

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(49.6743, 0.2107, 0.2713)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(49.6743, 0.2107, 0.2713)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(49.6570, 0.2107, 0.2714)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1FCBF6
RGB	31, 203, 246
RGB Percent	12%, 80%, 96%
CMY	0.8796, 0.2039, 0.0352
CMYK	0.88, 0.17, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	192°, 92%, 54%
HSV	192°, 88%, 96%
XYZ	38.5510, 49.6570, 94.7581
YIQ	156.4740, -116.3150, -23.0910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

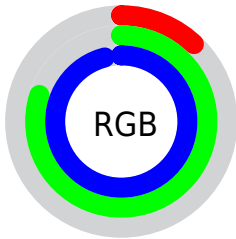
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	31, 127, 246
Decimal	2083830
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	75.86, -25.83, -32.57
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	76, 41.569, 231.589
Yxy	49.6570, 0.2107, 0.2714
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280273910 (0xFF1FCBF6)
YUV	156.4740, 44.1363, -110.0407
Hunter-Lab	70.4677, -25.6661, -30.4000

# Details

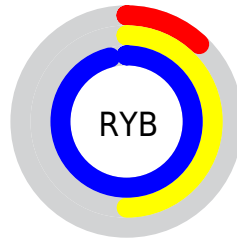
The Yxy color **49.6570, 0.2107, 0.2714** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCFF**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **24.5545, 0.5887, 0.3553**, and the grayscale version is **33.2693, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.6619, 0.2443, 0.3288**, and **25.2126, 0.2050, 0.2579** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.1265, 0.2070, 0.2641**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.5514, 0.2163, 0.2788**.

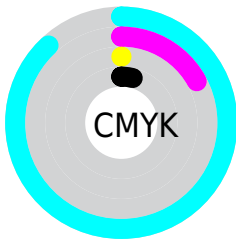
# Distribution



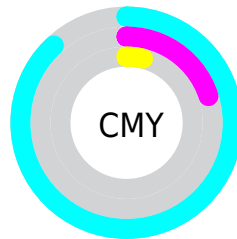
- Red (12%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (12%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 49.6570, 0.2107, 0.2714 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 49.6570, 0.2107, 0.2714 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 49.6570, 0.2107,  
0.2714

 49.6570, 0.2107,  
0.2714


385.3231, 0.2586,  
0.3008

 35.1409, 0.1998,  
0.2641


 89.6665, 0.2273,  
0.2821


 23.7715, 0.1865,  
0.2548


 115.9287, 0.2338,  
0.2861


 15.1642, 0.1698,  
0.2426


 146.8750, 0.2394,  
0.2895

 8.9347, 0.1487,  
0.2261

 182.8899, 0.2442,  
0.2924

 4.6986, 0.1214,  
0.2030

 224.3578, 0.2485,  
0.2950

 2.0715, 0.0861,  
0.1692

271.6630, 0.2522,

 0.6485, 0.0000,

0.2972

0.1208

325.1900, 0.2556,  
0.2991

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 49.6570, 0.2107,  
0.2714

■ 49.6570, 0.2107,  
0.2714

■ 47.1265, 0.2070,  
0.2641

■ 52.5514, 0.2163,  
0.2788

■ 46.5313, 0.2062,  
0.2623

■ 55.8647, 0.2238,  
0.2861

■ 59.6446, 0.2332,  
0.2934

■ 63.9300, 0.2445,  
0.3005

■ 68.7556, 0.2572,  
0.3073

■ 74.1523, 0.2711,  
0.3137

■ 80.1486, 0.2858,  
0.3197

■ 86.7710, 0.3011,  
0.3252

■ 94.0441, 0.3166,  
0.3302

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.6570, 0.2228, 0.3191



49.6570, 0.2107, 0.2714



49.6570, 0.2222, 0.2449

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.6570, 0.2107, 0.2714



49.6570, 0.3655, 0.2859



49.6570, 0.3648, 0.4320

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.6570, 0.2107, 0.2714



24.5545, 0.5887, 0.3553

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.6570, 0.4083, 0.4104



49.6570, 0.2107, 0.2714



49.6570, 0.4108, 0.3268

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.6570, 0.2107, 0.2714



49.6570, 0.3075, 0.2552



49.6570, 0.4264, 0.3711



49.6570, 0.3096, 0.4214



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.6570, 0.2107, 0.2714



49.6570, 0.2424, 0.2395



49.6570, 0.4264, 0.3711



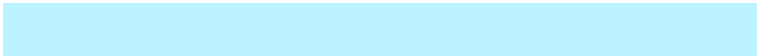
49.6570, 0.3813, 0.4277

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.6587, 0.2107, 0.2714



81.3595, 0.2732, 0.3146



66.6560, 0.2931, 0.5642



16.9568, 0.2682, 0.3125



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.6587, 0.2107, 0.2714



50.4345, 0.2062, 0.2622



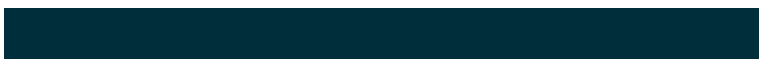
15.8451, 0.1710, 0.1251



18.1624, 0.2980, 0.3242



25.0351, 0.2066, 0.2635



2.3399, 0.2091, 0.2727



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.8739, 0.3709, 0.1872



25.6225, 0.3803, 0.1868



51.4711, 0.4751, 0.4516



16.7082, 0.3169, 0.3103



12.6267, 0.3790, 0.1861

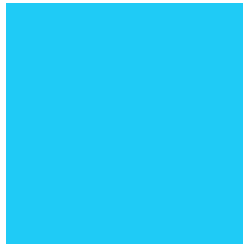


1.1239, 0.3703, 0.1814



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 49.6570, 0.2107, 0.2714 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

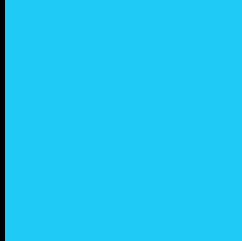
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 49.6570, 0.2107, 0.2714 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

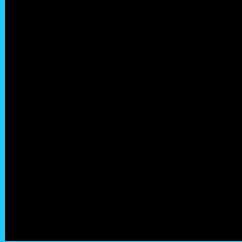
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 49.6570, 0.2107, 0.2714**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 49.6570, 0.2107, 0.2714.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 49.6570, 0.2107, 0.2714.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

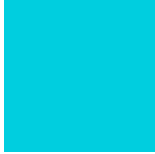
49.6570, 0.2107, 0.2714

### Protanopia

49.1058, 0.2709, 0.2706

### Deuteranopia

49.0475, 0.2547, 0.2485



## **Tritanopia**

49.4703, 0.2180, 0.3047

# Trichromacy



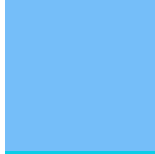
## Original Color

49.6570, 0.2107, 0.2714



## Protanomaly

47.5136, 0.2376, 0.2691



## Deuteranomaly

47.4484, 0.2294, 0.2540



## Tritanomaly

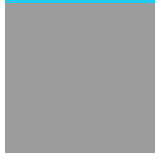
49.5033, 0.2152, 0.2927

# Monochromacy



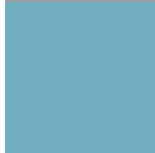
## Original Color

49.6570, 0.2107, 0.2714



## Achromatopsia

33.2452, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

36.8763, 0.2524, 0.3045

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 49.6570, 0.2107, 0.2714 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(31, 203, 246)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(31, 203, 246)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 203, 246) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(31, 203, 246) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 49.6570, 0.2107, 0.2714 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(31, 203, 246) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(31, 203, 246) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(31, 203, 246)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(31, 203, 246); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 203, 246);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 203,  
246) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 49.6570, 0.2107, 0.2714 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(31, 203, 246) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(31, 203,  
246) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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