

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(48.4671, 0.2733, 0.2737)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(48.4671, 0.2733, 0.2737)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(48.4671, 0.2733, 0.2737)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(48.4671, 0.2733, 0.2737)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AEB7E4
RGB	174, 183, 228
RGB Percent	68%, 72%, 89%
CMY	0.3176, 0.2824, 0.1058
CMYK	0.24, 0.20, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	230°, 50%, 79%
HSV	230°, 24%, 89%
XYZ	48.3963, 48.4671, 80.2177
YIQ	185.4390, -19.8090, 12.0870

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

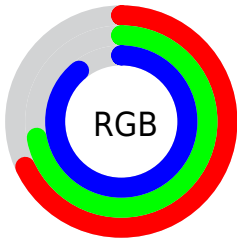
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	174, 182, 228
Decimal	11450340
CIE Lab	75.12, 6.51, -23.53
CIE LCh	75, 24.418, 285.468
Yxy	48.4671, 0.2733, 0.2737
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289640420 (0xFFAEB7E4)
YUV	185.4390, 20.9826, -10.0320
Hunter-Lab	69.6183, 2.2550, -19.5841

# Details

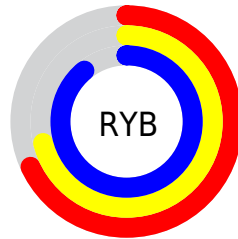
The Yxy color  $48.4671, 0.2733, 0.2737$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be  $70.2344, 0.3505, 0.3788$ , and the grayscale version is  $48.6643, 0.3127, 0.3290$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $85.7760, 0.2974, 0.3128$ , and  $23.0088, 0.2632, 0.2598$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $38.7497, 0.2543, 0.2459$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $59.6918, 0.2910, 0.2990$ .

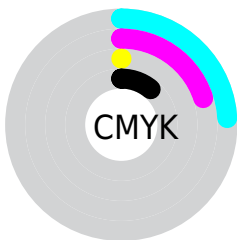
# Distribution



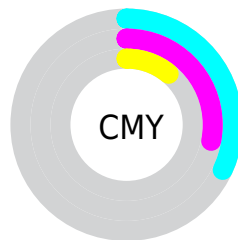
- Red (68%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 48.4671, 0.2733, 0.2737 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 48.4671, 0.2733, 0.2737 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 48.4671, 0.2733,  
0.2737

■ 48.4671, 0.2733,  
0.2737

■ 380.6406, 0.2928,  
0.3004

■ 34.1969, 0.2686,  
0.2673

■ 87.8995, 0.2803,  
0.2832

■ 23.0449, 0.2625,  
0.2593

■ 113.8305, 0.2829,  
0.2868

■ 14.6267, 0.2547,  
0.2490

■ 144.4172, 0.2852,  
0.2899

■ 8.5578, 0.2440,  
0.2352

■ 180.0440, 0.2871,  
0.2926

■ 4.4539, 0.2287,  
0.2159

■ 221.0954, 0.2888,  
0.2949

■ 1.9306, 0.2053,  
0.1873

■ 267.9557, 0.2903,

■ 0.5667, 0.1662,

0.2970

0.1350

321.0093, 0.2916,  
0.2988

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

48.4671, 0.2733,  
0.2737

48.4671, 0.2733,  
0.2737

38.7497, 0.2543,  
0.2459

59.6918, 0.2910,  
0.2990

30.4692, 0.2345,  
0.2159

72.4787, 0.3072,  
0.3214

23.5582, 0.2147,  
0.1849

86.8868, 0.3217,  
0.3412

17.9414, 0.1959,  
0.1541

98.3826, 0.3285,  
0.3552

13.5363, 0.1794,  
0.1255

■ 10.2501, 0.1663,  
0.1008

■ 7.9757, 0.1573,  
0.0818

■ 6.9853, 0.1536,  
0.0730

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.4671, 0.2544, 0.2805



48.4671, 0.2733, 0.2737



48.4671, 0.3034, 0.2803

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.4671, 0.2733, 0.2737



48.4671, 0.3796, 0.3514



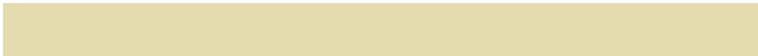
48.4671, 0.2863, 0.3629

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.4671, 0.2733, 0.2737



70.2344, 0.3505, 0.3788

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.4671, 0.3191, 0.3846



48.4671, 0.2733, 0.2737



48.4671, 0.3738, 0.3755

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.4671, 0.2733, 0.2737



48.4671, 0.3662, 0.3235



48.4671, 0.3513, 0.3886



48.4671, 0.2615, 0.3312



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.4671, 0.2733, 0.2737



48.4671, 0.3264, 0.2912



48.4671, 0.3513, 0.3886



48.4671, 0.2968, 0.3718

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.4691, 0.2733, 0.2737



87.6414, 0.3019, 0.3142



69.6139, 0.2829, 0.3395



18.5411, 0.3010, 0.3128



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.4691, 0.2733, 0.2737



56.6074, 0.2649, 0.2615



47.0874, 0.2862, 0.2648



14.2727, 0.2980, 0.3088



4.1481, 0.1541, 0.0748



0.4233, 0.1608, 0.0987



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.1927, 0.3537, 0.3188



59.3370, 0.3641, 0.3168



72.2592, 0.3351, 0.3907



14.4069, 0.3266, 0.3251



9.6165, 0.6153, 0.3163



0.7224, 0.5779, 0.2957



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 48.4671, 0.2733, 0.2737 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

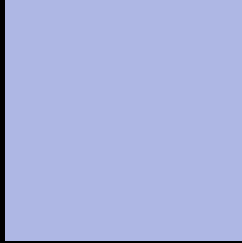
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 48.4671, 0.2733, 0.2737 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

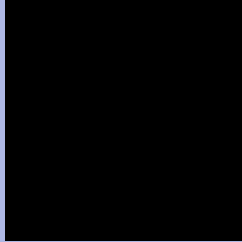
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 48.4671, 0.2733, 0.2737**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 48.4671, 0.2733, 0.2737.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 48.4671, 0.2733, 0.2737.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

48.4671, 0.2733, 0.2737

### Protanopia

48.4671, 0.2733, 0.2737

### Deuteranopia

48.4729, 0.2782, 0.2720



## Tritanopia

48.6657, 0.2874, 0.3108

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

48.4671, 0.2733, 0.2737

## Protanomaly

48.4671, 0.2733, 0.2737

## Deuteranomaly

48.5223, 0.2761, 0.2729

## Tritanomaly

48.4789, 0.2826, 0.2972

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

48.4671, 0.2733, 0.2737

## Achromatopsia

48.5150, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

48.3218, 0.2974, 0.3074

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 48.4671, 0.2733, 0.2737 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 183, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 183, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 183, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 183, 228) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 48.4671, 0.2733, 0.2737 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 183, 228) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 183, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 183, 228)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 183, 228); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 183, 228);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 183,  
228) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to  $\text{Yxy } 48.4671, 0.2733, 0.2737$  is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 183, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174,  
183, 228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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