

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(50.2691, 0.2623, 0.2444)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(50.2691, 0.2623, 0.2444)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(50.2128, 0.2621, 0.2443)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B6B5FF
RGB	182, 181, 255
RGB Percent	71%, 71%, 100%
CMY	0.2861, 0.2902, 0.0000
CMYK	0.29, 0.29, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	241°, 100%, 85%
HSV	241°, 29%, 100%
XYZ	53.8714, 50.2128, 101.4533
YIQ	189.7350, -23.1580, 23.2260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

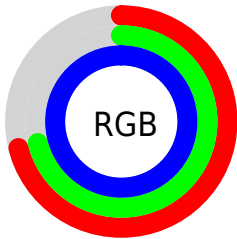
Format	Color
R_{YB}	182, 181, 255
Decimal	11974143
CIE _{Lab}	76.20, 16.37, -36.38
CIE _{LCh}	76, 39.894, 294.233
Yxy	50.2128, 0.2621, 0.2443
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290164223 (0xFFB6B5FF)
YUV	189.7350, 32.1756, -6.7836
Hunter-Lab	70.8610, 11.6961, -35.2841

Details

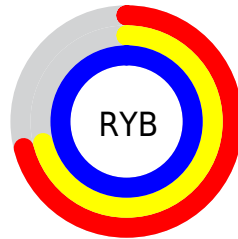
The Yxy color **50.2128, 0.2621, 0.2443** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **95.9108, 0.3560, 0.4020**, and the grayscale version is **51.1581, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.1391, 0.3031, 0.3111**, and **24.0276, 0.2484, 0.2238** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.9856, 0.2412, 0.2095**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.8909, 0.2815, 0.2767**.

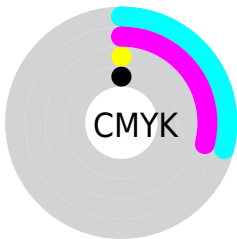
Distribution



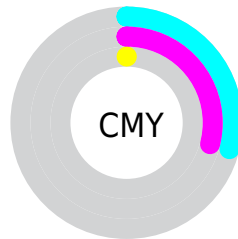
- Red (71%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 50.2128, 0.2621, 0.2443 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 50.2128, 0.2621, 0.2443 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

50.2128, 0.2621,
0.2443

50.2128, 0.2621,
0.2443

387.4975, 0.2870,
0.2838

35.5825, 0.2561,
0.2353

90.4901, 0.2710,
0.2580

24.1119, 0.2487,
0.2243

116.9059, 0.2743,
0.2633

15.4167, 0.2390,
0.2105

148.0190, 0.2772,
0.2679

9.1123, 0.2262,
0.1927

184.2137, 0.2797,
0.2719

4.8145, 0.2084,
0.1693

225.8746, 0.2819,
0.2754

2.1389, 0.1828,
0.1376

273.3859, 0.2838,

0.6863, 0.1442,

0.2785

0.0925

327.1321, 0.2855,
0.2813

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

50.2128, 0.2621,
0.2443

50.2128, 0.2621,
0.2443

37.9856, 0.2412,
0.2095

64.8909, 0.2815,
0.2767

28.0703, 0.2196,
0.1736

82.1368, 0.2989,
0.3057

20.3232, 0.1986,
0.1388

99.9995, 0.3127,
0.3290

14.5822, 0.1799,
0.1080

10.6624, 0.1650,
0.0838

■ 8.3447, 0.1553,
0.0681

■ 7.3130, 0.1506,
0.0607

■ 7.2429, 0.1503,
0.0602

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.2128, 0.2278, 0.2471



50.2128, 0.2621, 0.2443



50.2128, 0.3127, 0.2602

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.2128, 0.2621, 0.2443



50.2128, 0.4212, 0.3735



50.2128, 0.2566, 0.3701

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.2128, 0.2621, 0.2443



95.9108, 0.3560, 0.4020

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.2128, 0.3053, 0.4144



50.2128, 0.2621, 0.2443



50.2128, 0.4015, 0.4099

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.2128, 0.2621, 0.2443



50.2128, 0.4090, 0.3309



50.2128, 0.3585, 0.4279



50.2128, 0.2245, 0.3151

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.2128, 0.2621, 0.2443



50.2128, 0.3501, 0.2793



50.2128, 0.3585, 0.4279



50.2128, 0.2714, 0.3873

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.2148, 0.2621, 0.2443



82.1802, 0.2989, 0.3058



88.5576, 0.2706, 0.3289



17.0175, 0.2965, 0.3018



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.2148, 0.2621, 0.2443



42.6191, 0.2497, 0.2237



55.1686, 0.2878, 0.2501



17.3901, 0.2981, 0.3044



3.7901, 0.1504, 0.0602



0.3732, 0.1514, 0.0608

Inverse Universe

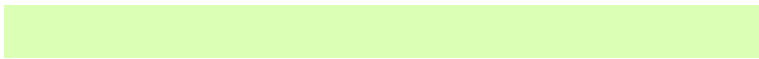
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.4553, 0.3169, 0.2575



55.5802, 0.3178, 0.2430



89.7554, 0.3319, 0.4081



18.2957, 0.3140, 0.3059



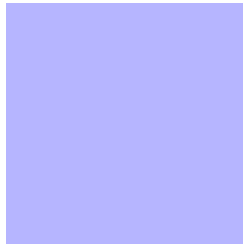
14.7626, 0.3245, 0.1561



1.4388, 0.3241, 0.1559

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 50.2128, 0.2621, 0.2443 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

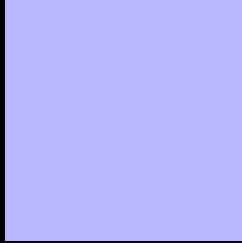
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 50.2128, 0.2621, 0.2443 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

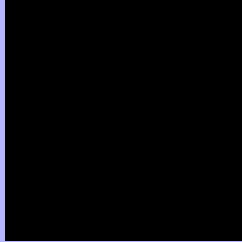
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 50.2128, 0.2621, 0.2443

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 50.2128, 0.2621, 0.2443.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 50.2128, 0.2621, 0.2443.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.2128, 0.2621, 0.2443

Protanopia

50.1334, 0.2528, 0.2469

Deuteranopia

50.2887, 0.2546, 0.2482



Tritanopia

50.0538, 0.2871, 0.3086

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.2128, 0.2621, 0.2443

Protanomaly

50.2716, 0.2559, 0.2464

Deuteranomaly

50.4354, 0.2577, 0.2477

Tritanomaly

50.1526, 0.2777, 0.2835

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.2128, 0.2621, 0.2443

Achromatopsia

51.4918, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

50.9605, 0.2928, 0.2960

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 50.2128, 0.2621, 0.2443 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(182, 181, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(182, 181, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 181, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(182, 181, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 50.2128, 0.2621, 0.2443 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(182, 181, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(182, 181, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 181, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(182, 181, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 181, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 181,  
255) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 50.2128, 0.2621, 0.2443 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(182, 181, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(182,  
181, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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