

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(46.8316, 0.2532, 0.3081)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(46.8316, 0.2532, 0.3081)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(46.8316, 0.2532, 0.3081)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(46.8316, 0.2532, 0.3081)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7AC1D0
RGB	122, 193, 208
RGB Percent	48%, 76%, 82%
CMY	0.5213, 0.2432, 0.1843
CMYK	0.41, 0.07, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	190°, 48%, 65%
HSV	190°, 41%, 82%
XYZ	38.4867, 46.8316, 66.6830
YIQ	173.4810, -47.1310, -10.3870

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

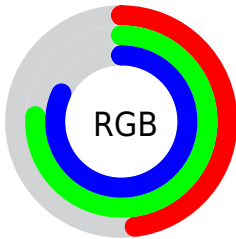
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">122, 161, 208</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8045008</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">74.08, -18.38, -14.53</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">74, 23.426, 218.333</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">46.8316, 0.2532, 0.3081</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4286235088 (0xFF7AC1D0)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">173.4810, 17.0179, -45.1488</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">68.4336, -19.3713, -9.8697</a>

# Details

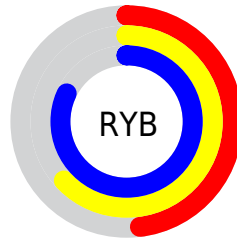
The Yxy color **46.8316, 0.2532, 0.3081** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **32.7254, 0.4097, 0.3484**, and the grayscale version is **41.9843, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85.0562, 0.2685, 0.3235**, and **21.9566, 0.2366, 0.3001** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.8874, 0.2414, 0.3022**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.1438, 0.2664, 0.3137**.

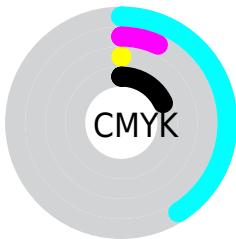
# Distribution



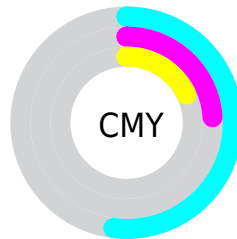
- Red (48%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)




- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (18%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 46.8316, 0.2532, 0.3081 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 46.8316, 0.2532, 0.3081 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 46.8316, 0.2532,  
0.3081


 46.8316, 0.2532,  
0.3081


374.1419, 0.2823,  
0.3191


 32.9025, 0.2462,  
0.3052


 85.4622, 0.2636,  
0.3122

 22.0518, 0.2373,  
0.3014


 110.9325, 0.2676,  
0.3137

 13.8950, 0.2257,  
0.2962


 141.0188, 0.2709,  
0.3150

 8.0476, 0.2101,  
0.2887

176.1053, 0.2738,  
0.3161

 4.1255, 0.1880,  
0.2771

216.5764, 0.2764,  
0.3170

 1.7440, 0.1547,  
0.2574

262.8167, 0.2786,

 0.4519, 0.0000,

0.3178

0.2185

315.2104, 0.2805,  
0.3185

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

46.8316, 0.2532,  
0.3081

46.8316, 0.2532,  
0.3081

43.8874, 0.2414,  
0.3022

50.1438, 0.2664,  
0.3137

41.2846, 0.2311,  
0.2960

53.8380, 0.2805,  
0.3190

39.0013, 0.2227,  
0.2898

57.9337, 0.2954,  
0.3240

37.0106, 0.2162,  
0.2835

62.4477, 0.3107,  
0.3284

35.2802, 0.2116,  
0.2772

67.3956, 0.3261,  
0.3325

■ 33.9394, 0.2088,  
0.2718

■ 72.7922, 0.3414,  
0.3361

■ 76.1712, 0.3470,  
0.3397

■ 78.0800, 0.3463,  
0.3433

■ 80.0303, 0.3456,  
0.3469

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.8316, 0.2677, 0.3388



46.8316, 0.2532, 0.3081



46.8316, 0.2537, 0.2855

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.8316, 0.2532, 0.3081



46.8316, 0.3292, 0.2941



46.8316, 0.3566, 0.3852

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.8316, 0.2532, 0.3081



32.7254, 0.4097, 0.3484

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.8316, 0.3750, 0.3693



46.8316, 0.2532, 0.3081



46.8316, 0.3591, 0.3175

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.8316, 0.2532, 0.3081



46.8316, 0.2961, 0.2790



46.8316, 0.3761, 0.3445



46.8316, 0.3268, 0.3855



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.8316, 0.2532, 0.3081



46.8316, 0.2623, 0.2774



46.8316, 0.3761, 0.3445



46.8316, 0.3644, 0.3813

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.8334, 0.2532, 0.3081



91.2901, 0.2942, 0.3236



51.0409, 0.2983, 0.4342



19.3496, 0.2922, 0.3229



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

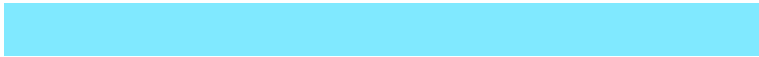


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.8334, 0.2532, 0.3081



69.9019, 0.2422, 0.3026



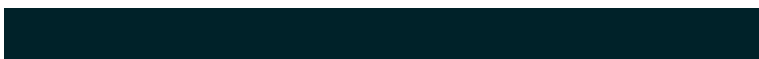
30.7346, 0.2432, 0.2455



13.0412, 0.2983, 0.3248



21.2799, 0.2091, 0.2727



1.2844, 0.2123, 0.2841



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.1934, 0.3328, 0.2437



42.4366, 0.3386, 0.2260



47.1975, 0.3873, 0.3998



11.9721, 0.3164, 0.3100



10.2195, 0.3703, 0.1813

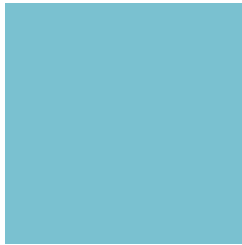


0.5810, 0.3597, 0.1755



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 46.8316, 0.2532, 0.3081 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

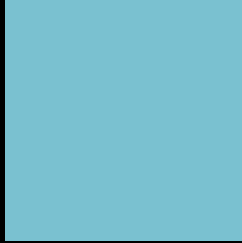
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 46.8316, 0.2532, 0.3081 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 46.8316, 0.2532, 0.3081**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 46.8316, 0.2532, 0.3081.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 46.8316, 0.2532, 0.3081.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.8316, 0.2532, 0.3081

### Protanopia

46.3964, 0.2964, 0.3034

### Deuteranopia

46.3378, 0.2923, 0.2866



## Tritanopia

46.8316, 0.2532, 0.3081

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

46.8316, 0.2532, 0.3081

**Protanomaly**

46.2788, 0.2783, 0.3050

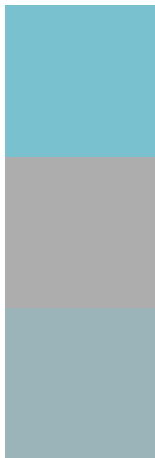
**Deuteranomaly**

46.0972, 0.2757, 0.2937

**Tritanomaly**

46.8316, 0.2532, 0.3081

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

46.8316, 0.2532, 0.3081

**Achromatopsia**

41.7885, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

43.0577, 0.2867, 0.3206

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 46.8316, 0.2532, 0.3081 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 193, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 193, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 193, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 193, 208) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 46.8316, 0.2532, 0.3081 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 193, 208) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 193, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 193, 208)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 193, 208); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 193, 208); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 193, 208) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 46.8316, 0.2532, 0.3081 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 193, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122,  
193, 208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor