

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(47.3291, 0.2750, 0.3606)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(47.3291, 0.2750, 0.3606)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(47.3876, 0.2753, 0.3608)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(47.3876, 0.2753, 0.3608)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7DC5AF
RGB	125, 197, 175
RGB Percent	49%, 77%, 69%
CMY	0.5099, 0.2274, 0.3137
CMYK	0.37, 0.00, 0.11, 0.23
HSL	162°, 38%, 63%
HSV	162°, 37%, 77%
XYZ	36.1580, 47.3876, 47.7948
YIQ	172.9640, -35.8500, -22.1060

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

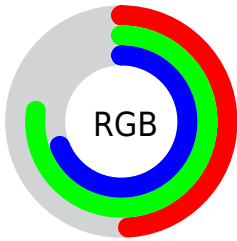
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">125, 167, 197</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8242607</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">74.44, -27.52, 3.93</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">74, 27.802, 171.877</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">47.3876, 0.2753, 0.3608</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4286432687</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF7DC5AF</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">172.9640, 1.0037, -42.0644</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">68.8387, -26.7092, 7.0219</a>

# Details

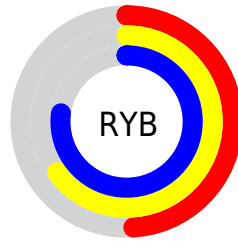
The Yxy color **47.3876, 0.2753, 0.3608** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **28.6386, 0.3730, 0.2998**, and the grayscale version is **41.7762, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.3001, 0.2824, 0.3555**, and **22.4527, 0.2645, 0.3696** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45.8200, 0.2672, 0.3712**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.2637, 0.2846, 0.3511**.

# Distribution



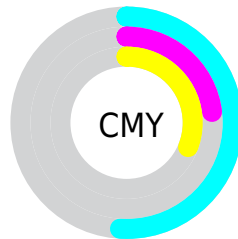
- Red (49%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (23%)




- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 47.3876, 0.2753, 0.3608 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 47.3876, 0.2753, 0.3608 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 47.3876, 0.2753,  
0.3608


 47.3876, 0.2753,  
0.3608

376.3596, 0.2940,  
0.3447


 33.3422, 0.2706,  
0.3649


 86.2919, 0.2821,  
0.3549

 22.3887, 0.2646,  
0.3702


 111.9196, 0.2847,  
0.3527

 14.1428, 0.2566,  
0.3773


 142.1768, 0.2868,  
0.3508

 8.2200, 0.2453,  
0.3874

177.4479, 0.2887,  
0.3492

 4.2361, 0.2286,  
0.4028

218.1173, 0.2903,  
0.3479

 1.8065, 0.2012,  
0.4290

264.5695, 0.2917,

 0.4912, 0.0000,

0.3467

0.6537

317.1888, 0.2929,  
0.3456

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

47.3876, 0.2753,  
0.3608

47.3876, 0.2753,  
0.3608

45.8200, 0.2672,  
0.3712

49.2637, 0.2846,  
0.3511

44.5374, 0.2606,  
0.3822

51.4586, 0.2947,  
0.3421

43.5223, 0.2558,  
0.3936


53.9892, 0.3055,  
0.3339

42.7528, 0.2529,  
0.4052


56.8697, 0.3166,  
0.3266


42.2033, 0.2519,  
0.4168


60.1133, 0.3278,  
0.3200


 41.8405, 0.2529,  
0.4283

 63.7324, 0.3389,  
0.3141

 41.7369, 0.2534,  
0.4322

 66.2136, 0.3437,  
0.3085

 66.5329, 0.3390,  
0.3025

 66.8638, 0.3344,  
0.2966

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.3876, 0.3114, 0.3896



47.3876, 0.2753, 0.3608



47.3876, 0.2501, 0.3231

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.3876, 0.2753, 0.3608



47.3876, 0.2741, 0.2665



47.3876, 0.3900, 0.3606

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.3876, 0.2753, 0.3608



28.6386, 0.3730, 0.2998

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.3876, 0.3792, 0.3292



47.3876, 0.2753, 0.3608



47.3876, 0.3102, 0.2771

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.3876, 0.2753, 0.3608



47.3876, 0.2495, 0.2706



47.3876, 0.3493, 0.2994



47.3876, 0.3785, 0.3865



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.3876, 0.2753, 0.3608



47.3876, 0.2421, 0.3001



47.3876, 0.3493, 0.2994



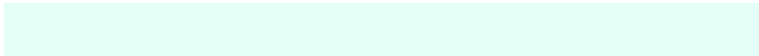
47.3876, 0.3889, 0.3503

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.3895, 0.2753, 0.3608



94.5229, 0.3005, 0.3376



47.6925, 0.3251, 0.4326



20.0988, 0.2990, 0.3387



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

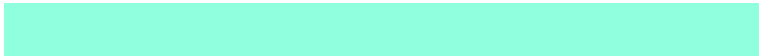


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.3895, 0.2753, 0.3608



82.5468, 0.2686, 0.3692



42.5887, 0.2593, 0.3100



12.0102, 0.3024, 0.3362



27.4650, 0.2530, 0.4307



1.3130, 0.2463, 0.4068



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.6386, 0.3730, 0.2998



44.0228, 0.3931, 0.2934



31.5805, 0.3938, 0.3469



10.6894, 0.3242, 0.3220



8.0369, 0.5720, 0.2924



0.3936, 0.5113, 0.2590



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 47.3876, 0.2753, 0.3608 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

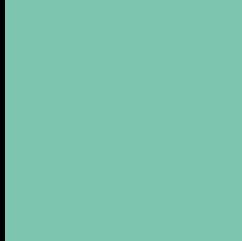
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 47.3876, 0.2753, 0.3608 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

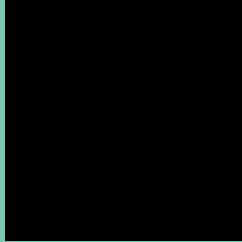
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

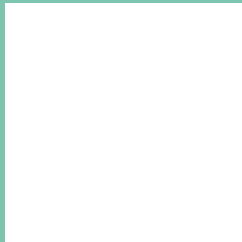
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 47.3876, 0.2753, 0.3608**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 47.3876, 0.2753, 0.3608.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 47.3876, 0.2753, 0.3608.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

47.3876, 0.2753, 0.3608

### Protanopia

47.0647, 0.3309, 0.3485

### Deuteranopia

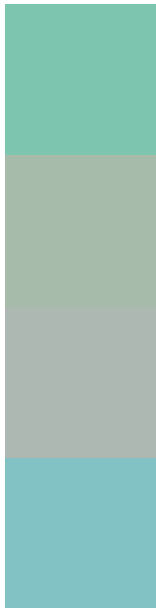
46.7228, 0.3325, 0.3253



## Tritanopia

47.2399, 0.2594, 0.3071

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

47.3876, 0.2753, 0.3608

**Protanomaly**

46.5499, 0.3083, 0.3522

**Deuteranomaly**

46.3796, 0.3082, 0.3370

**Tritanomaly**

47.3149, 0.2651, 0.3261

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

47.3876, 0.2753, 0.3608

**Achromatopsia**

41.7885, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

43.5798, 0.2972, 0.3402

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 47.3876, 0.2753, 0.3608 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(125, 197, 175)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 197, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 197, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 197, 175) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 47.3876, 0.2753, 0.3608 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 197, 175) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 197, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(125, 197, 175)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(125, 197, 175); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 197, 175);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 197,  
175) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 47.3876, 0.2753, 0.3608 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 197, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125,  
197, 175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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