

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(50.1927, 0.3229, 0.3238)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(50.1927, 0.3229, 0.3238)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(50.1912, 0.3231, 0.3241)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(50.1912, 0.3231, 0.3241)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C8B8BC
RGB	200, 184, 188
RGB Percent	78%, 72%, 74%
CMY	0.2157, 0.2784, 0.2627
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.06, 0.22
HSL	345°, 13%, 75%
HSV	345°, 8%, 78%
XYZ	50.0363, 50.1912, 54.6358
YIQ	189.2400, 8.2520, 4.6360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

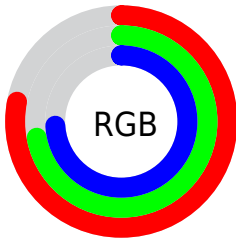
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	200, 184, 188
Decimal	13154492
CIE Lab	76.19, 6.37, 0.01
CIE LCh	76, 6.370, 0.121
Yxy	50.1912, 0.3231, 0.3241
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291344572 (0xFFC8B8BC)
YUV	189.2400, -0.6113, 9.4365
Hunter-Lab	70.8457, 2.0894, 3.8680

# Details

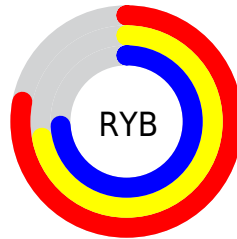
The Yxy color **50.1912, 0.3231, 0.3241** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **55.4804, 0.3033, 0.3340**, and the grayscale version is **51.0344, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.1118, 0.3202, 0.3251**, and **24.0929, 0.3258, 0.3224** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.8501, 0.3388, 0.3176**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.7784, 0.3104, 0.3302**.

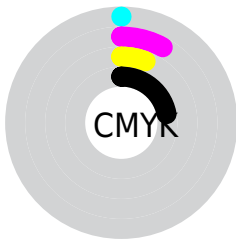
# Distribution



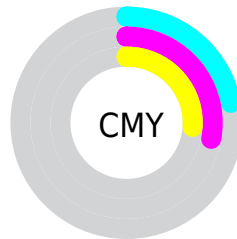
- Red (78%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (22%)




- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (26%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 50.1912, 0.3231, 0.3241 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 50.1912, 0.3231, 0.3241 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 50.1912, 0.3231,  
0.3241

 50.1912, 0.3231,  
0.3241


387.4132, 0.3180,  
0.3265

 35.5653, 0.3244,  
0.3235


 90.4581, 0.3212,  
0.3250

 24.0987, 0.3260,  
0.3227


116.8679, 0.3206,  
0.3253

 15.4068, 0.3281,  
0.3217


147.9746, 0.3200,  
0.3256

 9.1054, 0.3311,  
0.3203

184.1623, 0.3195,  
0.3258

 4.8100, 0.3354,  
0.3183

225.8157, 0.3190,  
0.3260

 2.1362, 0.3425,  
0.3149

273.3190, 0.3186,

 0.6849, 0.3606,

0.3262

0.3063

327.0567, 0.3183,  
0.3264

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

50.1912, 0.3231,  
0.3241

50.1912, 0.3231,  
0.3241

41.8501, 0.3388,  
0.3176

59.7784, 0.3104,  
0.3302

34.6975, 0.3580,  
0.3108

70.6531, 0.3000,  
0.3358

28.6809, 0.3816,  
0.3041

82.8631, 0.2916,  
0.3409

23.7415, 0.4098,  
0.2978

90.5723, 0.2841,  
0.3363

19.8150, 0.4428,  
0.2927

91.0182, 0.2805,  
0.3289

■ 16.8303, 0.4799,  
0.2899

■ 14.7071, 0.5189,  
0.2903

■ 13.3512, 0.5563,  
0.2948

■ 12.6239, 0.5882,  
0.3030

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.1912, 0.3149, 0.3179



50.1912, 0.3231, 0.3241



50.1912, 0.3285, 0.3317

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.1912, 0.3231, 0.3241



50.1912, 0.3191, 0.3440



50.1912, 0.2960, 0.3191

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.1912, 0.3231, 0.3241



55.4804, 0.3033, 0.3340

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.1912, 0.2972, 0.3260



50.1912, 0.3231, 0.3241



50.1912, 0.3104, 0.3406

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.1912, 0.3231, 0.3241



50.1912, 0.3262, 0.3432



50.1912, 0.3024, 0.3339



50.1912, 0.2993, 0.3149



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.1912, 0.3231, 0.3241



50.1912, 0.3298, 0.3365



50.1912, 0.3024, 0.3339



50.1912, 0.2959, 0.3211

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.1934, 0.3231, 0.3241



96.5454, 0.3152, 0.3278



50.1529, 0.3101, 0.3094



20.7009, 0.3151, 0.3278



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.1934, 0.3231, 0.3241



83.6258, 0.3262, 0.3227



51.5930, 0.3259, 0.3336



10.6799, 0.3251, 0.3232



7.9673, 0.5905, 0.3027



0.3893, 0.5294, 0.2690



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.1934, 0.3231, 0.3241



83.6258, 0.3262, 0.3227



53.9588, 0.3005, 0.3243



10.6799, 0.3251, 0.3232



7.9673, 0.5905, 0.3027

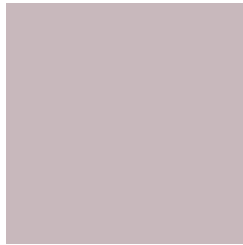


0.3893, 0.5294, 0.2690



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 50.1912, 0.3231, 0.3241 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

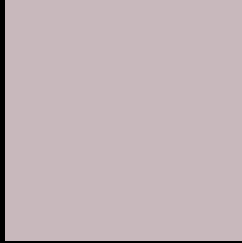
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 50.1912, 0.3231, 0.3241 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

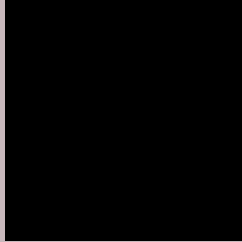
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 50.1912, 0.3231, 0.3241**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 50.1912, 0.3231, 0.3241.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 50.1912, 0.3231, 0.3241.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

50.1912, 0.3231, 0.3241

### Protanopia

50.3347, 0.3137, 0.3252

### Deuteranopia

50.2085, 0.3285, 0.3218



## Tritanopia

50.3157, 0.3169, 0.3120

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

50.1912, 0.3231, 0.3241

## Protanomaly

50.2613, 0.3171, 0.3253

## Deuteranomaly

50.3352, 0.3267, 0.3230

## Tritanomaly

50.1795, 0.3193, 0.3156

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

50.1912, 0.3231, 0.3241

## Achromatopsia

50.8881, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

50.5522, 0.3162, 0.3265

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 50.1912, 0.3231, 0.3241 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 184, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 184, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 184, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 184, 188) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 50.1912, 0.3231, 0.3241 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 184, 188) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 184, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 184, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 184, 188); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 184, 188);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 184,  
188) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 50.1912, 0.3231, 0.3241 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 184, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
184, 188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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