

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(49.1631, 0.2239, 0.3049)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(49.1631, 0.2239, 0.3049)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(49.1631, 0.2239, 0.3049)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	35CCDD
RGB	53, 204, 221
RGB Percent	21%, 80%, 87%
CMY	0.7929, 0.1999, 0.1334
CMYK	0.76, 0.08, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	186°, 71%, 54%
HSV	186°, 76%, 87%
XYZ	36.1024, 49.1631, 75.9779
YIQ	160.7890, -95.4530, -26.7250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

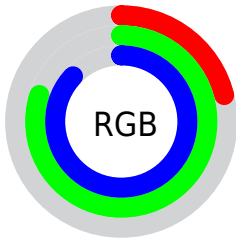
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	53, 133, 221
Decimal	3525853
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	75.55, -32.52, -19.54
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	76, 37.939, 211.008
Yxy	49.1631, 0.2239, 0.3049
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281715933 (0xFF35CCDD)
YUV	160.7890, 29.6840, -94.5310
Hunter-Lab	70.1164, -30.7955, -15.1649

# Details

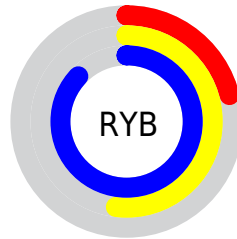
The Yxy color **49.1631, 0.2239, 0.3049** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCCC**. The color can be described as light muted cyan. A complement of this color would be **19.9776, 0.5617, 0.3439**, and the grayscale version is **35.4076, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83.1756, 0.2467, 0.3288**, and **24.2481, 0.2158, 0.2968** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.6477, 0.2193, 0.3014**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.9728, 0.2304, 0.3084**.

# Distribution



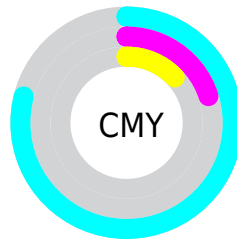
- Red (21%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (21%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)




- Cyan (79%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (13%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 49.1631, 0.2239, 0.3049 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 49.1631, 0.2239, 0.3049 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 49.1631, 0.2239,  
0.3049


 49.1631, 0.2239,  
0.3049


383.3841, 0.2663,  
0.3182

 34.7489, 0.2140,  
0.3013

 88.9336, 0.2388,  
0.3100


 23.4695, 0.2017,  
0.2965

 115.0588, 0.2445,  
0.3118


 14.9406, 0.1861,  
0.2898


 145.8563, 0.2495,  
0.3133

 8.7777, 0.1657,  
0.2803

 181.7106, 0.2537,  
0.3146

 4.5965, 0.1384,  
0.2655

 223.0062, 0.2575,  
0.3157

 2.0125, 0.1008,  
0.2408

270.1273, 0.2608,

 0.6147, 0.0000,

0.3167

0.1985

323.4585, 0.2637,  
0.3175

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 49.1631, 0.2239,  
0.3049

■ 49.1631, 0.2239,  
0.3049

■ 47.6477, 0.2193,  
0.3014

■ 50.9728, 0.2304,  
0.3084

■ 46.3792, 0.2166,  
0.2980


■ 53.1052, 0.2388,  
0.3119


■ 45.9228, 0.2157,  
0.2966


■ 55.5909, 0.2490,  
0.3153


■ 58.4554, 0.2608,  
0.3186

■ 61.7221, 0.2740,  
0.3218

 65.4121, 0.2883,  
0.3247

 69.5451, 0.3033,  
0.3275

 74.1395, 0.3188,  
0.3299

 79.2127, 0.3345,  
0.3322

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.1631, 0.2503, 0.3566



49.1631, 0.2239, 0.3049



49.1631, 0.2194, 0.2664

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.1631, 0.2239, 0.3049



49.1631, 0.3250, 0.2684



49.1631, 0.3903, 0.4127

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.1631, 0.2239, 0.3049



19.9776, 0.5617, 0.3439

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.1631, 0.4149, 0.3808



49.1631, 0.2239, 0.3049



49.1631, 0.3763, 0.3006

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.1631, 0.2239, 0.3049



49.1631, 0.2741, 0.2495



49.1631, 0.4103, 0.3404



49.1631, 0.3456, 0.4235



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.1631, 0.2239, 0.3049



49.1631, 0.2287, 0.2518



49.1631, 0.4103, 0.3404



49.1631, 0.4013, 0.4037

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.1649, 0.2239, 0.3049



86.8059, 0.2781, 0.3227



52.8916, 0.2967, 0.5524



18.2003, 0.2730, 0.3216



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

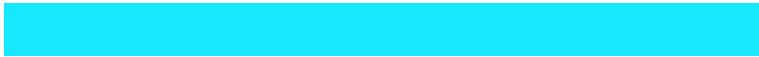


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.1649, 0.2239, 0.3049



64.8854, 0.2176, 0.2995



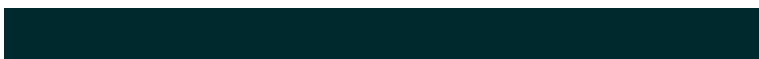
19.4246, 0.1901, 0.1739



14.5933, 0.2982, 0.3266



26.7788, 0.2159, 0.2972



1.8011, 0.2174, 0.3028



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22.2592, 0.3400, 0.1803



27.6738, 0.3457, 0.1707



38.6418, 0.4704, 0.4332



13.2510, 0.3153, 0.3082



11.3271, 0.3479, 0.1690

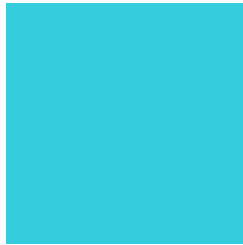


0.7405, 0.3430, 0.1663



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 49.1631, 0.2239, 0.3049 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

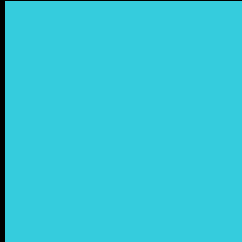
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 49.1631, 0.2239, 0.3049 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

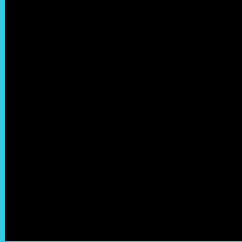
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 49.1631, 0.2239, 0.3049**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 49.1631, 0.2239, 0.3049.

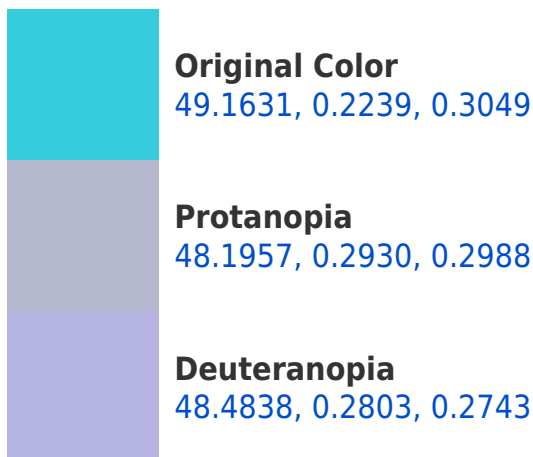


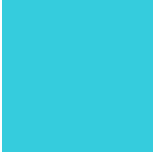
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 49.1631, 0.2239, 0.3049.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## **Tritanopia**

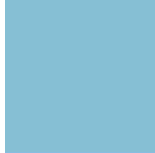
49.1631, 0.2239, 0.3049

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

49.1631, 0.2239, 0.3049



## Protanomaly

47.0834, 0.2575, 0.3005



## Deuteranomaly

46.9279, 0.2509, 0.2828



## Tritanomaly

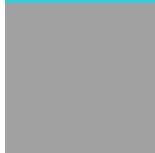
49.1631, 0.2239, 0.3049

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

49.1631, 0.2239, 0.3049



## Achromatopsia

35.6400, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

39.0008, 0.2649, 0.3199

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 49.1631, 0.2239, 0.3049 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(53, 204, 221)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(53, 204, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(53, 204, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(53, 204, 221) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 49.1631, 0.2239, 0.3049 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(53, 204, 221) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(53, 204, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(53, 204, 221)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(53, 204, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 204, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 204,  
221) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 49.1631, 0.2239, 0.3049 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(53, 204, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(53, 204,  
221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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