

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(49.0496, 0.2222, 0.2585)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(49.0496, 0.2222, 0.2585)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(49.0416, 0.2224, 0.2585)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	62C4FB
RGB	98, 196, 251
RGB Percent	38%, 77%, 98%
CMY	0.6153, 0.2314, 0.0158
CMYK	0.61, 0.22, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	202°, 95%, 68%
HSV	202°, 61%, 98%
XYZ	42.1929, 49.0416, 98.4816
YIQ	172.9680, -76.0630, -3.6710

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

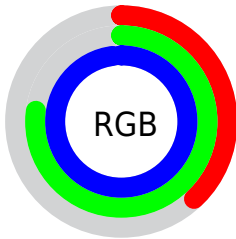
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	98, 158, 251
Decimal	6472955
CIE Lab	75.48, -12.88, -35.70
CIE LCh	75, 37.950, 250.163
Yxy	49.0416, 0.2224, 0.2585
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284663035 (0xFF62C4FB)
YUV	172.9680, 38.4698, -65.7469
Hunter-Lab	70.0297, -15.0059, -34.3577

# Details

The Yxy color **49.0416, 0.2224, 0.2585** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **44.1937, 0.4647, 0.3847**, and the grayscale version is **41.6142, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84.9441, 0.2602, 0.3266**, and **23.2798, 0.2003, 0.2393** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.9080, 0.2112, 0.2446**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.8613, 0.2353, 0.2721**.

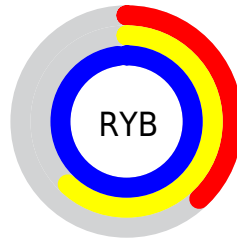
# Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (77%)

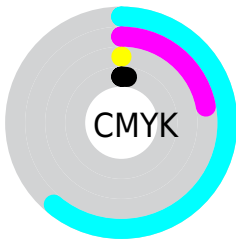
Blue (98%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (98%)

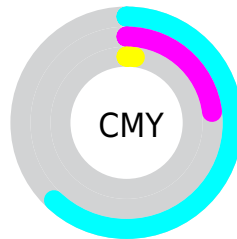


Cyan (61%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (62%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 49.0416, 0.2224, 0.2585 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 49.0416, 0.2224, 0.2585 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 49.0416, 0.2224,  
0.2585

■ 49.0416, 0.2224,  
0.2585

■ 382.9061, 0.2652,  
0.2933

■ 34.6525, 0.2126,  
0.2502

■ 88.7532, 0.2373,  
0.2709

■ 23.3953, 0.2004,  
0.2397

■ 114.8445, 0.2431,  
0.2756

■ 14.8857, 0.1852,  
0.2263

■ 145.6054, 0.2481,  
0.2797

■ 8.7392, 0.1656,  
0.2085

■ 181.4201, 0.2524,  
0.2831

■ 4.5715, 0.1399,  
0.1842

■ 222.6731, 0.2562,  
0.2862

■ 1.9981, 0.1057,  
0.1500

■ 269.7489, 0.2596,

■ 0.6064, 0.0429,

0.2888

0.0993

323.0317, 0.2625,  
0.2912

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

49.0416, 0.2224,  
0.2585

49.0416, 0.2224,  
0.2585

43.9080, 0.2112,  
0.2446

54.8613, 0.2353,  
0.2721

39.4084, 0.2020,  
0.2305

61.4029, 0.2495,  
0.2851

35.4894, 0.1949,  
0.2166

68.7053, 0.2645,  
0.2973

32.3542, 0.1901,  
0.2043

76.8026, 0.2801,  
0.3086

85.7265, 0.2958,  
0.3189

95.5065, 0.3113,  
0.3282

99.7430, 0.3150,  
0.3328

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.0416, 0.2201, 0.2912



49.0416, 0.2224, 0.2585



49.0416, 0.2462, 0.2463

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.0416, 0.2224, 0.2585



49.0416, 0.3893, 0.3122



49.0416, 0.3301, 0.4209

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.0416, 0.2224, 0.2585



44.1937, 0.4647, 0.3847

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.0416, 0.3783, 0.4190



49.0416, 0.2224, 0.2585



49.0416, 0.4152, 0.3530

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.0416, 0.2224, 0.2585



49.0416, 0.3414, 0.2770



49.0416, 0.4103, 0.3920



49.0416, 0.2795, 0.3909



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.0416, 0.2224, 0.2585



49.0416, 0.2728, 0.2491



49.0416, 0.4103, 0.3920



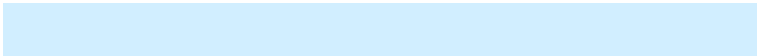
49.0416, 0.3471, 0.4237

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.0434, 0.2224, 0.2585



82.2270, 0.2846, 0.3117



73.8308, 0.2816, 0.4603



17.0425, 0.2800, 0.3085



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.0434, 0.2224, 0.2585



44.4713, 0.2090, 0.2415



23.2478, 0.1997, 0.1584



18.4971, 0.2980, 0.3203



17.2974, 0.1907, 0.2066



1.8028, 0.1952, 0.2228



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.2430, 0.3780, 0.2322



29.1312, 0.3972, 0.2206



76.8948, 0.4117, 0.4540



17.4124, 0.3193, 0.3139



12.1571, 0.4379, 0.2186

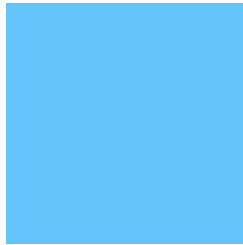


1.1462, 0.4202, 0.2088



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 49.0416, 0.2224, 0.2585 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

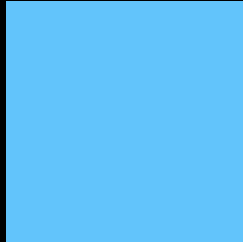
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 49.0416, 0.2224, 0.2585 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

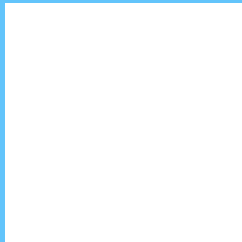
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 49.0416, 0.2224, 0.2585**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 49.0416, 0.2224, 0.2585.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 49.0416, 0.2224, 0.2585.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

49.0416, 0.2224, 0.2585

### Protanopia

48.6529, 0.2618, 0.2590

### Deuteranopia

48.3982, 0.2504, 0.2437



## Tritanopia

49.1420, 0.2329, 0.3065

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

49.0416, 0.2224, 0.2585

## Protanomaly

48.3987, 0.2442, 0.2581

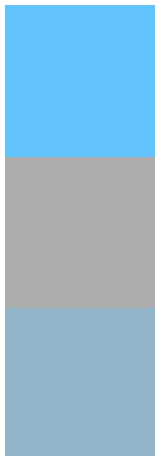
## Deuteranomaly

48.1215, 0.2378, 0.2480

## Tritanomaly

49.0964, 0.2287, 0.2882

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

49.0416, 0.2224, 0.2585

## Achromatopsia

41.7885, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

43.3758, 0.2705, 0.3015

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 49.0416, 0.2224, 0.2585 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(98, 196, 251)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(98, 196, 251)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 196, 251) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(98, 196, 251) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 49.0416, 0.2224, 0.2585 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(98, 196, 251) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(98, 196, 251) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(98, 196, 251)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(98, 196, 251); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 196, 251);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 196,  
251) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 49.0416, 0.2224, 0.2585 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(98, 196, 251) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(98, 196,  
251) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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