

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(50.2642, 0.3423, 0.4567)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(50.2642, 0.3423, 0.4567)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(50.0455, 0.3422, 0.4560)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9DC96D
RGB	157, 201, 109
RGB Percent	62%, 79%, 43%
CMY	0.3842, 0.2118, 0.5726
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.46, 0.21
HSL	89°, 46%, 61%
HSV	89°, 46%, 79%
XYZ	37.5561, 50.0455, 22.1473
YIQ	177.3560, 3.3080, -37.9400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

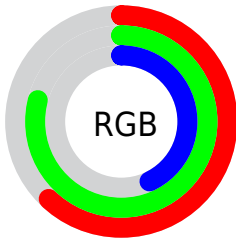
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">109, 201, 153</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10340717</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">76.10, -30.07, 41.17</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">76, 50.979, 126.144</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">50.0455, 0.3422, 0.4560</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288530797</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF9DC96D</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">177.3560, -33.6995, -17.8522</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">70.7428, -29.0376, 30.9582</a>

# Details

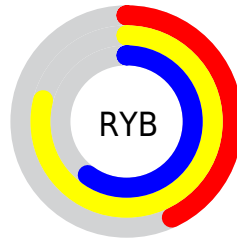
The Yxy color **50.0455, 0.3422, 0.4560** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC66**. A complement of this color would be **21.9229, 0.2673, 0.2011**, and the grayscale version is **44.3468, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.2748, 0.3392, 0.4295**, and **24.0668, 0.3447, 0.4934** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.7344, 0.3461, 0.4848**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.5359, 0.3369, 0.4264**.

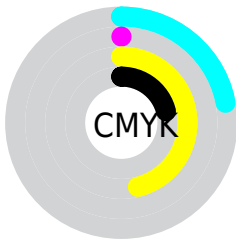
# Distribution



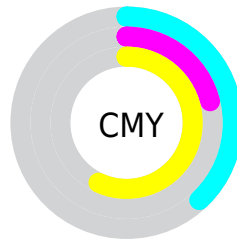
- Red (62%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (57%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 50.0455, 0.3422, 0.4560 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 50.0455, 0.3422, 0.4560 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 50.0455, 0.3422,  
0.4560


 50.0455, 0.3422,  
0.4560


386.8438, 0.3303,  
0.3907

 35.4496, 0.3441,  
0.4725


 90.2423, 0.3387,  
0.4320


 24.0094, 0.3457,  
0.4935


 116.6119, 0.3371,  
0.4231

 15.3406, 0.3465,  
0.5212


 147.6749, 0.3356,  
0.4156

 9.0588, 0.3449,  
0.5585

 183.8156, 0.3344,  
0.4091

 4.7795, 0.3433,  
0.6219

225.4185, 0.3332,  
0.4036

 2.1185, 0.3130,  
0.6870

272.8679, 0.3321,

 0.6750, 0.0000,

0.3987

1.0000

326.5482, 0.3312,  
0.3945

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 50.0455, 0.3422,  
0.4560

■ 50.0455, 0.3422,  
0.4560

■ 48.7344, 0.3461,  
0.4848

■ 51.5359, 0.3369,  
0.4264

■ 47.5875, 0.3482,  
0.5113

■ 53.2070, 0.3306,  
0.3972

■ 46.5974, 0.3481,  
0.5342


■ 55.0682, 0.3238,  
0.3693


■ 45.7534, 0.3458,  
0.5521

■ 57.1264, 0.3168,  
0.3431


■ 45.0424, 0.3414,  
0.5645


■ 59.3881, 0.3098,  
0.3191

 44.7720, 0.3393,  
0.5688

 61.8593, 0.3030,  
0.2973

 64.5460, 0.2964,  
0.2776

 66.4638, 0.2998,  
0.2736

 68.1328, 0.3068,  
0.2748

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.0455, 0.4043, 0.4434



50.0455, 0.3422, 0.4560



50.0455, 0.2756, 0.4218

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.0455, 0.3422, 0.4560



50.0455, 0.1944, 0.2400



50.0455, 0.4077, 0.2991

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.0455, 0.3422, 0.4560



21.9229, 0.2673, 0.2011

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.0455, 0.3404, 0.2566



50.0455, 0.3422, 0.4560



50.0455, 0.2205, 0.2227

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.0455, 0.3422, 0.4560



50.0455, 0.1946, 0.2844



50.0455, 0.2715, 0.2295



50.0455, 0.4471, 0.3499



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.0455, 0.3422, 0.4560



50.0455, 0.2377, 0.3774



50.0455, 0.2715, 0.2295



50.0455, 0.3871, 0.2836

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.0477, 0.3422, 0.4560



94.8169, 0.3227, 0.3650



35.9556, 0.4074, 0.3849



20.1369, 0.3242, 0.3709



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.0477, 0.3422, 0.4560



83.4403, 0.3461, 0.4848



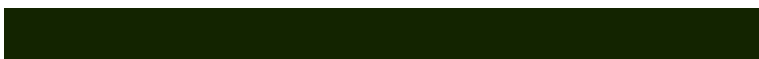
46.3254, 0.3081, 0.4704



12.1557, 0.3193, 0.3523



28.2065, 0.3403, 0.5680



1.3785, 0.3560, 0.5555



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.9229, 0.2673, 0.2011



29.3422, 0.2542, 0.1719



27.1504, 0.3146, 0.2174



10.5319, 0.3056, 0.3056



4.2709, 0.1990, 0.0870



0.2453, 0.2224, 0.0999



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 50.0455, 0.3422, 0.4560 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 50.0455, 0.3422, 0.4560 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

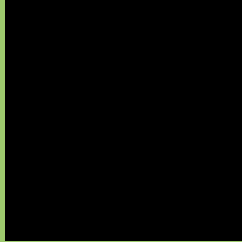
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 50.0455, 0.3422, 0.4560**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 50.0455, 0.3422, 0.4560.

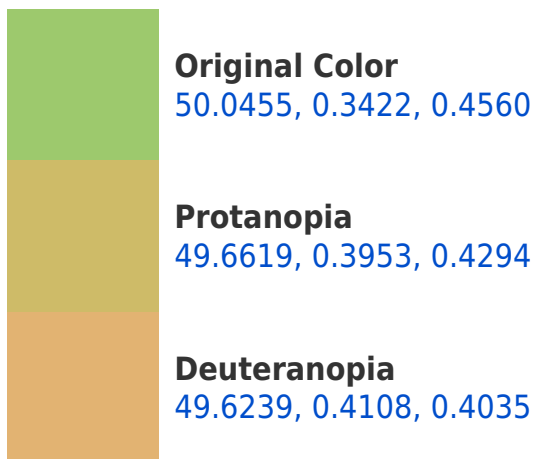


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 50.0455, 0.3422, 0.4560.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## Tritanopia

49.8926, 0.2870, 0.3098

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

50.0455, 0.3422, 0.4560

## Protanomaly

49.4312, 0.3748, 0.4391

## Deuteranomaly

49.1280, 0.3849, 0.4222

## Tritanomaly

49.5928, 0.3080, 0.3614

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

50.0455, 0.3422, 0.4560

## Achromatopsia

43.9657, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

45.9309, 0.3257, 0.3758

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 50.0455, 0.3422, 0.4560 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 201, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 201, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 201, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 201, 109) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 50.0455, 0.3422, 0.4560 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 201, 109) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 201, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(157, 201, 109)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(157, 201, 109); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 201, 109);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 201,  
109) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 50.0455, 0.3422, 0.4560 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 201, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157,  
201, 109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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