

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(49.5329, 0.2949, 0.2963)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(49.5329, 0.2949, 0.2963)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(49.5489, 0.2948, 0.2958)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BBB8D3
RGB	187, 184, 211
RGB Percent	73%, 72%, 83%
CMY	0.2668, 0.2783, 0.1726
CMYK	0.11, 0.13, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	247°, 23%, 77%
HSV	247°, 13%, 83%
XYZ	49.3814, 49.5489, 68.5778
YIQ	187.9750, -6.8790, 9.0330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

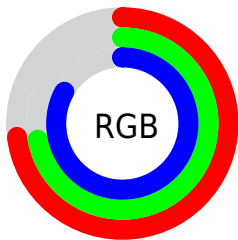
Format	Color
R_{YB}	187, 184, 211
Decimal	12302547
CIE Lab	75.79, 6.30, -13.18
CIE LCh	76, 14.606, 295.564
Yxy	49.5489, 0.2948, 0.2958
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290492627 (0xFFBBB8D3)
YUV	187.9750, 11.3513, -0.8551
Hunter-Lab	70.3910, 2.0389, -8.4891

Details

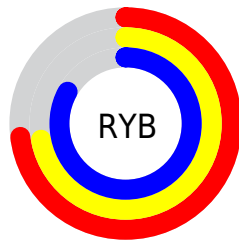
The Yxy color $49.5489, 0.2948, 0.2958$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be $63.4594, 0.3294, 0.3606$, and the grayscale version is $50.2090, 0.3127, 0.3290$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $88.5949, 0.3056, 0.3142$, and $23.7012, 0.2906, 0.2876$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $39.2106, 0.2786, 0.2663$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $61.5092, 0.3091, 0.3222$.

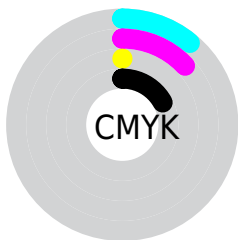
Distribution



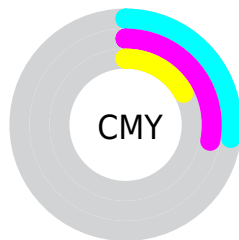
- Red (73%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (17%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 49.5489, 0.2948, 0.2958 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 49.5489, 0.2948, 0.2958 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49.5489, 0.2948,
0.2958

■ 49.5489, 0.2948,
0.2958

384.8992, 0.3037,
0.3120

■ 35.0551, 0.2926,
0.2919

■ 89.5061, 0.2980,
0.3016

■ 23.7053, 0.2898,
0.2870

115.7384, 0.2992,
0.3038

■ 15.1152, 0.2860,
0.2806

146.6522, 0.3003,
0.3056

■ 8.9003, 0.2809,
0.2718

182.6321, 0.3012,
0.3072

■ 4.6762, 0.2733,
0.2594

224.0623, 0.3019,
0.3087

■ 2.0585, 0.2611,
0.2401

271.3273, 0.3026,

■ 0.6412, 0.2398,

0.3099

0.2014

324.8115, 0.3032,
0.3110

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

49.5489, 0.2948,
0.2958

49.5489, 0.2948,
0.2958

39.2106, 0.2786,
0.2663

61.5092, 0.3091,
0.3222

30.4183, 0.2605,
0.2340

75.1505, 0.3215,
0.3455

23.0994, 0.2410,
0.1999

90.5369, 0.3321,
0.3658

17.1731, 0.2208,
0.1654

97.4823, 0.3388,
0.3721

12.5504, 0.2011,
0.1326

■ 9.1325, 0.1832,
0.1041

■ 6.8059, 0.1686,
0.0820

■ 5.4352, 0.1582,
0.0678

■ 4.8839, 0.1534,
0.0619

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.5489, 0.2804, 0.2976



49.5489, 0.2948, 0.2958



49.5489, 0.3143, 0.3023

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.5489, 0.2948, 0.2958



49.5489, 0.3524, 0.3484



49.5489, 0.2914, 0.3431

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.5489, 0.2948, 0.2958



63.4594, 0.3294, 0.3606

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.5489, 0.3101, 0.3580



49.5489, 0.2948, 0.2958



49.5489, 0.3456, 0.3605

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.5489, 0.2948, 0.2958



49.5489, 0.3481, 0.3320



49.5489, 0.3300, 0.3643



49.5489, 0.2785, 0.3244

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.5489, 0.2948, 0.2958



49.5489, 0.3278, 0.3104



49.5489, 0.3300, 0.3643



49.5489, 0.2972, 0.3487

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.5510, 0.2948, 0.2958



91.9803, 0.3074, 0.3191



60.1474, 0.2932, 0.3257



19.3749, 0.3064, 0.3171



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.5510, 0.2948, 0.2958



72.0750, 0.2911, 0.2890



51.2987, 0.3054, 0.2969



11.4784, 0.2998, 0.3051



2.9699, 0.1541, 0.0623



0.1873, 0.1656, 0.0686

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.6927, 0.3165, 0.3010



77.7118, 0.3172, 0.2957



61.6183, 0.3192, 0.3616



11.9860, 0.3154, 0.3085



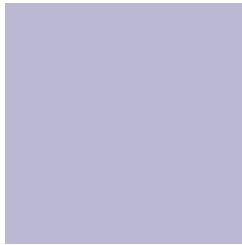
10.5596, 0.3502, 0.1703



0.5969, 0.3441, 0.1669

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 49.5489, 0.2948, 0.2958 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

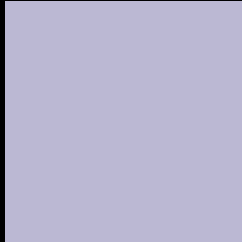
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 49.5489, 0.2948, 0.2958 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

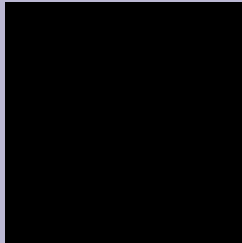
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

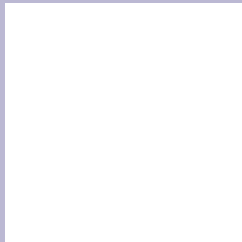
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 49.5489, 0.2948, 0.2958

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 49.5489, 0.2948, 0.2958.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 49.5489, 0.2948, 0.2958.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49.5489, 0.2948, 0.2958

Protanopia

49.5187, 0.2910, 0.2955

Deuteranopia

49.4965, 0.2996, 0.2938



Tritanopia

49.6022, 0.3013, 0.3114

Trichromacy



Original Color

49.5489, 0.2948, 0.2958

Protanomaly

49.6417, 0.2918, 0.2956

Deuteranomaly

49.6465, 0.2980, 0.2948

Tritanomaly

49.4967, 0.2991, 0.3053

Monochromacy



Original Color

49.5489, 0.2948, 0.2958

Achromatopsia

50.2886, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

50.2175, 0.3067, 0.3177

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 49.5489, 0.2948, 0.2958 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(187, 184, 211)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(187, 184, 211)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(187, 184, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(187, 184, 211) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 49.5489, 0.2948, 0.2958 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(187, 184, 211) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(187, 184, 211) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(187, 184, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(187, 184, 211); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 184, 211);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 184,  
211) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 49.5489, 0.2948, 0.2958 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(187, 184, 211) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(187,  
184, 211) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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