

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(47.0334, 0.4367, 0.3603)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(47.0334, 0.4367, 0.3603)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(47.0831, 0.4365, 0.3606)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FE9E80
RGB	254, 158, 128
RGB Percent	100%, 62%, 50%
CMY	0.0039, 0.3803, 0.4982
CMYK	0.00, 0.38, 0.50, 0.00
HSL	14°, 98%, 75%
HSV	14°, 50%, 100%
XYZ	56.9933, 47.0831, 26.4924
YIQ	183.2840, 66.8460, 11.0220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

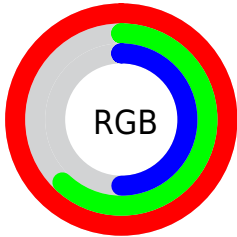
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">254, 167, 128</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16686720</a>
<a href="#">CIELab</a>	<a href="#">74.24, 32.65, 30.73</a>
<a href="#">CIElCh</a>	<a href="#">74, 44.841, 43.266</a>
<a href="#">Yxy</a>	<a href="#">47.0831, 0.4365, 0.3606</a>
<a href="#">Android (android.graphics.Color)</a>	<a href="#">4294876800 (0xFFFE9E80)</a>
<a href="#">YUV</a>	<a href="#">183.2840, -27.2550, 62.0179</a>
<a href="#">Hunter-Lab</a>	<a href="#">68.6171, 28.1818, 25.1407</a>

# Details

The Yxy color **47.0831, 0.4365, 0.3606** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9966**. A complement of this color would be **65.0241, 0.2407, 0.2930**, and the grayscale version is **47.6431, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72.1847, 0.3681, 0.3621**, and **22.1225, 0.4719, 0.3641** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40.4100, 0.4743, 0.3652**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.9670, 0.4028, 0.3546**.

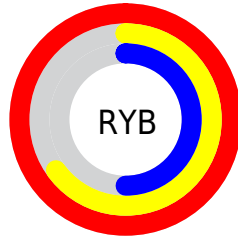
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (62%)

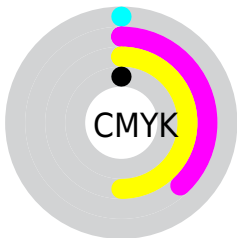
Blue (50%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (50%)

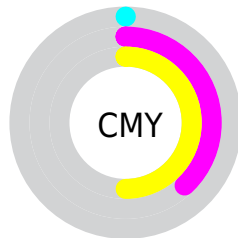


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (50%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (38%)


Yellow (50%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 47.0831, 0.4365, 0.3606 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 47.0831, 0.4365, 0.3606 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 47.0831, 0.4365,  
0.3606

 47.0831, 0.4365,  
0.3606


375.1461, 0.3744,  
0.3482

 33.1014, 0.4517,  
0.3625


 85.8377, 0.4141,  
0.3569

 22.2041, 0.4708,  
0.3643


 111.3792, 0.4056,  
0.3553

 14.0069, 0.4956,  
0.3655


 141.5429, 0.3985,  
0.3538

 8.1255, 0.5285,  
0.3648

176.7130, 0.3923,  
0.3525

 4.1754, 0.5736,  
0.3597

217.2740, 0.3869,  
0.3512

 1.7721, 0.6502,  
0.3498

263.6103, 0.3822,

 0.4697, 0.7362,

0.3501

0.2638

316.1062, 0.3781,  
0.3491

0.0000, 1.0000,  
0.0000

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

47.0831, 0.4365,  
0.3606

47.0831, 0.4365,  
0.3606

40.4100, 0.4743,  
0.3652

54.9670, 0.4028,  
0.3546

34.8794, 0.5146,  
0.3674

64.1112, 0.3738,  
0.3479

30.4267, 0.5538,  
0.3660

74.5712, 0.3494,  
0.3412

26.9775, 0.5876,  
0.3605

86.3969, 0.3291,  
0.3348

■ 24.4412, 0.6124,  
0.3516

99.6356, 0.3121,  
0.3288

■ 24.3609, 0.6132,  
0.3513

99.8102, 0.3121,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.0831, 0.4094, 0.3130



47.0831, 0.4365, 0.3606



47.0831, 0.4259, 0.4063

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.0831, 0.4365, 0.3606



47.0831, 0.2667, 0.3986



47.0831, 0.2383, 0.2318

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.0831, 0.4365, 0.3606



65.0241, 0.2407, 0.2930

# Split Complementary

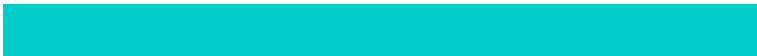
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.0831, 0.2084, 0.2427



47.0831, 0.4365, 0.3606



47.0831, 0.2228, 0.3351

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.0831, 0.4365, 0.3606



47.0831, 0.3257, 0.4387



47.0831, 0.2029, 0.2777



47.0831, 0.2897, 0.2426



# Rectangle

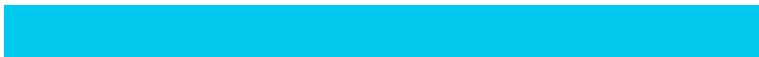
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



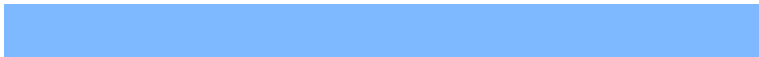
47.0831, 0.4365, 0.3606



47.0831, 0.4007, 0.4300



47.0831, 0.2029, 0.2777



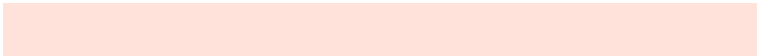
47.0831, 0.2257, 0.2329

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.0855, 0.4365, 0.3606



80.5787, 0.3395, 0.3382



41.9123, 0.3455, 0.2331



16.7178, 0.3440, 0.3396



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.0855, 0.4365, 0.3606



40.5342, 0.4759, 0.3654



74.0176, 0.4016, 0.4218



18.6900, 0.3288, 0.3347



13.0317, 0.6105, 0.3534

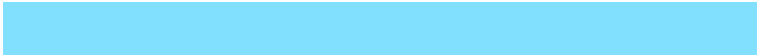


1.4289, 0.5890, 0.3705



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.0241, 0.2407, 0.2930



60.4579, 0.2289, 0.2840



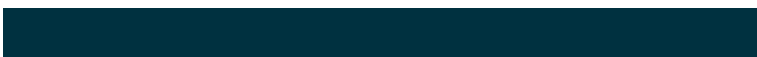
37.4315, 0.2252, 0.2127



19.7042, 0.2980, 0.3232



24.2228, 0.2027, 0.2498



2.5265, 0.2055, 0.2599



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 47.0831, 0.4365, 0.3606 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 47.0831, 0.4365, 0.3606 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

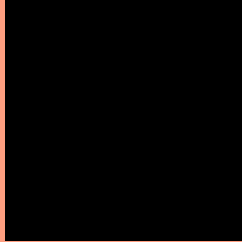
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 47.0831, 0.4365, 0.3606**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 47.0831, 0.4365, 0.3606.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 47.0831, 0.4365, 0.3606.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

47.0831, 0.4365, 0.3606

### Protanopia

47.4668, 0.3604, 0.3857

### Deuteranopia

47.2007, 0.3974, 0.3888



## Tritanopia

47.0878, 0.4020, 0.3177

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

47.0831, 0.4365, 0.3606

**Protanomaly**

46.7731, 0.3871, 0.3763

**Deuteranomaly**

47.0381, 0.4119, 0.3782

**Tritanomaly**

46.9697, 0.4150, 0.3325

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

47.0831, 0.4365, 0.3606

**Achromatopsia**

47.3531, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

46.4718, 0.3543, 0.3427

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 47.0831, 0.4365, 0.3606 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 158, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 158, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 158, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 158, 128) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 47.0831, 0.4365, 0.3606 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 158, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 158, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 158, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 158, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 158, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 158,  
128) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 47.0831, 0.4365, 0.3606 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 158, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
158, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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