

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(47.9164, 0.2396, 0.3494)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(47.9164, 0.2396, 0.3494)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(47.8955, 0.2396, 0.3498)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(47.8955, 0.2396, 0.3498)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3DCCBE
RGB	61, 204, 190
RGB Percent	24%, 80%, 75%
CMY	0.7610, 0.2000, 0.2550
CMYK	0.70, 0.00, 0.07, 0.20
HSL	174°, 58%, 52%
HSV	174°, 70%, 80%
XYZ	32.8066, 47.8955, 56.2204
YIQ	159.6470, -80.7340, -34.6700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

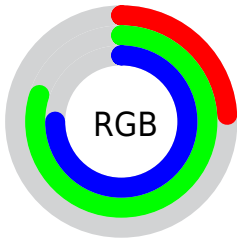
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">61, 136, 204</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">4050110</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">74.76, -40.47, -3.97</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">75, 40.663, 185.602</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">47.8955, 0.2396, 0.3498</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4282240190 (0xFF3DCCBE)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">159.6470, 14.9640, -86.5134</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">69.2066, -36.4955, 0.2800</a>

# Details

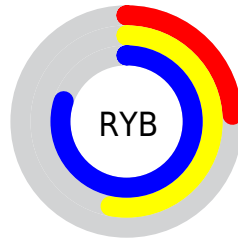
The Yxy color **47.8955, 0.2396, 0.3498** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCCC**. The color can be described as middle muted spring green. A complement of this color would be **16.6767, 0.5261, 0.3152**, and the grayscale version is **34.9327, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.7630, 0.2512, 0.3392**, and **23.3010, 0.2315, 0.3535** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.2823, 0.2358, 0.3532**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48.7596, 0.2453, 0.3465**.

# Distribution



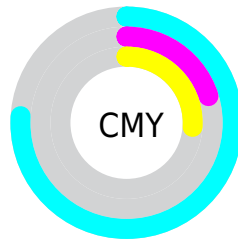
- Red (24%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (20%)




- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (26%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 47.8955, 0.2396, 0.3498 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 47.8955, 0.2396, 0.3498 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 47.8955, 0.2396,  
0.3498


 47.8955, 0.2396,  
0.3498


378.3778, 0.2754,  
0.3400


 33.7441, 0.2309,  
0.3520


 87.0488, 0.2524,  
0.3464


 22.6971, 0.2200,  
0.3548


 112.8195, 0.2573,  
0.3451

 14.3700, 0.2058,  
0.3582


 143.2321, 0.2614,  
0.3439

 8.3785, 0.1866,  
0.3625

 178.6711, 0.2650,  
0.3430

 4.3381, 0.1595,  
0.3680

 219.5207, 0.2681,  
0.3421

 1.8644, 0.1141,  
0.3766

266.1654, 0.2708,


 0.5268, 0.0000,

0.3413

0.3823

318.9897, 0.2732,  
0.3406


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 47.8955, 0.2396,  
0.3498

 47.8955, 0.2396,  
0.3498

 47.2823, 0.2358,  
0.3532

 48.7596, 0.2453,  
0.3465

 46.8849, 0.2338,  
0.3565

 49.8940, 0.2530,  
0.3432

 46.6514, 0.2333,  
0.3598

 51.3227, 0.2623,  
0.3400

 53.0653, 0.2733,  
0.3369

 55.1398, 0.2854,  
0.3341

■ 57.5629, 0.2986,  
0.3314

■ 60.3500, 0.3125,  
0.3290

■ 63.5158, 0.3269,  
0.3268

■ 67.0740, 0.3414,  
0.3249

# Harmonies

## Analogous

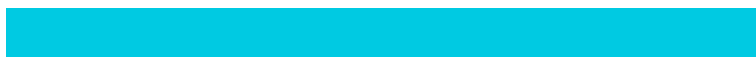
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.8955, 0.2844, 0.4033



47.8955, 0.2396, 0.3498



47.8955, 0.2151, 0.2949

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.8955, 0.2396, 0.3498



47.8955, 0.2786, 0.2458



47.8955, 0.4208, 0.3902

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.8955, 0.2396, 0.3498



16.6767, 0.5261, 0.3152

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.8955, 0.4213, 0.3475



47.8955, 0.2396, 0.3498



47.8955, 0.3347, 0.2684

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.8955, 0.2396, 0.3498



47.8955, 0.2360, 0.2409



47.8955, 0.3887, 0.3044



47.8955, 0.3897, 0.4227



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.8955, 0.2396, 0.3498



47.8955, 0.2118, 0.2672



47.8955, 0.3887, 0.3044



47.8955, 0.4247, 0.3765

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.8973, 0.2396, 0.3498



90.8864, 0.2840, 0.3344



45.0322, 0.3087, 0.5482



19.2395, 0.2805, 0.3352



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.8973, 0.2396, 0.3498



77.9279, 0.2346, 0.3548



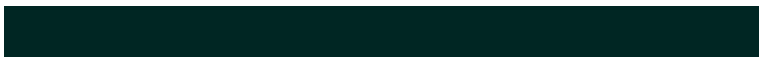
26.1491, 0.2105, 0.2370



12.7074, 0.2996, 0.3313



29.3676, 0.2332, 0.3593



1.5207, 0.2313, 0.3528



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.6767, 0.5261, 0.3152



23.1777, 0.5891, 0.3183



26.1706, 0.4873, 0.3955



11.2312, 0.3275, 0.3268



8.1182, 0.6277, 0.3231

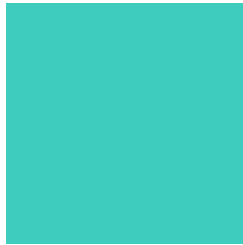


0.4251, 0.5921, 0.3036



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 47.8955, 0.2396, 0.3498 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

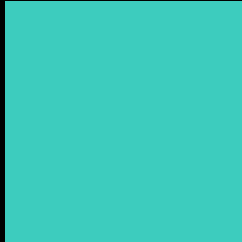
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 47.8955, 0.2396, 0.3498 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

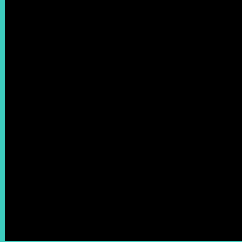
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

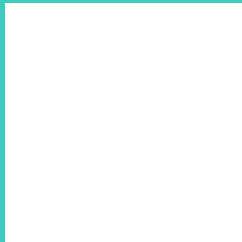
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 47.8955, 0.2396, 0.3498**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 47.8955, 0.2396, 0.3498.

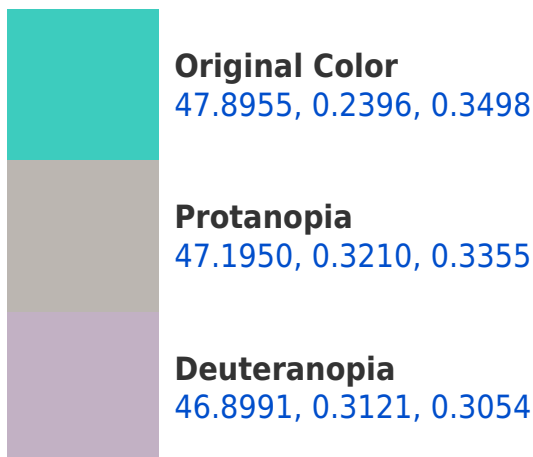


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 47.8955, 0.2396, 0.3498.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## Tritanopia

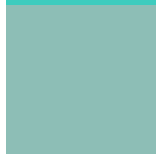
47.7623, 0.2304, 0.3062

# Trichromacy



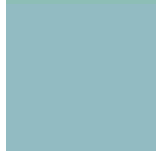
## Original Color

47.8955, 0.2396, 0.3498



## Protanomaly

45.8670, 0.2807, 0.3402



## Deuteranomaly

45.5467, 0.2759, 0.3193



## Tritanomaly

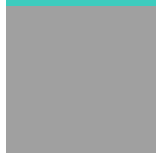
47.5804, 0.2333, 0.3201

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

47.8955, 0.2396, 0.3498



## Achromatopsia

35.1533, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

38.2760, 0.2742, 0.3365

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 47.8955, 0.2396, 0.3498 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(61, 204, 190)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(61, 204, 190)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(61, 204, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(61, 204, 190) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 47.8955, 0.2396, 0.3498 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(61, 204, 190) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(61, 204, 190) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(61, 204, 190)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(61, 204, 190); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 204, 190);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 204,  
190) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 47.8955, 0.2396, 0.3498 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(61, 204, 190) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(61, 204,  
190) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor