

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(49.8412, 0.2418, 0.2892)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(49.8412, 0.2418, 0.2892)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(49.8412, 0.2418, 0.2892)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	76C6E4
RGB	118, 198, 228
RGB Percent	46%, 78%, 89%
CMY	0.5371, 0.2235, 0.1058
CMYK	0.48, 0.13, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	196°, 67%, 68%
HSV	196°, 48%, 89%
XYZ	41.6722, 49.8412, 80.8282
YIQ	177.5000, -57.3100, -7.6300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

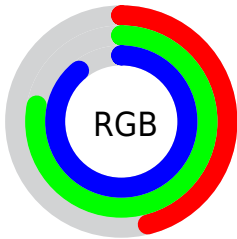
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">118, 164, 228</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">7784164</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">75.97, -16.59, -22.52</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">76, 27.968, 233.629</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">49.8412, 0.2418, 0.2892</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285974244 (0xFF76C6E4)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">177.5000, 24.8965, -52.1815</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">70.5983, -18.1835, -18.4625</a>

# Details

The Yxy color **49.8412, 0.2418, 0.2892** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **38.9963, 0.4282, 0.3640**, and the grayscale version is **44.1366, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.9701, 0.2681, 0.3289**, and **23.8632, 0.2233, 0.2767** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45.6485, 0.2297, 0.2793**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.5403, 0.2552, 0.2987**.

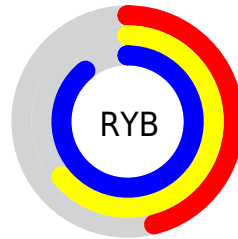
# Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (78%)

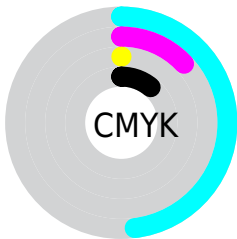
Blue (89%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (89%)

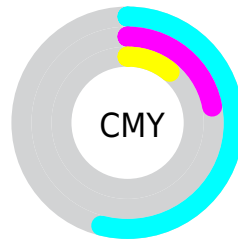


Cyan (48%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (54%)

Magenta (22%)


Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 49.8412, 0.2418, 0.2892 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 49.8412, 0.2418, 0.2892 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 49.8412, 0.2418,  
0.2892

 49.8412, 0.2418,  
0.2892


386.0446, 0.2758,  
0.3094

 35.2872, 0.2338,  
0.2841


 89.9395, 0.2538,  
0.2966

 23.8842, 0.2238,  
0.2776


 116.2527, 0.2584,  
0.2993

 15.2478, 0.2110,  
0.2691


 147.2544, 0.2624,  
0.3017

 8.9935, 0.1941,  
0.2572

183.3290, 0.2658,  
0.3037

 4.7369, 0.1709,  
0.2400

224.8610, 0.2688,  
0.3054

 2.0937, 0.1380,  
0.2132

272.2346, 0.2714,

 0.6611, 0.0575,

0.3069

0.1702

325.8344, 0.2737,  
0.3082

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

49.8412, 0.2418,  
0.2892

49.8412, 0.2418,  
0.2892

45.6485, 0.2297,  
0.2793

54.5403, 0.2552,  
0.2987

41.9269, 0.2194,  
0.2691

59.7670, 0.2696,  
0.3075

38.6447, 0.2109,  
0.2588

65.5477, 0.2846,  
0.3158

35.7627, 0.2044,  
0.2485

71.9054, 0.3000,  
0.3233

33.2251, 0.1998,  
0.2383

78.8613, 0.3154,  
0.3302

■ 32.7988, 0.1990,  
0.2365

■ 86.4357, 0.3306,  
0.3363

■ 90.0989, 0.3301,  
0.3423

■ 93.8567, 0.3294,  
0.3483

■ 97.7416, 0.3287,  
0.3542

# Harmonies

## Analogous

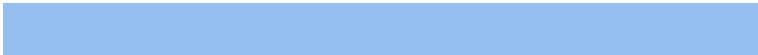
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.8412, 0.2498, 0.3211



49.8412, 0.2418, 0.2892



49.8412, 0.2512, 0.2706

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.8412, 0.2418, 0.2892



49.8412, 0.3510, 0.3013



49.8412, 0.3469, 0.3978

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.8412, 0.2418, 0.2892



38.9963, 0.4282, 0.3640

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.8412, 0.3766, 0.3870



49.8412, 0.2418, 0.2892



49.8412, 0.3797, 0.3310

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.8412, 0.2418, 0.2892



49.8412, 0.3125, 0.2786



49.8412, 0.3891, 0.3620



49.8412, 0.3092, 0.3877



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.8412, 0.2418, 0.2892



49.8412, 0.2664, 0.2667



49.8412, 0.3891, 0.3620



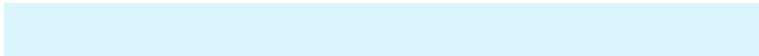
49.8412, 0.3582, 0.3963

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.8431, 0.2418, 0.2892



87.7880, 0.2910, 0.3190



61.4631, 0.2905, 0.4407



18.4163, 0.2877, 0.3173



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

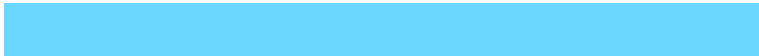


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.8431, 0.2418, 0.2892



58.7710, 0.2296, 0.2792



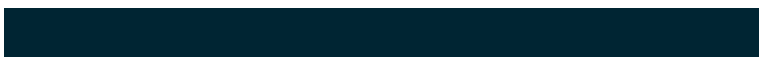
29.3086, 0.2274, 0.2122



15.6363, 0.2981, 0.3224



19.1446, 0.1995, 0.2381



1.5674, 0.2036, 0.2529



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.5364, 0.3488, 0.2403



36.6842, 0.3593, 0.2244



60.2082, 0.3964, 0.4226



14.5446, 0.3179, 0.3121



11.1304, 0.4043, 0.2001

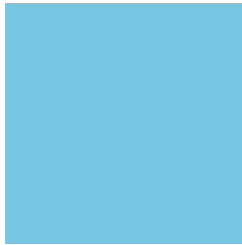


0.8379, 0.3893, 0.1918



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 49.8412, 0.2418, 0.2892 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

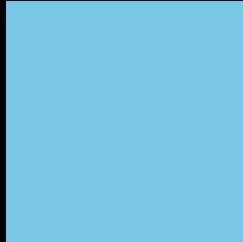
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 49.8412, 0.2418, 0.2892 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 49.8412, 0.2418, 0.2892**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 49.8412, 0.2418, 0.2892.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 49.8412, 0.2418, 0.2892.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

49.8412, 0.2418, 0.2892

### Protanopia

49.5157, 0.2839, 0.2871

### Deuteranopia

49.5816, 0.2772, 0.2713



## Tritanopia

49.8438, 0.2464, 0.3071

## Trichromacy



**Original Color**

49.8412, 0.2418, 0.2892

**Protanomaly**

49.2689, 0.2661, 0.2881

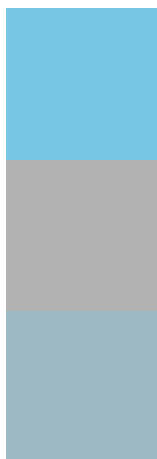
**Deuteranomaly**

49.0505, 0.2623, 0.2764

**Tritanomaly**

49.6590, 0.2446, 0.3005

## Monochromacy



**Original Color**

49.8412, 0.2418, 0.2892

**Achromatopsia**

44.5201, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

45.7514, 0.2816, 0.3141

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 49.8412, 0.2418, 0.2892 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(118, 198, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(118, 198, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 198, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(118, 198, 228) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 49.8412, 0.2418, 0.2892 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(118, 198, 228) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(118, 198, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(118, 198, 228)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 198, 228); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 198, 228); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 198, 228) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 49.8412, 0.2418, 0.2892 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(118, 198, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(118,  
198, 228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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