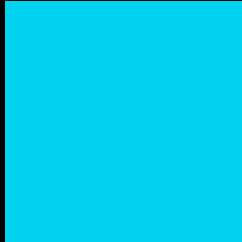
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 52.3845, 0.2134, 0.2884 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

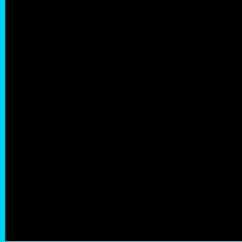
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 52.3845, 0.2134, 0.2884**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 52.3845, 0.2134, 0.2884.

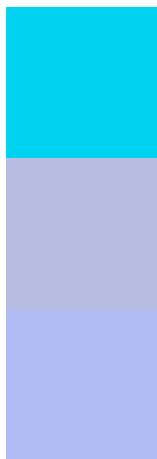


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 52.3845, 0.2134, 0.2884.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

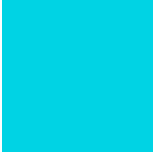
52.3845, 0.2134, 0.2884

### Protanopia

51.4700, 0.2823, 0.2843

### Deuteranopia

51.7169, 0.2667, 0.2610



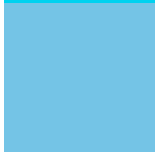
## **Tritanopia**

52.1900, 0.2181, 0.3052

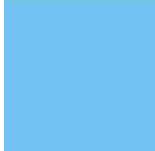
# Trichromacy



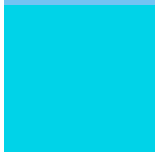
**Original Color**  
52.3845, 0.2134, 0.2884



**Protanomaly**  
48.9060, 0.2393, 0.2839

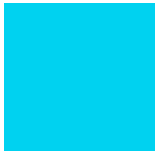


**Deuteranomaly**  
49.0787, 0.2320, 0.2671

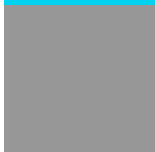


**Tritanomaly**  
52.4147, 0.2167, 0.3000

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
52.3845, 0.2134, 0.2884



**Achromatopsia**  
30.9469, 0.3127, 0.3290



**Achromatomaly**  
35.4107, 0.2474, 0.3115

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 52.3845, 0.2134, 0.2884 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 210, 240)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 210, 240)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 210, 240) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 210, 240) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 52.3845, 0.2134, 0.2884 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 210, 240) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 210, 240) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 210, 240)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 210, 240); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 210, 240);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 210,  
240) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 52.3845, 0.2134, 0.2884 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 210, 240) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 210,  
240) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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