

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(47.0231, 0.2913, 0.4942)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(47.0231, 0.2913, 0.4942)  
contains.

|   |    |
|---|----|
| <b>Yxy(47.1827, 0.2914, 0.4942)</b> ..... | 3  |
| <b>Conversions</b> .....                  | 4  |
| <b>Details</b> .....                      | 6  |
| <b>Harmonies</b> .....                    | 12 |
| <b>Previews</b> .....                     | 24 |
| <b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....   | 27 |
| <b>CSS Examples</b> .....                 | 30 |

# Color

**Yxy(47.1827, 0.2914, 0.4942)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                        |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex         | 4DCF67                       |
| RGB         | 77, 207, 103                 |
| RGB Percent | 30%, 81%, 40%                |
| CMY         | 0.6981, 0.1882, 0.5961       |
| CMYK        | 0.63, 0.00, 0.50, 0.19       |
| HSL         | 132°, 58%, 56%               |
| HSV         | 132°, 63%, 81%               |
| XYZ         | 27.8208, 47.1827, 20.4694    |
| YIQ         | 156.2740, -44.0960, -59.9040 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

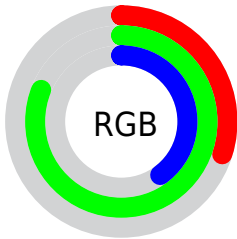
| Format                              | Color  |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| <a href="#">RYB</a>                 | <a href="#">77, 185, 207</a>                     |
| Decimal                             | <a href="#">5099367</a>                          |
| CIELab                              | <a href="#">74.31, -57.27, 41.13</a>             |
| CIELCh                              | <a href="#">74, 70.509, 144.316</a>              |
| Yxy                                 | <a href="#">47.1827, 0.2914,<br/>0.4942</a>      |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | <a href="#">4283289447<br/>(0xFF4DCF67)</a>      |
| YUV                                 | <a href="#">156.2740, -26.2641,<br/>-69.5233</a> |
| Hunter-Lab                          | <a href="#">68.6897, -47.9106,<br/>30.4145</a>   |

# Details

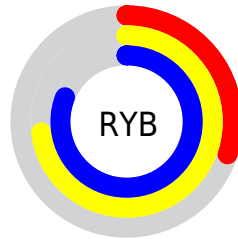
The Yxy color **47.1827, 0.2914, 0.4942** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC66**. The color can be described as dark muted spring green. A complement of this color would be **21.9101, 0.3510, 0.2094**, and the grayscale version is **33.5089, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.3236, 0.2975, 0.4518**, and **22.3812, 0.2849, 0.5456** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.1561, 0.2907, 0.5229**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48.5530, 0.2933, 0.4641**.

# Distribution



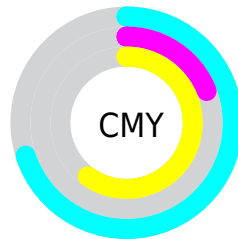
- Red (30%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Black (19%)




- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (60%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 47.1827, 0.2914, 0.4942 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 47.1827, 0.2914, 0.4942 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 47.1827, 0.2914,  
0.4942


 47.1827, 0.2914,  
0.4942


375.5433, 0.3063,  
0.4054

 33.1801, 0.2861,  
0.5180


 85.9863, 0.2979,  
0.4606


 22.2645, 0.2784,  
0.5491


 111.5560, 0.3000,  
0.4484

 14.0513, 0.2664,  
0.5914


 141.7503, 0.3016,  
0.4382

 8.1564, 0.2464,  
0.6506

 176.9535, 0.3030,  
0.4296

 4.1952, 0.2204,  
0.7696

217.5500, 0.3040,  
0.4222

 1.7833, 0.0568,  
0.9432

263.9242, 0.3049,

 0.4768, 0.0000,

0.4159

1.0000

316.4605, 0.3056,  
0.4103

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 47.1827, 0.2914,  
0.4942

■ 47.1827, 0.2914,  
0.4942

■ 46.1561, 0.2907,  
0.5229

■ 48.5530, 0.2933,  
0.4641

■ 45.4363, 0.2913,  
0.5485

■ 50.2882, 0.2961,  
0.4342

■ 44.9885, 0.2931,  
0.5694

■ 52.4146, 0.2996,  
0.4057

■ 44.7907, 0.2947,  
0.5810

■ 54.9543, 0.3034,  
0.3794

■ 57.9279, 0.3075,  
0.3556

■ 61.3545, 0.3116,  
0.3345

■ 65.2522, 0.3156,  
0.3159

■ 69.6379, 0.3194,  
0.2997

■ 72.9191, 0.3169,  
0.2849

# Harmonies

## Analogous

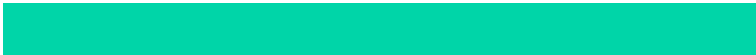
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.1827, 0.3816, 0.5066



47.1827, 0.2914, 0.4942



47.1827, 0.2118, 0.4045

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.1827, 0.2914, 0.4942



47.1827, 0.1723, 0.1914



47.1827, 0.4865, 0.3237

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.1827, 0.2914, 0.4942



21.9101, 0.3510, 0.2094

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.1827, 0.4107, 0.2628



47.1827, 0.2914, 0.4942



47.1827, 0.2247, 0.1905

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.1827, 0.2914, 0.4942



47.1827, 0.1522, 0.2239



47.1827, 0.3096, 0.2158



47.1827, 0.5019, 0.3907



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.1827, 0.2914, 0.4942



47.1827, 0.1758, 0.3301



47.1827, 0.3096, 0.2158



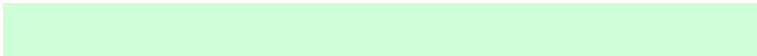
47.1827, 0.4669, 0.3024

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.1846, 0.2914, 0.4942



89.6908, 0.3049, 0.3706



55.2518, 0.3795, 0.4852



18.9149, 0.3037, 0.3777



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.1846, 0.2914, 0.4942



73.5607, 0.2907, 0.5313



48.9527, 0.2581, 0.3918



13.2444, 0.3089, 0.3481



28.2296, 0.2942, 0.5791



1.5900, 0.2847, 0.5449



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.9101, 0.3510, 0.2094



29.8961, 0.3613, 0.1944



19.8854, 0.4466, 0.2804



11.9668, 0.3168, 0.3106



10.0973, 0.3785, 0.1859



0.5751, 0.3660, 0.1790



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 47.1827, 0.2914, 0.4942 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 47.1827, 0.2914, 0.4942 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 47.1827, 0.2914, 0.4942**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 47.1827, 0.2914, 0.4942.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 47.1827, 0.2914, 0.4942.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

47.1827, 0.2914, 0.4942

### Protanopia

46.1353, 0.4006, 0.4362

### Deuteranopia

46.1171, 0.4096, 0.4012



## Tritanopia

46.8592, 0.2442, 0.3065

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

47.1827, 0.2914, 0.4942



## Protanomaly

44.6585, 0.3519, 0.4610



## Deuteranomaly

44.0175, 0.3564, 0.4353



## Tritanomaly

46.3122, 0.2610, 0.3698

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

47.1827, 0.2914, 0.4942



## Achromatopsia

33.2452, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

36.9781, 0.3014, 0.3898

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 47.1827, 0.2914, 0.4942 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(77, 207, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(77, 207, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 207, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(77, 207, 103) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 47.1827, 0.2914, 0.4942 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(77, 207, 103) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(77, 207, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(77, 207, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(77, 207, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 207, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 207,  
103) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 47.1827, 0.2914, 0.4942 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(77, 207, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(77, 207,  
103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor