

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(48.0882, 0.2940, 0.3375)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(48.0882, 0.2940, 0.3375)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(48.2994, 0.2941, 0.3384)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A1BFB8
RGB	161, 191, 184
RGB Percent	63%, 75%, 72%
CMY	0.3687, 0.2509, 0.2785
CMYK	0.16, 0.00, 0.04, 0.25
HSL	166°, 19%, 69%
HSV	166°, 16%, 75%
XYZ	41.9765, 48.2994, 52.4528
YIQ	181.2320, -15.6330, -8.5370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

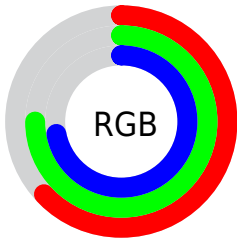
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	161, 178, 191
Decimal	10600376
CIELab	75.01, -11.53, 0.14
CIELCh	75, 11.533, 179.322
Yxy	48.2994, 0.2941, 0.3384
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288790456 (0xFFA1BFB8)
YUV	181.2320, 1.3646, -17.7435
Hunter-Lab	69.4978, -13.8074, 3.8999

# Details

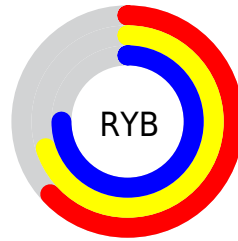
The Yxy color **48.2994, 0.2941, 0.3384** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **39.3875, 0.3353, 0.3198**, and the grayscale version is **46.3381, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.4117, 0.2974, 0.3363**, and **23.0669, 0.2890, 0.3420** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.2822, 0.2831, 0.3451**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.6296, 0.3058, 0.3323**.

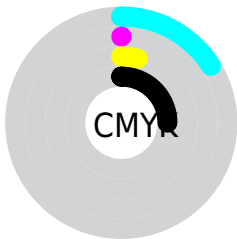
# Distribution



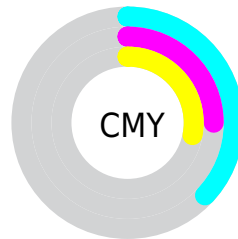
- Red (63%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (25%)




- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (28%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 48.2994, 0.2941, 0.3384 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 48.2994, 0.2941, 0.3384 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 48.2994, 0.2941,  
0.3384


 48.2994, 0.2941,  
0.3384


379.9777, 0.3034,  
0.3337

 34.0640, 0.2918,  
0.3396


 87.6500, 0.2974,  
0.3367

 22.9428, 0.2889,  
0.3410

 113.5341, 0.2987,  
0.3361

 14.5513, 0.2850,  
0.3430


144.0698, 0.2998,  
0.3355

 8.5051, 0.2796,  
0.3457

179.6416, 0.3007,  
0.3351

 4.4198, 0.2716,  
0.3498

220.6339, 0.3015,  
0.3347

 1.9111, 0.2584,  
0.3564

267.4311, 0.3022,

 0.5550, 0.1762,

0.3343

0.3976

320.4175, 0.3028,  
0.3340

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

48.2994, 0.2941,  
0.3384

48.2994, 0.2941,  
0.3384

46.2822, 0.2831,  
0.3451

50.6296, 0.3058,  
0.3323

44.5583, 0.2730,  
0.3524

53.2798, 0.3179,  
0.3267

43.1149, 0.2641,  
0.3601

56.2640, 0.3302,  
0.3217

41.9358, 0.2568,  
0.3683

59.5938, 0.3425,  
0.3173

41.0032, 0.2512,  
0.3767

62.9974, 0.3534,  
0.3133

■ 40.2971, 0.2475,  
0.3853

■ 63.2179, 0.3497,  
0.3088

■ 39.7943, 0.2457,  
0.3939

■ 63.4446, 0.3461,  
0.3043

■ 39.4659, 0.2458,  
0.4025

■ 63.6776, 0.3425,  
0.2998

■ 39.3530, 0.2462,  
0.4062

■ 63.9169, 0.3390,  
0.2954

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.2994, 0.3087, 0.3507



48.2994, 0.2941, 0.3384



48.2994, 0.2846, 0.3236

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.2994, 0.2941, 0.3384



48.2994, 0.3003, 0.3027



48.2994, 0.3440, 0.3461

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.2994, 0.2941, 0.3384



39.3875, 0.3353, 0.3198

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.2994, 0.3417, 0.3332



48.2994, 0.2941, 0.3384



48.2994, 0.3161, 0.3086

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.2994, 0.2941, 0.3384



48.2994, 0.2880, 0.3034



48.2994, 0.3314, 0.3196



48.2994, 0.3377, 0.3549



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.2994, 0.2941, 0.3384



48.2994, 0.2822, 0.3147



48.2994, 0.3314, 0.3196



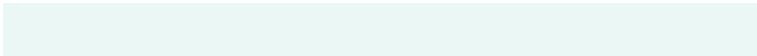
48.2994, 0.3442, 0.3421

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.3014, 0.2941, 0.3384



90.9546, 0.3066, 0.3319



48.2170, 0.3169, 0.3698



19.9030, 0.3057, 0.3323



97.7402, 0.3127, 0.3290



20.4902, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.3014, 0.2941, 0.3384



85.1414, 0.2901, 0.3407



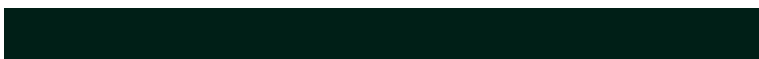
45.4117, 0.2888, 0.3188



10.7704, 0.3015, 0.3344



25.8721, 0.2458, 0.4050



1.0229, 0.2402, 0.3846



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.3875, 0.3353, 0.3198



66.0304, 0.3416, 0.3176



41.8358, 0.3404, 0.3390



9.5719, 0.3253, 0.3237



7.4125, 0.5953, 0.3053

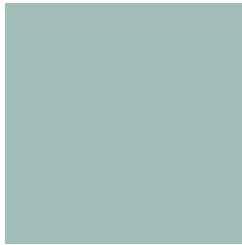


0.3008, 0.5263, 0.2673



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 48.2994, 0.2941, 0.3384 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

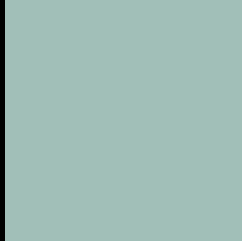
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 48.2994, 0.2941, 0.3384 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

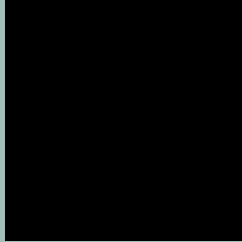
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

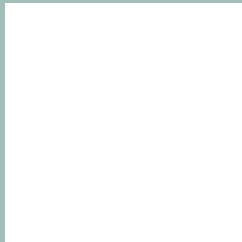
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 48.2994, 0.2941, 0.3384**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 48.2994, 0.2941, 0.3384.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 48.2994, 0.2941, 0.3384.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

48.2994, 0.2941, 0.3384

### Protanopia

47.9811, 0.3202, 0.3329

### Deuteranopia

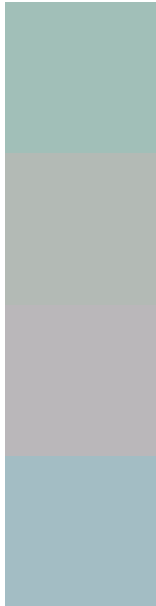
47.8462, 0.3255, 0.3179



## Tritanopia

48.1707, 0.2830, 0.3093

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

48.2994, 0.2941, 0.3384

## Protanomaly

48.0377, 0.3107, 0.3355

## Deuteranomaly

47.8512, 0.3129, 0.3252

## Tritanomaly

48.1672, 0.2871, 0.3197

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

48.2994, 0.2941, 0.3384

## Achromatopsia

46.2077, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

47.0740, 0.3059, 0.3329

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 48.2994, 0.2941, 0.3384 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 191, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 191, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 191, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 191, 184) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 48.2994, 0.2941, 0.3384 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 191, 184) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 191, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 191, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 191, 184); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 191, 184); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 191, 184) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 48.2994, 0.2941, 0.3384 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 191, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
191, 184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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