

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(47.7707, 0.3007, 0.6050)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(47.7707, 0.3007, 0.6050)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(48.0931, 0.3000, 0.6000)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00D600
RGB	0, 214, 0
RGB Percent	0%, 84%, 0%
CMY	1.0000, 0.1608, 0.9999
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.16
HSL	120°, 100%, 42%
HSV	120°, 100%, 84%
XYZ	24.0465, 48.0931, 8.0155
YIQ	125.6180, -58.8500, -111.9220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

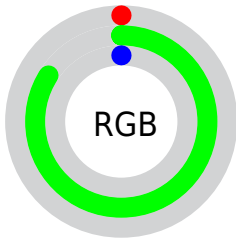
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">0, 214, 214</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">54784</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">74.88, -75.51, 72.87</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">75, 104.938, 136.016</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">48.0931, 0.3000, 0.6000</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4278244864 (0xFF00D600)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">125.6180, -61.9297, -110.1670</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">69.3492, -59.4669, 41.6916</a>

# Details

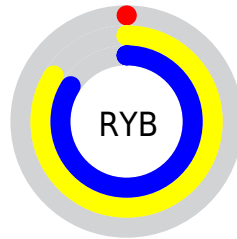
The Yxy color **48.0931, 0.3000, 0.6000** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC00**. The color can be described as dark washed green. A complement of this color would be **19.1506, 0.3210, 0.1542**, and the grayscale version is **20.9586, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.3482, 0.3121, 0.5400**, and **24.1139, 0.3000, 0.6000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.0951, 0.3000, 0.6000**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48.3146, 0.3004, 0.5922**.

# Distribution



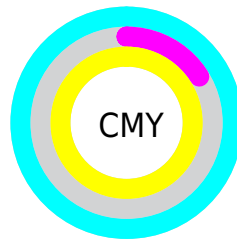
- Red (0%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (16%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 48.0931, 0.3000, 0.6000 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 48.0931, 0.3000, 0.6000 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 48.0931, 0.3000,  
0.6000

 48.0931, 0.3000,  
0.6000


379.1610, 0.3197,  
0.4566

 33.9006, 0.2901,  
0.6347


 87.3430, 0.3108,  
0.5478


 22.8173, 0.2746,  
0.6769


 113.1692, 0.3138,  
0.5281


 14.4586, 0.2516,  
0.7324


 143.6421, 0.3158,  
0.5114

 8.4403, 0.2114,  
0.7886

 179.1461, 0.3172,  
0.4971

 4.3780, 0.1504,  
0.8496

 220.0656, 0.3182,  
0.4848

 1.8872, 0.0000,  
1.0000

 266.7850, 0.3189,


 0.5406, 0.0000,


0.4742


1.0000


319.6887, 0.3194,  
0.4648

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 48.0931, 0.3000,  
0.6000

 48.0931, 0.3000,  
0.6000


 48.0951, 0.3000,  
0.6000

 48.3146, 0.3004,  
0.5922

 48.7774, 0.3011,  
0.5767

 49.5645, 0.3022,  
0.5526

 50.7203, 0.3037,  
0.5219

 52.2828, 0.3053,  
0.4871

■ 54.2849, 0.3070,  
0.4512

■ 56.7563, 0.3086,  
0.4163

■ 59.7240, 0.3101,  
0.3838

■ 63.2131, 0.3115,  
0.3547

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.0931, 0.4184, 0.5543



48.0931, 0.3000, 0.6000



48.0931, 0.1901, 0.4935

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.0931, 0.3000, 0.6000



48.0931, 0.1166, 0.1500



48.0931, 0.5431, 0.2874

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.0931, 0.3000, 0.6000



19.1506, 0.3210, 0.1542

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.0931, 0.4125, 0.2170



48.0931, 0.3000, 0.6000



48.0931, 0.1679, 0.1426

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.0931, 0.3000, 0.6000



48.0931, 0.1014, 0.1978



48.0931, 0.2672, 0.1657



48.0931, 0.5793, 0.3653

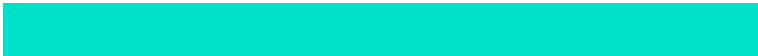


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.0931, 0.3000, 0.6000



48.0931, 0.1385, 0.3690



48.0931, 0.2672, 0.1657



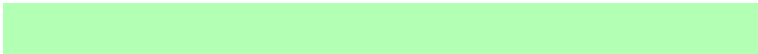
48.0931, 0.5072, 0.2628

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.0951, 0.3000, 0.6000



84.2791, 0.3086, 0.4173



62.3917, 0.4193, 0.5053



17.6874, 0.3079, 0.4319



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.0951, 0.3000, 0.6000



71.5201, 0.3000, 0.6000



49.1566, 0.2729, 0.5024



13.8960, 0.3116, 0.3531



29.0692, 0.3000, 0.6000



1.7533, 0.3000, 0.6000



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.1506, 0.3210, 0.1542



28.4780, 0.3210, 0.1542



15.3583, 0.4980, 0.2517



12.6327, 0.3138, 0.3060



11.5748, 0.3210, 0.1542

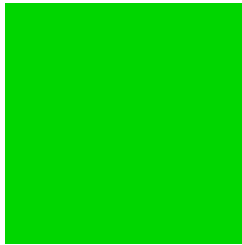


0.6981, 0.3209, 0.1542



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 48.0931, 0.3000, 0.6000 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

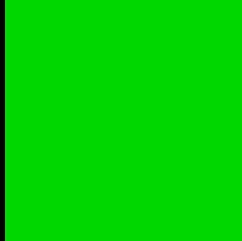
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 48.0931, 0.3000, 0.6000 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

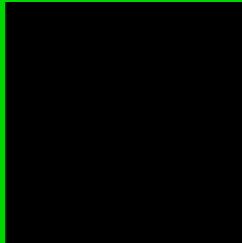
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

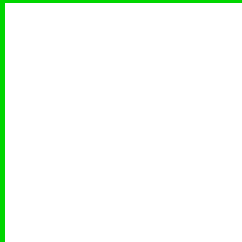
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 48.0931, 0.3000, 0.6000**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 48.0931, 0.3000, 0.6000.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 48.0931, 0.3000, 0.6000.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

48.0931, 0.3000, 0.6000

### Protanopia

46.9888, 0.4406, 0.4884

### Deuteranopia

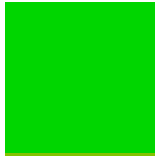
46.9074, 0.4618, 0.4507



## Tritanopia

47.9268, 0.2359, 0.3064

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

48.0931, 0.3000, 0.6000



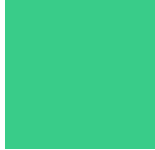
**Protanomaly**

43.4089, 0.3630, 0.5500



**Deuteranomaly**

42.1661, 0.3760, 0.5275



**Tritanomaly**

45.8617, 0.2654, 0.4380

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

48.0931, 0.3000, 0.6000



**Achromatopsia**

20.8637, 0.3127, 0.3290



**Achromatomaly**

26.7384, 0.3056, 0.4811

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 48.0931, 0.3000, 0.6000 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 214, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 214, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 214, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 214, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 48.0931, 0.3000, 0.6000 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 214, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 214, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 214, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 214, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 214, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 214, 0) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 48.0931, 0.3000, 0.6000 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 214, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 214,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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