

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(50.0032, 0.2736, 0.3371)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(50.0032, 0.2736, 0.3371)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(50.1861, 0.2734, 0.3371)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8BC7C1
RGB	139, 199, 193
RGB Percent	55%, 78%, 76%
CMY	0.4547, 0.2196, 0.2432
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.03, 0.22
HSL	174°, 35%, 66%
HSV	174°, 30%, 78%
XYZ	40.7027, 50.1861, 57.9872
YIQ	180.3760, -33.8340, -14.5860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

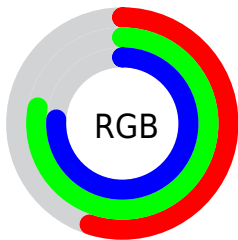
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	139, 171, 199
Decimal	9160641
CIELab	76.18, -20.47, -3.18
CIElCh	76, 20.711, 188.824
Yxy	50.1861, 0.2734, 0.3371
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287350721 (0xFF8BC7C1)
YUV	180.3760, 6.2236, -36.2868
Hunter-Lab	70.8421, -21.4157, 1.0582

# Details

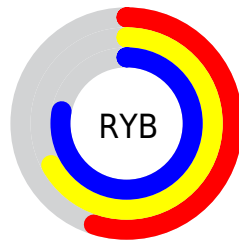
The Yxy color **50.1861, 0.2734, 0.3371** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **32.6703, 0.3727, 0.3212**, and the grayscale version is **45.8410, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.8289, 0.2803, 0.3353**, and **24.1227, 0.2622, 0.3383** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.5389, 0.2625, 0.3402**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.1503, 0.2856, 0.3342**.

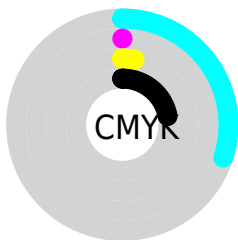
# Distribution



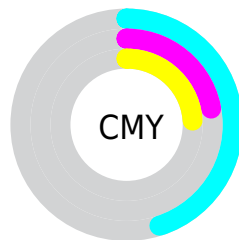
- Red (55%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (22%)




- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (24%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 50.1861, 0.2734, 0.3371 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 50.1861, 0.2734, 0.3371 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 50.1861, 0.2734,  
0.3371

 50.1861, 0.2734,  
0.3371


387.3933, 0.2927,  
0.3333

 35.5613, 0.2687,  
0.3380


 90.4505, 0.2803,  
0.3358

 24.0956, 0.2628,  
0.3391


 116.8590, 0.2829,  
0.3353

 15.4045, 0.2550,  
0.3404


 147.9641, 0.2852,  
0.3348

 9.1038, 0.2443,  
0.3422

184.1502, 0.2871,  
0.3344

 4.8089, 0.2289,  
0.3446

225.8018, 0.2887,  
0.3341

 2.1356, 0.2048,  
0.3478

273.3033, 0.2902,

 0.6845, 0.0838,

0.3338

0.3797

327.0389, 0.2915,  
0.3335

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

50.1861, 0.2734,  
0.3371

50.1861, 0.2734,  
0.3371

48.5389, 0.2625,  
0.3402

52.1503, 0.2856,  
0.3342

47.1858, 0.2532,  
0.3434

54.4412, 0.2987,  
0.3315

46.1103, 0.2455,  
0.3468


57.0754, 0.3125,  
0.3290


45.2916, 0.2398,  
0.3502


60.0666, 0.3268,  
0.3268


44.7064, 0.2360,  
0.3537

63.4277, 0.3413,  
0.3248


 44.3268, 0.2340,  
0.3571

 66.5095, 0.3529,  
0.3230

 44.1013, 0.2335,  
0.3604

 66.6064, 0.3514,  
0.3209

 66.7045, 0.3498,  
0.3189

 66.8038, 0.3482,  
0.3169

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.1861, 0.2965, 0.3622



50.1861, 0.2734, 0.3371



50.1861, 0.2609, 0.3108

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.1861, 0.2734, 0.3371



50.1861, 0.2989, 0.2856



50.1861, 0.3664, 0.3645

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.1861, 0.2734, 0.3371



32.6703, 0.3727, 0.3212

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.1861, 0.3675, 0.3431



50.1861, 0.2734, 0.3371



50.1861, 0.3275, 0.2989

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.1861, 0.2734, 0.3371



50.1861, 0.2750, 0.2825



50.1861, 0.3531, 0.3195



50.1861, 0.3504, 0.3777



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.1861, 0.2734, 0.3371



50.1861, 0.2598, 0.2967



50.1861, 0.3531, 0.3195



50.1861, 0.3686, 0.3580

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.1881, 0.2734, 0.3371



95.7570, 0.3000, 0.3312



48.8258, 0.3139, 0.4148



20.3593, 0.2980, 0.3316



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.1881, 0.2734, 0.3371



85.9695, 0.2663, 0.3391



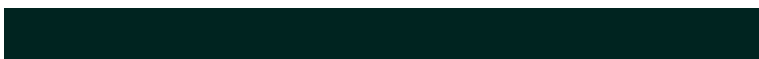
40.6757, 0.2661, 0.2966



12.0485, 0.2997, 0.3313



28.3674, 0.2333, 0.3600



1.3486, 0.2314, 0.3529



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.6703, 0.3727, 0.3212



50.5193, 0.3913, 0.3195



39.8601, 0.3707, 0.3592



10.6539, 0.3274, 0.3267



7.8461, 0.6271, 0.3229

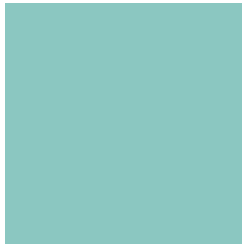


0.3775, 0.5889, 0.3018



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 50.1861, 0.2734, 0.3371 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

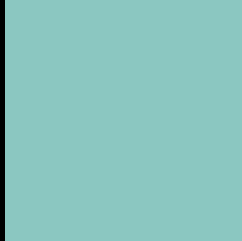
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 50.1861, 0.2734, 0.3371 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

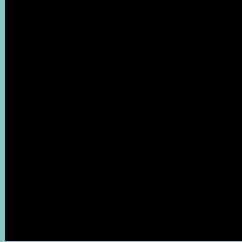
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

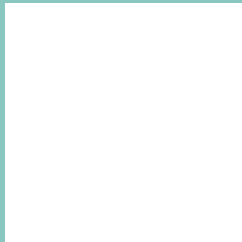
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 50.1861, 0.2734, 0.3371**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 50.1861, 0.2734, 0.3371.

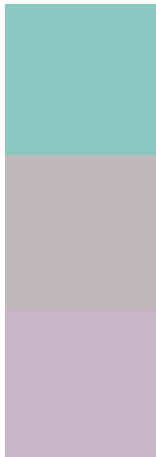


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 50.1861, 0.2734, 0.3371.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

50.1861, 0.2734, 0.3371

### Protanopia

49.7393, 0.3169, 0.3290

### Deuteranopia

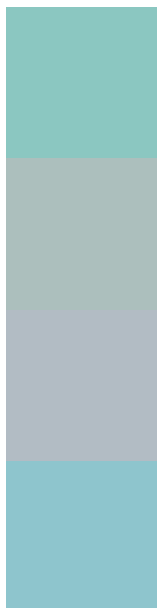
49.9046, 0.3170, 0.3108



## Tritanopia

50.0730, 0.2640, 0.3077

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

50.1861, 0.2734, 0.3371

## Protanomaly

49.7064, 0.2990, 0.3316

## Deuteranomaly

49.4169, 0.2987, 0.3187

## Tritanomaly

50.0911, 0.2677, 0.3182

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

50.1861, 0.2734, 0.3371

## Achromatopsia

45.6411, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

47.0428, 0.2964, 0.3316

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 50.1861, 0.2734, 0.3371 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 199, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 199, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 199, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 199, 193) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 50.1861, 0.2734, 0.3371 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 199, 193) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 199, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(139, 199, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 199, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 199, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 199,  
193) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 50.1861, 0.2734, 0.3371 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 199, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139,  
199, 193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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