

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(48.3656, 0.2608, 0.2727)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(48.3656, 0.2608, 0.2727)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(48.1564, 0.2608, 0.2725)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9EBAE7
RGB	158, 186, 231
RGB Percent	62%, 73%, 91%
CMY	0.3803, 0.2706, 0.0941
CMYK	0.32, 0.19, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	217°, 60%, 76%
HSV	217°, 32%, 91%
XYZ	46.0888, 48.1564, 82.4756
YIQ	182.7580, -31.1330, 8.0590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

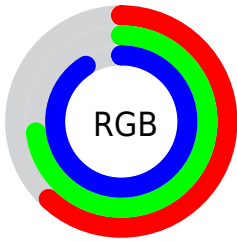
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	158, 178, 231
Decimal	10402535
CIE Lab	74.92, 0.90, -25.55
CIE LCh	75, 25.565, 272.027
Yxy	48.1564, 0.2608, 0.2725
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288592615 (0xFF9EBAE7)
YUV	182.7580, 23.7833, -21.7128
Hunter-Lab	69.3948, -2.8896, -21.8897

# Details

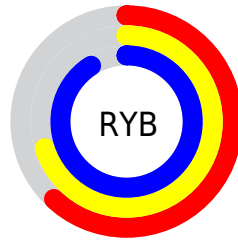
The Yxy color **48.1564, 0.2608, 0.2725** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **62.1961, 0.3692, 0.3795**, and the grayscale version is **47.0987, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85.0204, 0.2877, 0.3155**, and **22.8133, 0.2468, 0.2579** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40.3235, 0.2433, 0.2508**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.0322, 0.2780, 0.2924**.

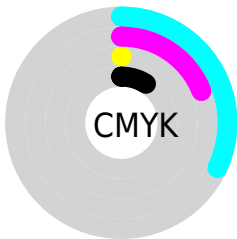
# Distribution



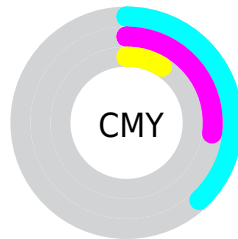
- Red (62%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 48.1564, 0.2608, 0.2725 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 48.1564, 0.2608, 0.2725 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 48.1564, 0.2608,  
0.2725

■ 48.1564, 0.2608,  
0.2725

379.4117, 0.2862,  
0.3001

■ 33.9508, 0.2547,  
0.2659

■ 87.4372, 0.2699,  
0.2823

■ 22.8558, 0.2470,  
0.2575

■ 113.2812, 0.2733,  
0.2861

■ 14.4870, 0.2370,  
0.2468

143.7734, 0.2763,  
0.2893

■ 8.4602, 0.2235,  
0.2323

179.2982, 0.2788,  
0.2920

■ 4.3908, 0.2046,  
0.2120

220.2401, 0.2810,  
0.2944

■ 1.8945, 0.1765,  
0.1820

266.9834, 0.2829,

■ 0.5451, 0.1265,

0.2965

0.1276

319.9124, 0.2847,  
0.2984

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

48.1564, 0.2608,  
0.2725

48.1564, 0.2608,  
0.2725

40.3235, 0.2433,  
0.2508

57.0322, 0.2780,  
0.2924

33.4856, 0.2260,  
0.2277

66.9848, 0.2946,  
0.3105

27.5993, 0.2096,  
0.2038

78.0533, 0.3103,  
0.3266

22.6148, 0.1947,  
0.1798

90.2731, 0.3249,  
0.3409

18.4771, 0.1822,  
0.1566

98.5502, 0.3268,  
0.3522

■ 15.1227, 0.1725,  
0.1351

■ 12.8342, 0.1664,  
0.1189

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.1564, 0.2477, 0.2860



48.1564, 0.2608, 0.2725



48.1564, 0.2877, 0.2733

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.1564, 0.2608, 0.2725



48.1564, 0.3790, 0.3393



48.1564, 0.2998, 0.3769

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.1564, 0.2608, 0.2725



62.1961, 0.3692, 0.3795

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.1564, 0.3351, 0.3919



48.1564, 0.2608, 0.2725



48.1564, 0.3820, 0.3672

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.1564, 0.2608, 0.2725



48.1564, 0.3569, 0.3107



48.1564, 0.3655, 0.3872



48.1564, 0.2692, 0.3467



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.1564, 0.2608, 0.2725



48.1564, 0.3107, 0.2813



48.1564, 0.3655, 0.3872



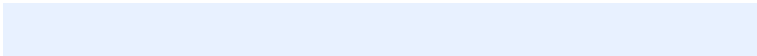
48.1564, 0.3115, 0.3840

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.1583, 0.2608, 0.2725



87.2021, 0.2987, 0.3148



68.7447, 0.2826, 0.3634



18.2453, 0.2964, 0.3123



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.1583, 0.2608, 0.2725



53.6315, 0.2492, 0.2583



38.4012, 0.2629, 0.2375



14.7879, 0.2981, 0.3141



7.4164, 0.1672, 0.1218



0.7233, 0.1753, 0.1510



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.0007, 0.3572, 0.2973



49.6983, 0.3704, 0.2905



75.2368, 0.3540, 0.4095



14.4589, 0.3232, 0.3200



9.9464, 0.5440, 0.2771

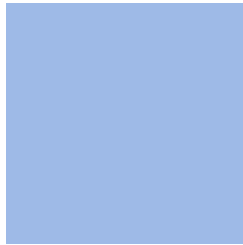


0.7527, 0.5046, 0.2554



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 48.1564, 0.2608, 0.2725 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

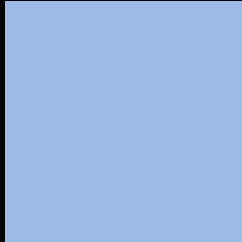
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 48.1564, 0.2608, 0.2725 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

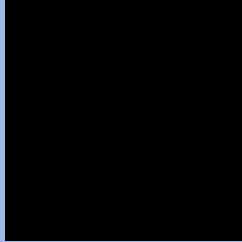
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

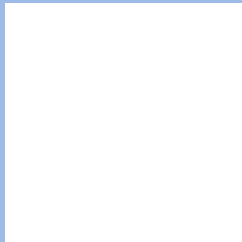
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 48.1564, 0.2608, 0.2725**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 48.1564, 0.2608, 0.2725.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 48.1564, 0.2608, 0.2725.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

48.1564, 0.2608, 0.2725

### Protanopia

47.9416, 0.2725, 0.2723

### Deuteranopia

48.2211, 0.2727, 0.2672



## Tritanopia

47.9585, 0.2727, 0.3077

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

48.1564, 0.2608, 0.2725

## Protanomaly

47.8489, 0.2684, 0.2719

## Deuteranomaly

48.2392, 0.2679, 0.2688

## Tritanomaly

48.1715, 0.2683, 0.2951

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

48.1564, 0.2608, 0.2725

## Achromatopsia

47.3531, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

47.4498, 0.2925, 0.3083

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 48.1564, 0.2608, 0.2725 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 186, 231)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 186, 231)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 186, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 186, 231) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 48.1564, 0.2608, 0.2725 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 186, 231) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 186, 231) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(158, 186, 231)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 186, 231); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 186, 231);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 186,  
231) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 48.1564, 0.2608, 0.2725 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 186, 231) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158,  
186, 231) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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