

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(50.2888, 0.3132, 0.3364)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(50.2888, 0.3132, 0.3364)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(50.1702, 0.3132, 0.3354)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B9BDB8
RGB	185, 189, 184
RGB Percent	73%, 74%, 72%
CMY	0.2747, 0.2588, 0.2784
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.03, 0.26
HSL	109°, 4%, 73%
HSV	109°, 3%, 74%
XYZ	46.8495, 50.1702, 52.5635
YIQ	187.2340, -0.7790, -2.4030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

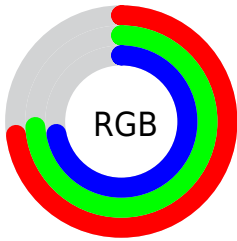
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">184, 189, 188</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12172728</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">76.17, -2.33, 2.03</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">76, 3.092, 139.044</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">50.1702, 0.3132, 0.3354</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290362808 (0xFFB9BDB8)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">187.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">70.8309, -5.8895, 5.5826</a>

# Details

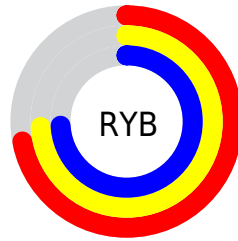
The Yxy color **50.1702, 0.3132, 0.3354** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **48.6569, 0.3122, 0.3227**, and the grayscale version is **49.8404, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.2969, 0.3131, 0.3340**, and **24.1525, 0.3134, 0.3377** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.6303, 0.3149, 0.3614**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.0252, 0.3113, 0.3123**.

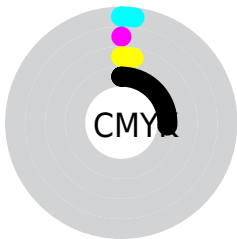
# Distribution



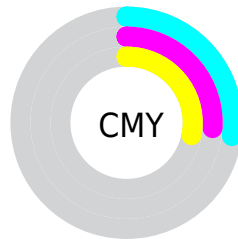
- Red (73%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (72%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (28%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 50.1702, 0.3132, 0.3354 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 50.1702, 0.3132, 0.3354 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 50.1702, 0.3132,  
0.3354

■ 50.1702, 0.3132,  
0.3354

387.3312, 0.3130,  
0.3322

■ 35.5487, 0.3133,  
0.3362

■ 90.4270, 0.3131,  
0.3343

■ 24.0858, 0.3133,  
0.3372

116.8310, 0.3131,  
0.3338

■ 15.3973, 0.3134,  
0.3385

147.9314, 0.3131,  
0.3335

■ 9.0987, 0.3135,  
0.3404

184.1124, 0.3130,  
0.3331

■ 4.8056, 0.3137,  
0.3431

225.7585, 0.3130,  
0.3329

■ 2.1337, 0.3140,  
0.3476

273.2540, 0.3130,

■ 0.6835, 0.3155,

0.3326

0.3638

326.9835, 0.3130,  
0.3324

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

50.1702, 0.3132,  
0.3354

50.1702, 0.3132,  
0.3354

47.6303, 0.3149,  
0.3614

53.0252, 0.3113,  
0.3123

45.3884, 0.3165,  
0.3903

56.1990, 0.3095,  
0.2920

43.4354, 0.3176,  
0.4218

59.7034, 0.3076,  
0.2743

41.7594, 0.3182,  
0.4550

63.2470, 0.3091,  
0.2630

40.3476, 0.3180,  
0.4886

64.8824, 0.3157,  
0.2644

■ 39.1862, 0.3170,  
0.5208

■ 38.2600, 0.3151,  
0.5494

■ 37.5522, 0.3122,  
0.5721

■ 37.0434, 0.3087,  
0.5876

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.1702, 0.3173, 0.3363



50.1702, 0.3132, 0.3354



50.1702, 0.3090, 0.3327

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.1702, 0.3132, 0.3354



50.1702, 0.3054, 0.3227



50.1702, 0.3196, 0.3290

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.1702, 0.3132, 0.3354



48.6569, 0.3122, 0.3227

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.1702, 0.3164, 0.3254



50.1702, 0.3132, 0.3354



50.1702, 0.3082, 0.3218

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.1702, 0.3132, 0.3354



50.1702, 0.3045, 0.3254



50.1702, 0.3122, 0.3228



50.1702, 0.3210, 0.3326



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.1702, 0.3132, 0.3354



50.1702, 0.3068, 0.3303



50.1702, 0.3122, 0.3228



50.1702, 0.3187, 0.3277

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.1724, 0.3132, 0.3354



90.6381, 0.3129, 0.3314



50.2544, 0.3166, 0.3341



19.4969, 0.3129, 0.3313



95.5105, 0.3127, 0.3290



19.5994, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.1724, 0.3132, 0.3354



89.6503, 0.3133, 0.3364



50.1175, 0.3113, 0.3335



11.0550, 0.3134, 0.3381



24.7652, 0.3069, 0.5946



0.9968, 0.3226, 0.5820



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.6569, 0.3122, 0.3227



86.5395, 0.3121, 0.3217



48.7135, 0.3142, 0.3246



10.5846, 0.3120, 0.3200



7.0621, 0.2737, 0.1282



0.3007, 0.2857, 0.1347



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 50.1702, 0.3132, 0.3354 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 50.1702, 0.3132, 0.3354 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

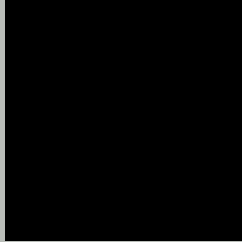
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

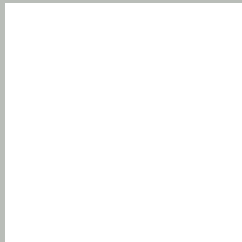
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 50.1702, 0.3132, 0.3354**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 50.1702, 0.3132, 0.3354.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 50.1702, 0.3132, 0.3354.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

50.1702, 0.3132, 0.3354

### Protanopia

50.1660, 0.3200, 0.3341

### Deuteranopia

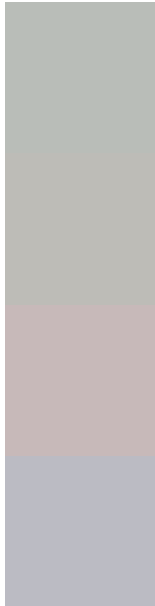
50.2241, 0.3319, 0.3254



## Tritanopia

50.0262, 0.3030, 0.3103

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

50.1702, 0.3132, 0.3354

## Protanomaly

50.2042, 0.3174, 0.3354

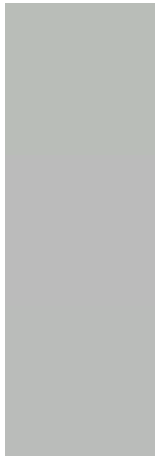
## Deuteranomaly

50.3428, 0.3246, 0.3290

## Tritanomaly

50.0456, 0.3066, 0.3189

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

50.1702, 0.3132, 0.3354

## Achromatopsia

49.6933, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

49.9507, 0.3126, 0.3315

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 50.1702, 0.3132, 0.3354 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(185, 189, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(185, 189, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(185, 189, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(185, 189, 184) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 50.1702, 0.3132, 0.3354 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(185, 189, 184) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(185, 189, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(185, 189, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 189, 184); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 189, 184); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 189, 184) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 50.1702, 0.3132, 0.3354 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(185, 189, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(185,  
189, 184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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