

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(49.3255, 0.3659, 0.2987)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(49.3255, 0.3659, 0.2987)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(49.1951, 0.3653, 0.2979)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F6A2BF
RGB	246, 162, 191
RGB Percent	96%, 64%, 75%
CMY	0.0354, 0.3646, 0.2509
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.22, 0.04
HSL	339°, 82%, 80%
HSV	339°, 34%, 96%
XYZ	60.3255, 49.1951, 55.6190
YIQ	190.4220, 40.7550, 26.8270

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

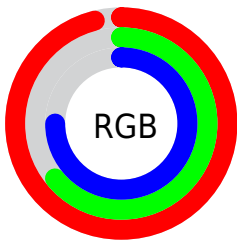
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	246, 162, 191
Decimal	16163519
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	75.57, 34.98, -1.99
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	76, 35.040, 356.740
Yxy	49.1951, 0.3653, 0.2979
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294353599 (0xFFFF6A2BF)
YUV	190.4220, 0.2850, 48.7419
Hunter-Lab	70.1392, 30.7811, 2.0816

# Details

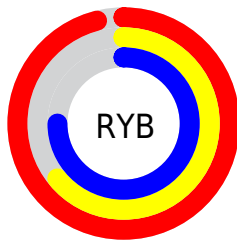
The Yxy color **49.1951, 0.3653, 0.2979** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **78.5873, 0.2788, 0.3629**, and the grayscale version is **51.7312, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.1182, 0.3197, 0.3006**, and **23.4636, 0.3792, 0.2889** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40.6912, 0.3884, 0.2888**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.4764, 0.3461, 0.3074**.

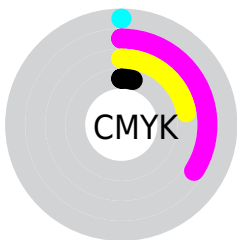
# Distribution



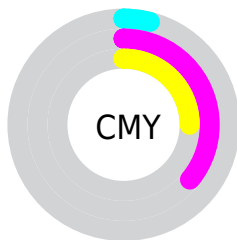
- Red (96%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (25%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 49.1951, 0.3653, 0.2979 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 49.1951, 0.3653, 0.2979 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 49.1951, 0.3653,  
0.2979


 49.1951, 0.3653,  
0.2979


383.5099, 0.3394,  
0.3131

 34.7743, 0.3717,  
0.2942


 88.9812, 0.3560,  
0.3034

 23.4890, 0.3798,  
0.2895


 115.1152, 0.3524,  
0.3054

 14.9550, 0.3905,  
0.2833


145.9224, 0.3494,  
0.3072

 8.7878, 0.4051,  
0.2749

181.7871, 0.3468,  
0.3087

 4.6031, 0.4265,  
0.2628

223.0939, 0.3446,  
0.3100

 2.0163, 0.4604,  
0.2439

270.2270, 0.3426,

 0.6169, 0.5274,

0.3112

0.2042

323.5709, 0.3409,  
0.3122

0.0000, 1.0000,  
0.0000

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

49.1951, 0.3653,  
0.2979

49.1951, 0.3653,  
0.2979

40.6912, 0.3884,  
0.2888

59.4764, 0.3461,  
0.3074

33.8559, 0.4156,  
0.2807

71.6217, 0.3303,  
0.3167

28.5794, 0.4467,  
0.2749

85.7203, 0.3173,  
0.3255

24.7356, 0.4805,  
0.2725

98.3282, 0.3072,  
0.3290

■ 22.1785, 0.5148,  
0.2747

■ 20.7299, 0.5469,  
0.2820

■ 20.2438, 0.5639,  
0.2880

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.1951, 0.3172, 0.2692



49.1951, 0.3653, 0.2979



49.1951, 0.3998, 0.3346

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.1951, 0.3653, 0.2979



49.1951, 0.3501, 0.4163



49.1951, 0.2253, 0.2753

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.1951, 0.3653, 0.2979



78.5873, 0.2788, 0.3629

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.1951, 0.2325, 0.3134



49.1951, 0.3653, 0.2979



49.1951, 0.3026, 0.4013

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



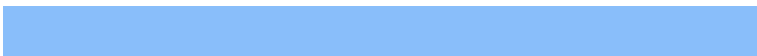
49.1951, 0.3653, 0.2979



49.1951, 0.3893, 0.4035



49.1951, 0.2600, 0.3613



49.1951, 0.2388, 0.2550



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.1951, 0.3653, 0.2979



49.1951, 0.4087, 0.3602



49.1951, 0.2600, 0.3613



49.1951, 0.2253, 0.2862

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.1974, 0.3653, 0.2979



83.7670, 0.3246, 0.3204



47.1877, 0.2925, 0.2378



17.4789, 0.3265, 0.3191



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.1974, 0.3653, 0.2979



46.7861, 0.3809, 0.2915



52.7060, 0.3889, 0.3429



16.5770, 0.3239, 0.3209



10.8316, 0.5596, 0.2856



0.9706, 0.5247, 0.2664



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.1974, 0.3653, 0.2979



46.7861, 0.3809, 0.2915



72.8291, 0.2624, 0.3144



16.5770, 0.3239, 0.3209



10.8316, 0.5596, 0.2856



0.9706, 0.5247, 0.2664



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 49.1951, 0.3653, 0.2979 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

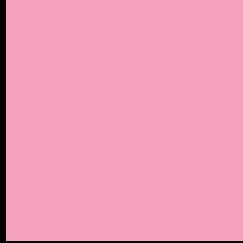
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 49.1951, 0.3653, 0.2979 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

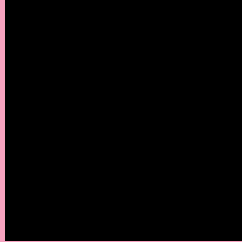
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 49.1951, 0.3653, 0.2979**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 49.1951, 0.3653, 0.2979.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 49.1951, 0.3653, 0.2979.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

49.1951, 0.3653, 0.2979

### Protanopia

49.4200, 0.2976, 0.3040

### Deuteranopia

49.5160, 0.3269, 0.3205



## Tritanopia

48.9583, 0.3765, 0.3150

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

49.1951, 0.3653, 0.2979



## Protanomaly

48.8798, 0.3200, 0.3015



## Deuteranomaly

49.0063, 0.3403, 0.3115



## Tritanomaly

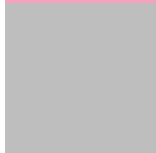
48.9843, 0.3728, 0.3085

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

49.1951, 0.3653, 0.2979



## Achromatopsia

51.4918, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

50.0619, 0.3306, 0.3171

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 49.1951, 0.3653, 0.2979 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(246, 162, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(246, 162, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(246, 162, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(246, 162, 191) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 49.1951, 0.3653, 0.2979 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(246, 162, 191) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(246, 162, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(246, 162, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(246, 162, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 162, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 162,  
191) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 49.1951, 0.3653, 0.2979 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(246, 162, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(246,  
162, 191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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