

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(48.6738, 0.2266, 0.3356)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(48.6738, 0.2266, 0.3356)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(48.8964, 0.2268, 0.3362)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(48.8964, 0.2268, 0.3362)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	01CFCA
RGB	1, 207, 202
RGB Percent	0%, 81%, 79%
CMY	0.9949, 0.1882, 0.2080
CMYK	0.99, 0.00, 0.02, 0.19
HSL	179°, 99%, 41%
HSV	179°, 99%, 81%
XYZ	32.9854, 48.8964, 63.5566
YIQ	144.8360, -121.1710, -45.2270

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

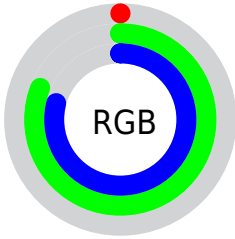
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">1, 105, 207</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">118730</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">75.39, -42.54, -9.58</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">75, 43.605, 192.695</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">48.8964, 0.2268, 0.3362</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4278308810 (0xFF01CFCA)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">144.8360, 28.1819, -126.1442</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">69.9260, -38.1685, -4.9413</a>

# Details

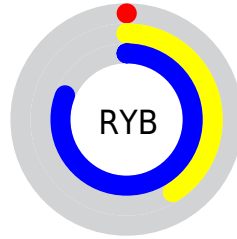
The Yxy color **48.8964, 0.2268, 0.3362** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCCC**. The color can be described as middle washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **13.3081, 0.6369, 0.3287**, and the grayscale version is **28.2043, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81.8658, 0.2405, 0.3288**, and **24.5946, 0.2269, 0.3366** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.8883, 0.2267, 0.3363**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.0845, 0.2280, 0.3354**.

# Distribution



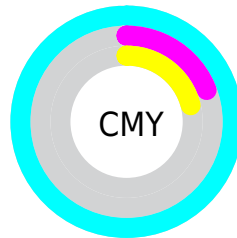
- Red (0%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (19%)




- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (21%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 48.8964, 0.2268, 0.3362 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 48.8964, 0.2268, 0.3362 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 48.8964, 0.2268,  
0.3362


 48.8964, 0.2268,  
0.3362


382.3343, 0.2683,  
0.3338

 34.5373, 0.2170,  
0.3364


 88.5376, 0.2415,  
0.3356

 23.3067, 0.2047,  
0.3365


 114.5884, 0.2471,  
0.3353

 14.8201, 0.1889,  
0.3363


 145.3053, 0.2519,  
0.3350

 8.6932, 0.1680,  
0.3352

 181.0727, 0.2561,  
0.3347

 4.5416, 0.1395,  
0.3324

 222.2749, 0.2597,  
0.3345

 1.9809, 0.0955,  
0.3259

269.2963, 0.2629,

 0.5964, 0.0000,

0.3342

0.3041

322.5213, 0.2657,  
0.3340

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 48.8964, 0.2268,  
0.3362

■ 48.8964, 0.2268,  
0.3362

■ 48.8883, 0.2267,  
0.3363

■ 49.0845, 0.2280,  
0.3354

■ 49.4453, 0.2306,  
0.3346

■ 50.0324, 0.2351,  
0.3338

■ 50.8763, 0.2414,  
0.3331

■ 52.0025, 0.2497,  
0.3323

■ 53.4337, 0.2598,  
0.3315

■ 55.1900, 0.2715,  
0.3308

■ 57.2901, 0.2845,  
0.3302

■ 59.7510, 0.2987,  
0.3295

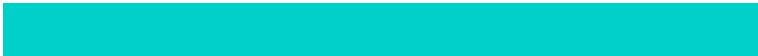
# Harmonies

## Analogous

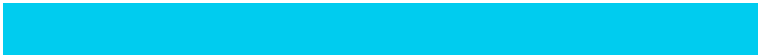
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.8964, 0.2696, 0.3966



48.8964, 0.2268, 0.3362



48.8964, 0.2069, 0.2808

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.8964, 0.2268, 0.3362



48.8964, 0.2896, 0.2452



48.8964, 0.4222, 0.4030

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.8964, 0.2268, 0.3362



13.3081, 0.6369, 0.3287

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.8964, 0.4315, 0.3590



48.8964, 0.2268, 0.3362



48.8964, 0.3505, 0.2728

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.8964, 0.2268, 0.3362



48.8964, 0.2403, 0.2352



48.8964, 0.4047, 0.3130



48.8964, 0.3828, 0.4336



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.8964, 0.2268, 0.3362



48.8964, 0.2074, 0.2552



48.8964, 0.4047, 0.3130



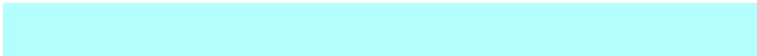
48.8964, 0.4291, 0.3892

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.8982, 0.2268, 0.3362



88.1442, 0.2702, 0.3309



44.6825, 0.3006, 0.5991



18.6003, 0.2651, 0.3312



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.8982, 0.2268, 0.3362



78.3446, 0.2268, 0.3363



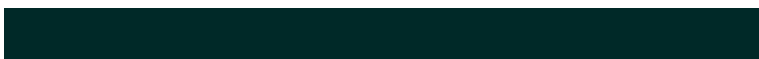
15.8852, 0.1804, 0.1689



13.4019, 0.2986, 0.3295



30.8031, 0.2267, 0.3361



1.7239, 0.2263, 0.3347



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.3081, 0.6369, 0.3287



21.2737, 0.6383, 0.3290



21.8735, 0.5503, 0.4007



11.8129, 0.3287, 0.3285



8.3668, 0.6372, 0.3284

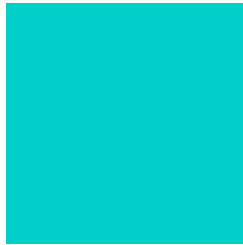


0.4695, 0.6278, 0.3232



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 48.8964, 0.2268, 0.3362 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

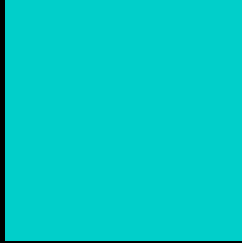
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 48.8964, 0.2268, 0.3362 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

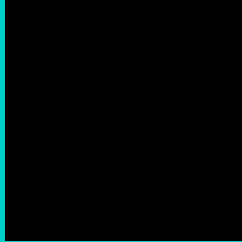
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

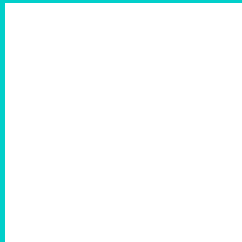
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 48.8964, 0.2268, 0.3362**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 48.8964, 0.2268, 0.3362.

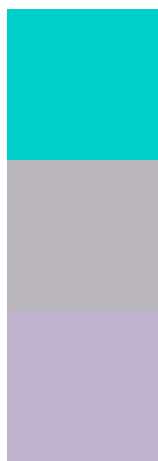


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 48.8964, 0.2268, 0.3362.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

48.8964, 0.2268, 0.3362

### Protanopia

47.9369, 0.3113, 0.3226

### Deuteranopia

47.8706, 0.3002, 0.2933



## **Tritanopia**

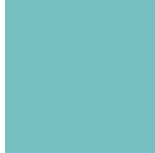
48.8984, 0.2218, 0.3047

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

48.8964, 0.2268, 0.3362



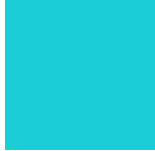
## Protanomaly

45.4715, 0.2598, 0.3274



## Deuteranomaly

44.9890, 0.2534, 0.3051



## Tritanomaly

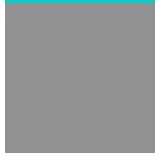
48.7507, 0.2230, 0.3158

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

48.8964, 0.2268, 0.3362



## Achromatopsia

28.3149, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

33.0856, 0.2550, 0.3322

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 48.8964, 0.2268, 0.3362 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 207, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 207, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 207, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 207, 202) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 48.8964, 0.2268, 0.3362 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 207, 202) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 207, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 207, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 207, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 207, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 207,  
202) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 48.8964, 0.2268, 0.3362 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 207, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 207,  
202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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