

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(49.8872, 0.2705, 0.4493)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(49.8872, 0.2705, 0.4493)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(49.9262, 0.2707, 0.4501)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(49.9262, 0.2707, 0.4501)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	40D487
RGB	64, 212, 135
RGB Percent	25%, 83%, 53%
CMY	0.7493, 0.1686, 0.4706
CMYK	0.70, 0.00, 0.36, 0.17
HSL	149°, 63%, 54%
HSV	149°, 70%, 83%
XYZ	30.0267, 49.9262, 30.9696
YIQ	158.9700, -63.4910, -55.3230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

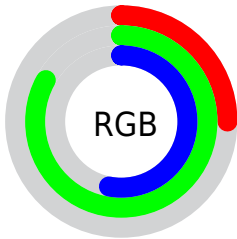
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">64, 164, 212</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">4248711</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">76.02, -56.12, 27.13</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">76, 62.336, 154.198</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">49.9262, 0.2707, 0.4501</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4282438791 (0xFF40D487)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">158.9700, -11.8172, -83.2887</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">70.6585, -47.7978, 23.4742</a>

# Details

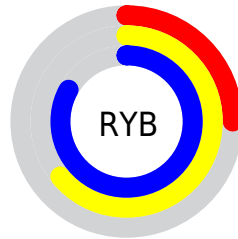
The Yxy color **49.9262, 0.2707, 0.4501** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC66**. The color can be described as middle muted spring green. A complement of this color would be **19.5796, 0.4195, 0.2431**, and the grayscale version is **34.7253, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.8613, 0.2775, 0.4104**, and **24.4170, 0.2682, 0.4855** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.0536, 0.2702, 0.4705**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.1049, 0.2732, 0.4296**.

# Distribution



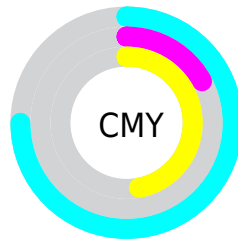
- Red (25%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (25%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Black (17%)




- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (47%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 49.9262, 0.2707, 0.4501 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 49.9262, 0.2707, 0.4501 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 49.9262, 0.2707,  
0.4501

 49.9262, 0.2707,  
0.4501


386.3773, 0.2936,  
0.3860


 35.3548, 0.2644,  
0.4672


 90.0655, 0.2795,  
0.4260


 23.9363, 0.2559,  
0.4897


 116.4022, 0.2826,  
0.4172


 15.2864, 0.2440,  
0.5205


 147.4294, 0.2853,  
0.4098

 9.0206, 0.2263,  
0.5650

 183.5315, 0.2875,  
0.4036

 4.7546, 0.1979,  
0.6333

 225.0930, 0.2894,  
0.3982

 2.1040, 0.1288,  
0.8572

272.4982, 0.2910,

 0.6669, 0.0000,

0.3936

1.0000

326.1315, 0.2924,  
0.3895

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 49.9262, 0.2707,  
0.4501

■ 49.9262, 0.2707,  
0.4501

■ 49.0536, 0.2702,  
0.4705

■ 51.1049, 0.2732,  
0.4296

■ 48.4475, 0.2716,  
0.4902

■ 52.6121, 0.2774,  
0.4097


■ 48.0511, 0.2747,  
0.5088


■ 54.4747, 0.2829,  
0.3907


■ 48.0455, 0.2747,  
0.5090


■ 56.7151, 0.2896,  
0.3729

■ 59.3540, 0.2970,  
0.3567

 62.4104, 0.3048,  
0.3420

 65.9020, 0.3128,  
0.3288

 69.8455, 0.3209,  
0.3171

 74.2570, 0.3288,  
0.3069

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.9262, 0.3504, 0.4866



49.9262, 0.2707, 0.4501



49.9262, 0.2068, 0.3629

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.9262, 0.2707, 0.4501



49.9262, 0.2000, 0.2033



49.9262, 0.4751, 0.3464

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.9262, 0.2707, 0.4501



19.5796, 0.4195, 0.2431

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.9262, 0.4241, 0.2883



49.9262, 0.2707, 0.4501



49.9262, 0.2575, 0.2102

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.9262, 0.2707, 0.4501



49.9262, 0.1719, 0.2237



49.9262, 0.3397, 0.2403



49.9262, 0.4725, 0.4077



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.9262, 0.2707, 0.4501



49.9262, 0.1810, 0.3029



49.9262, 0.3397, 0.2403



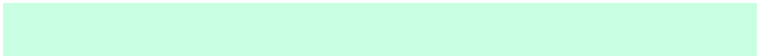
49.9262, 0.4637, 0.3264

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.9282, 0.2707, 0.4501



89.5540, 0.2959, 0.3588



53.2924, 0.3497, 0.5209



18.9207, 0.2938, 0.3633



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.9282, 0.2707, 0.4501



73.9881, 0.2706, 0.4806



52.6879, 0.2353, 0.3358



13.9942, 0.3051, 0.3414



29.6781, 0.2740, 0.5065



1.8067, 0.2650, 0.4739



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.5796, 0.4195, 0.2431



25.1063, 0.4546, 0.2392



18.0859, 0.5400, 0.3250



12.5276, 0.3211, 0.3169



9.3602, 0.4862, 0.2452



0.5813, 0.4500, 0.2252



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 49.9262, 0.2707, 0.4501 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 49.9262, 0.2707, 0.4501 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 49.9262, 0.2707, 0.4501**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 49.9262, 0.2707, 0.4501.

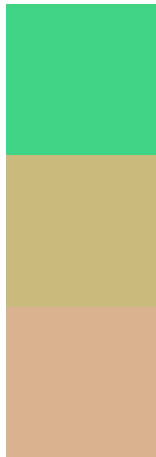


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 49.9262, 0.2707, 0.4501.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

49.9262, 0.2707, 0.4501

### Protanopia

49.1296, 0.3770, 0.4066

### Deuteranopia

48.7294, 0.3793, 0.3712



## Tritanopia

49.7898, 0.2378, 0.3068

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

49.9262, 0.2707, 0.4501



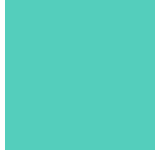
## Protanomaly

47.2641, 0.3268, 0.4248



## Deuteranomaly

46.4017, 0.3274, 0.3993



## Tritanomaly

49.6583, 0.2490, 0.3552

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

49.9262, 0.2707, 0.4501



## Achromatopsia

34.6704, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

38.3279, 0.2894, 0.3730

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 49.9262, 0.2707, 0.4501 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(64, 212, 135)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(64, 212, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 212, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(64, 212, 135) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 49.9262, 0.2707, 0.4501 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(64, 212, 135) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(64, 212, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(64, 212, 135)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(64, 212, 135); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 212, 135);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 212,  
135) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 49.9262, 0.2707, 0.4501 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(64, 212, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(64, 212,  
135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor