

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(48.3064, 0.3138, 0.3289)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(48.3064, 0.3138, 0.3289)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(48.1808, 0.3144, 0.3290)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BAB8B8
RGB	186, 184, 184
RGB Percent	73%, 72%, 72%
CMY	0.2706, 0.2784, 0.2784
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.01, 0.27
HSL	360°, 1%, 73%
HSV	360°, 1%, 73%
XYZ	46.0427, 48.1808, 52.2227
YIQ	184.5980, 1.1920, 0.4240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

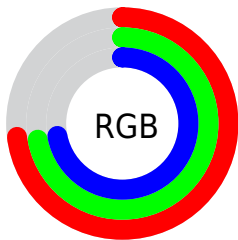
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	186, 184, 184
Decimal	12236984
CIE Lab	74.94, 0.71, 0.24
CIE LCh	75, 0.746, 18.562
Yxy	48.1808, 0.3144, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290427064 (0xFFBAB8B8)
YUV	184.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296
Hunter-Lab	69.4124, -3.0689, 3.9816

# Details

The Yxy color **48.1808, 0.3144, 0.3290** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **48.8553, 0.3111, 0.3290**, and the grayscale version is **48.2835, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.4887, 0.3140, 0.3290**, and **22.8578, 0.3150, 0.3290** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40.2275, 0.3322, 0.3290**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.2567, 0.3002, 0.3290**.

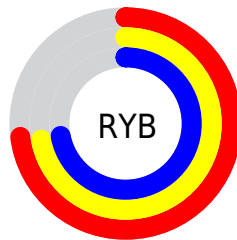
# Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (72%)

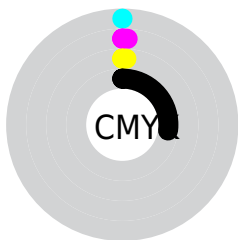
Blue (72%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (72%)

Blue (72%)

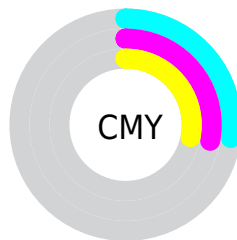


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (28%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 48.1808, 0.3144, 0.3290 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 48.1808, 0.3144, 0.3290 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 48.1808, 0.3144,  
0.3290

■ 48.1808, 0.3144,  
0.3290

379.5083, 0.3136,  
0.3290

■ 33.9701, 0.3146,  
0.3290

■ 87.4735, 0.3141,  
0.3290

■ 22.8706, 0.3149,  
0.3290

113.3243, 0.3140,  
0.3290

■ 14.4980, 0.3152,  
0.3290

143.8240, 0.3139,  
0.3290

■ 8.4678, 0.3157,  
0.3290

179.3568, 0.3138,  
0.3290

■ 4.3957, 0.3164,  
0.3290

220.3073, 0.3137,  
0.3290

■ 1.8973, 0.3177,  
0.3289

267.0598, 0.3137,

■ 0.5468, 0.3230,

0.3290

0.3289

319.9987, 0.3136,  
0.3290

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

48.1808, 0.3144,  
0.3290

48.1808, 0.3144,  
0.3290

40.2275, 0.3322,  
0.3290

57.2567, 0.3002,  
0.3290

33.3472, 0.3543,  
0.3291

67.4899, 0.2887,  
0.3290

27.4960, 0.3820,  
0.3291

78.9214, 0.2795,  
0.3290

22.6244, 0.4159,  
0.3292

89.1795, 0.2731,  
0.3289

18.6789, 0.4563,  
0.3293

■ 15.6009, 0.5021,  
0.3294

■ 13.3250, 0.5497,  
0.3296

■ 11.7768, 0.5926,  
0.3297

■ 10.8679, 0.6235,  
0.3299

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.1808, 0.3136, 0.3281



48.1808, 0.3144, 0.3290



48.1808, 0.3147, 0.3299

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.1808, 0.3144, 0.3290



48.1808, 0.3129, 0.3306



48.1808, 0.3109, 0.3275

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.1808, 0.3144, 0.3290



48.8553, 0.3111, 0.3290

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.1808, 0.3107, 0.3281



48.1808, 0.3144, 0.3290



48.1808, 0.3118, 0.3299

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.1808, 0.3144, 0.3290



48.1808, 0.3139, 0.3308



48.1808, 0.3111, 0.3290



48.1808, 0.3116, 0.3272



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.1808, 0.3144, 0.3290



48.1808, 0.3147, 0.3304



48.1808, 0.3111, 0.3290



48.1808, 0.3108, 0.3277

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.1829, 0.3144, 0.3290



89.0005, 0.3127, 0.3290



48.2631, 0.3128, 0.3264



19.5994, 0.3127, 0.3290



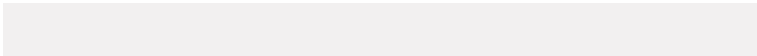
95.5105, 0.3127, 0.3290

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.1829, 0.3144, 0.3290



87.4213, 0.3143, 0.3290



48.5858, 0.3143, 0.3302



10.4803, 0.3142, 0.3290



7.0234, 0.6400, 0.3299



0.2476, 0.6395, 0.3296

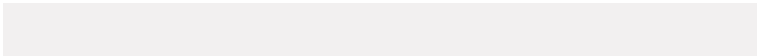


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.1829, 0.3144, 0.3290



87.4213, 0.3143, 0.3290



48.4494, 0.3111, 0.3278



10.4803, 0.3142, 0.3290



7.0234, 0.6400, 0.3299

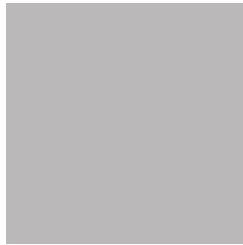


0.2476, 0.6395, 0.3296



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 48.1808, 0.3144, 0.3290 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

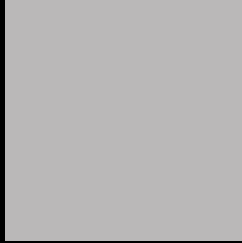
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 48.1808, 0.3144, 0.3290 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

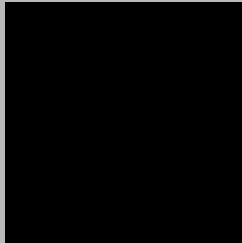
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

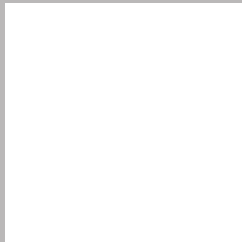


**Yxy 48.1808, 0.3144, 0.3290**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 48.1808, 0.3144, 0.3290.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 48.1808, 0.3144, 0.3290.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

48.1808, 0.3144, 0.3290

### Protanopia

48.0190, 0.3162, 0.3277

### Deuteranopia

48.2995, 0.3279, 0.3217



## Tritanopia

48.1328, 0.3068, 0.3114

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

48.1808, 0.3144, 0.3290

## Protanomaly

47.8925, 0.3153, 0.3277

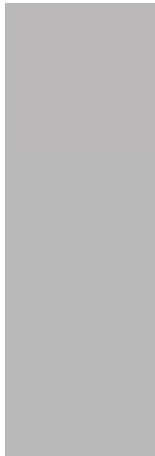
## Deuteranomaly

48.2863, 0.3224, 0.3240

## Tritanomaly

48.2375, 0.3091, 0.3176

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

48.1808, 0.3144, 0.3290

## Achromatopsia

48.5150, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

48.5150, 0.3127, 0.3290

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 48.1808, 0.3144, 0.3290 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 184, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 184, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 184, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 184, 184) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 48.1808, 0.3144, 0.3290 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 184, 184) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 184, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 184, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 184, 184); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 184, 184);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 184,  
184) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 48.1808, 0.3144, 0.3290 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 184, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
184, 184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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