

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(47.1086, 0.4259, 0.4060)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(47.1086, 0.4259, 0.4060)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(47.1625, 0.4261, 0.4055)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E5AC68
RGB	229, 172, 104
RGB Percent	90%, 67%, 41%
CMY	0.1021, 0.3254, 0.5922
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.55, 0.10
HSL	33°, 71%, 65%
HSV	33°, 55%, 90%
XYZ	49.5584, 47.1625, 19.5861
YIQ	181.2910, 55.8000, -9.0640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

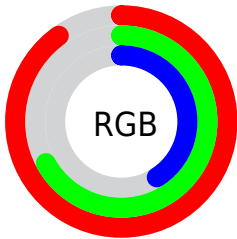
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	209, 229, 104
Decimal	15051880
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	74.29, 13.24, 42.78
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	74, 44.781, 72.804
Yxy	47.1625, 0.4261, 0.4055
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293241960 (0xFFE5AC68)
YUV	181.2910, -38.1045, 41.8408
Hunter-Lab	68.6750, 8.6311, 31.1630

# Details

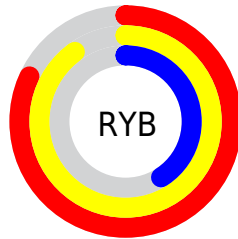
The Yxy color **47.1625, 0.4261, 0.4055** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **34.0724, 0.2238, 0.2340**, and the grayscale version is **46.5622, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.5985, 0.3812, 0.4010**, and **22.2453, 0.4544, 0.4219** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.9429, 0.4519, 0.4160**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.8249, 0.4010, 0.3925**.

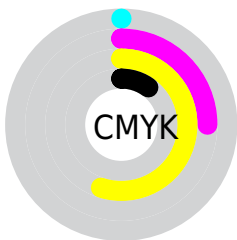
# Distribution



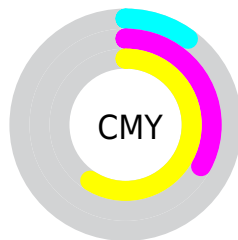
- Red (90%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Black (10%)




- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (59%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 47.1625, 0.4261, 0.4055 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 47.1625, 0.4261, 0.4055 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 47.1625, 0.4261,  
0.4055

 47.1625, 0.4261,  
0.4055


375.4628, 0.3706,  
0.3706


 33.1641, 0.4390,  
0.4127


 85.9561, 0.4065,  
0.3939


 22.2522, 0.4549,  
0.4210


 111.5202, 0.3989,  
0.3892

 14.0423, 0.4745,  
0.4301


 141.7083, 0.3925,  
0.3851

 8.1501, 0.4986,  
0.4392

 176.9048, 0.3869,  
0.3815

 4.1912, 0.5423,  
0.4577

217.4941, 0.3820,  
0.3783

 1.7811, 0.5594,  
0.4406

263.8606, 0.3777,

 0.4753, 0.6198,

0.3754

0.3802

316.3887, 0.3740,  
0.3729

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

47.1625, 0.4261,  
0.4055

47.1625, 0.4261,  
0.4055

42.9429, 0.4519,  
0.4160

51.8249, 0.4010,  
0.3925

39.1417, 0.4771,  
0.4229

56.9395, 0.3776,  
0.3782

35.7416, 0.5004,  
0.4248

62.5237, 0.3561,  
0.3635

32.7201, 0.5201,  
0.4213

68.5917, 0.3369,  
0.3490

31.2256, 0.5296,  
0.4177

75.1569, 0.3198,  
0.3351

■ 82.2323, 0.3048,  
0.3220

■ 89.2181, 0.2968,  
0.3190

■ 95.3941, 0.2970,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.1625, 0.4361, 0.3598



47.1625, 0.4261, 0.4055



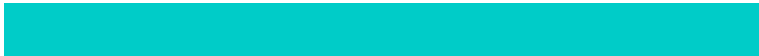
47.1625, 0.3849, 0.4376

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.1625, 0.4261, 0.4055



47.1625, 0.2235, 0.3361



47.1625, 0.2888, 0.2424

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.1625, 0.4261, 0.4055



34.0724, 0.2238, 0.2340

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.1625, 0.2378, 0.2320



47.1625, 0.4261, 0.4055



47.1625, 0.2032, 0.2786

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.1625, 0.4261, 0.4055



47.1625, 0.2676, 0.3993



47.1625, 0.2083, 0.2432



47.1625, 0.3521, 0.2710



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.1625, 0.4261, 0.4055



47.1625, 0.3470, 0.4428



47.1625, 0.2083, 0.2432



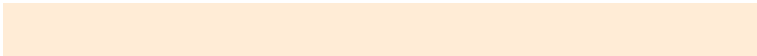
47.1625, 0.2697, 0.2367

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.1648, 0.4261, 0.4055



86.3500, 0.3397, 0.3512



29.1737, 0.3960, 0.2637



18.1323, 0.3435, 0.3542



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.1648, 0.4261, 0.4055



54.4105, 0.4539, 0.4167



73.0017, 0.3882, 0.4607



15.6613, 0.3279, 0.3418



18.1013, 0.5274, 0.4194



1.5228, 0.5074, 0.4353



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.0724, 0.2238, 0.2340



36.1907, 0.2076, 0.2110



18.7537, 0.2100, 0.1557



14.9638, 0.2981, 0.3159



9.1716, 0.1733, 0.1438



0.8615, 0.1810, 0.1716



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 47.1625, 0.4261, 0.4055 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 47.1625, 0.4261, 0.4055 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

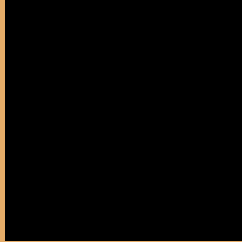
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 47.1625, 0.4261, 0.4055**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 47.1625, 0.4261, 0.4055.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 47.1625, 0.4261, 0.4055.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

47.1625, 0.4261, 0.4055

### Protanopia

47.2290, 0.3891, 0.4228

### Deuteranopia

47.3272, 0.4193, 0.4117



## Tritanopia

46.9911, 0.3694, 0.3145

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

47.1625, 0.4261, 0.4055

**Protanomaly**

47.1506, 0.4025, 0.4158

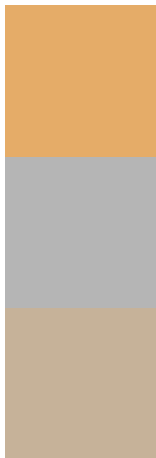
**Deuteranomaly**

47.2589, 0.4219, 0.4099

**Tritanomaly**

46.7981, 0.3917, 0.3476

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

47.1625, 0.4261, 0.4055

**Achromatopsia**

46.2077, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

46.1465, 0.3518, 0.3611

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 47.1625, 0.4261, 0.4055 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(229, 172, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(229, 172, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 172, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(229, 172, 104) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 47.1625, 0.4261, 0.4055 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(229, 172, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(229, 172, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(229, 172, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(229, 172, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 172, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 172,  
104) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 47.1625, 0.4261, 0.4055 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(229, 172, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(229,  
172, 104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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