

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(46.3013, 0.2357, 0.2267)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(46.3013, 0.2357, 0.2267)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(45.4504, 0.2405, 0.2358)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(45.4504, 0.2405, 0.2358)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	95B2FF
RGB	149, 178, 255
RGB Percent	58%, 70%, 100%
CMY	0.4159, 0.3019, 0.0000
CMYK	0.42, 0.30, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	224°, 100%, 79%
HSV	224°, 42%, 100%
XYZ	46.3563, 45.4504, 100.9431
YIQ	178.1070, -42.0010, 17.7990

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

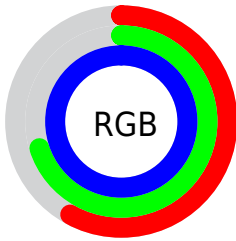
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	149, 172, 255
Decimal	9810687
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	73.19, 9.15, -41.24
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	73, 42.246, 282.503
Yxy	45.4504, 0.2405, 0.2358
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288000767 (0xFF95B2FF)
YUV	178.1070, 37.9082, -25.5268
Hunter-Lab	67.4169, 4.7582, -41.5828

# Details

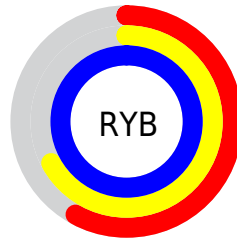
The Yxy color **45.4504, 0.2405, 0.2358** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **77.7754, 0.3863, 0.4069**, and the grayscale version is **44.3875, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.1874, 0.2825, 0.3067**, and **21.3261, 0.2220, 0.2135** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.4354, 0.2218, 0.2084**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55.9864, 0.2592, 0.2617**.

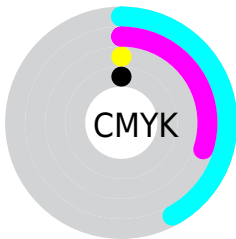
# Distribution



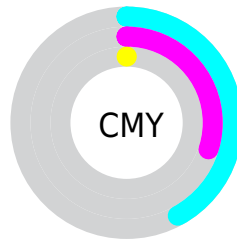
- Red (58%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 45.4504, 0.2405, 0.2358 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 45.4504, 0.2405, 0.2358 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 45.4504, 0.2405,  
0.2358

 45.4504, 0.2405,  
0.2358


368.5946, 0.2758,  
0.2801

 31.8123, 0.2321,  
0.2256


 83.3959, 0.2530,  
0.2513

 21.2182, 0.2217,  
0.2130


 108.4721, 0.2578,  
0.2573

 13.2836, 0.2083,  
0.1972


138.1298, 0.2619,  
0.2624

 7.6241, 0.1908,  
0.1769

172.7534, 0.2655,  
0.2669

 3.8554, 0.1671,  
0.1501

212.7273, 0.2685,  
0.2708

 1.5930, 0.1343,  
0.1145

258.4358, 0.2712,

 0.3529, 0.0859,

0.2743

0.0543

310.2635, 0.2736,  
0.2773

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

45.4504, 0.2405,  
0.2358

45.4504, 0.2405,  
0.2358

36.4354, 0.2218,  
0.2084

55.9864, 0.2592,  
0.2617

28.8636, 0.2039,  
0.1805

68.1087, 0.2774,  
0.2855

22.6554, 0.1877,  
0.1531

81.8828, 0.2945,  
0.3070

17.7208, 0.1743,  
0.1278

97.3693, 0.3103,  
0.3262

13.9569, 0.1643,  
0.1059

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 11.5905, 0.1586,  
0.0908

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.4504, 0.2123, 0.2470



45.4504, 0.2405, 0.2358



45.4504, 0.2894, 0.2456

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.4504, 0.2405, 0.2358



45.4504, 0.4305, 0.3586



45.4504, 0.2703, 0.3964

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.4504, 0.2405, 0.2358



77.7754, 0.3863, 0.4069

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.4504, 0.3270, 0.4336



45.4504, 0.2405, 0.2358



45.4504, 0.4216, 0.4023

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.4504, 0.2405, 0.2358



45.4504, 0.4037, 0.3129



45.4504, 0.3826, 0.4327



45.4504, 0.2276, 0.3366



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.4504, 0.2405, 0.2358



45.4504, 0.3294, 0.2622



45.4504, 0.3826, 0.4327



45.4504, 0.2883, 0.4126

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.4516, 0.2405, 0.2358



81.2906, 0.2938, 0.3062



83.3369, 0.2694, 0.3638



16.9958, 0.2916, 0.3035



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.4516, 0.2405, 0.2358



37.7738, 0.2247, 0.2129



37.4556, 0.2506, 0.2051



18.1882, 0.2979, 0.3112



6.2682, 0.1593, 0.0935



0.7833, 0.1653, 0.1149



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.9495, 0.3902, 0.2988



39.1933, 0.4148, 0.2932



90.8469, 0.3592, 0.4382



18.0689, 0.3251, 0.3225



11.3607, 0.5857, 0.3000



1.1236, 0.5539, 0.2825



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 45.4504, 0.2405, 0.2358 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

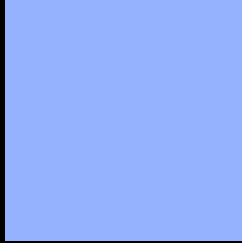
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 45.4504, 0.2405, 0.2358 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

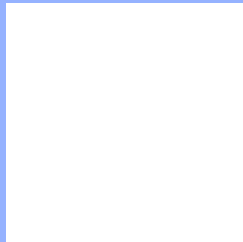
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 45.4504, 0.2405, 0.2358**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 45.4504, 0.2405, 0.2358.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 45.4504, 0.2405, 0.2358.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

45.4504, 0.2405, 0.2358

### Protanopia

45.5686, 0.2445, 0.2364

### Deuteranopia

45.2436, 0.2415, 0.2348



## Tritanopia

45.4291, 0.2629, 0.3082

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

45.4504, 0.2405, 0.2358

## Protanomaly

45.3723, 0.2433, 0.2361

## Deuteranomaly

45.1483, 0.2409, 0.2347

## Tritanomaly

45.1304, 0.2541, 0.2787

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

45.4504, 0.2405, 0.2358

## Achromatopsia

44.5201, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

44.5125, 0.2825, 0.2924

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 45.4504, 0.2405, 0.2358 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 178, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 178, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 178, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 178, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 45.4504, 0.2405, 0.2358 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 178, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 178, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 178, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 178, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 178, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 178,  
255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 45.4504, 0.2405, 0.2358 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 178, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
178, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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