

Converting Colors

$Yxy(50.3317, 0.2770, 0.2772)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(50.3317, 0.2770, 0.2772)
contains.

Yxy(50.3587, 0.2766, 0.2769)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(50.3587, 0.2766, 0.2769)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B3BAE5
RGB	179, 186, 229
RGB Percent	70%, 73%, 90%
CMY	0.2978, 0.2706, 0.1019
CMYK	0.22, 0.19, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	232°, 49%, 80%
HSV	232°, 22%, 90%
XYZ	50.3041, 50.3587, 81.2032
YIQ	188.8090, -17.9750, 11.8890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

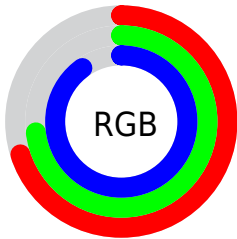
Format	Color
R _Y B	179, 185, 229
Decimal	11778789
CIE Lab	76.29, 6.65, -22.25
CIE LCh	76, 23.224, 286.632
Yxy	50.3587, 0.2766, 0.2769
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289968869 (0xFFB3BAE5)
YUV	188.8090, 19.8142, -8.6025
Hunter-Lab	70.9639, 2.3465, -18.1702

Details

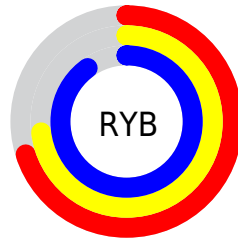
The Yxy color $50.3587, 0.2766, 0.2769$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be $72.2079, 0.3470, 0.3762$, and the grayscale version is $50.6731, 0.3127, 0.3290$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $88.3864, 0.3006, 0.3160$, and $24.1522, 0.2667, 0.2641$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $40.1077, 0.2576, 0.2486$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62.2146, 0.2941, 0.3025$.

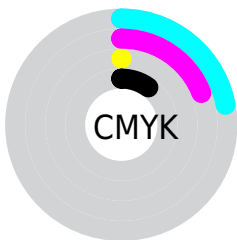
Distribution



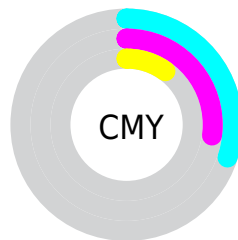
- Red (70%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (10%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 50.3587, 0.2766, 0.2769 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 50.3587, 0.2766, 0.2769 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.3587, 0.2766,
0.2769

■ 50.3587, 0.2766,
0.2769

■ 388.0670, 0.2944,
0.3020

■ 35.6985, 0.2723,
0.2710

■ 90.7061, 0.2830,
0.2858

■ 24.2014, 0.2668,
0.2635

■ 117.1621, 0.2854,
0.2892

■ 15.4831, 0.2597,
0.2539

■ 148.3188, 0.2874,
0.2921

■ 9.1591, 0.2500,
0.2411

■ 184.5607, 0.2892,
0.2946

■ 4.8451, 0.2363,
0.2233

■ 226.2720, 0.2907,
0.2968

■ 2.1567, 0.2152,
0.1969

■ 273.8372, 0.2921,

■ 0.6962, 0.1806,

0.2987

0.1526

327.6408, 0.2933,
0.3004

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

50.3587, 0.2766,
0.2769

50.3587, 0.2766,
0.2769

40.1077, 0.2576,
0.2486

62.2146, 0.2941,
0.3025

31.3865, 0.2376,
0.2180

75.7341, 0.3100,
0.3252

24.1227, 0.2174,
0.1861

90.9805, 0.3242,
0.3451

18.2361, 0.1981,
0.1545

98.4376, 0.3280,
0.3542

13.6383, 0.1809,
0.1250

■ 10.2302, 0.1670,
0.0997

■ 7.8980, 0.1574,
0.0804

■ 6.6757, 0.1527,
0.0696

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.3587, 0.2582, 0.2830



50.3587, 0.2766, 0.2769



50.3587, 0.3053, 0.2835

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.3587, 0.2766, 0.2769



50.3587, 0.3756, 0.3512



50.3587, 0.2869, 0.3597

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.3587, 0.2766, 0.2769



72.2079, 0.3470, 0.3762

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.3587, 0.3176, 0.3806



50.3587, 0.2766, 0.2769



50.3587, 0.3696, 0.3735

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.3587, 0.2766, 0.2769



50.3587, 0.3637, 0.3250



50.3587, 0.3480, 0.3851



50.3587, 0.2639, 0.3299

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.3587, 0.2766, 0.2769



50.3587, 0.3269, 0.2941



50.3587, 0.3480, 0.3851



50.3587, 0.2966, 0.3682

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.3607, 0.2766, 0.2769



87.3485, 0.3019, 0.3137



70.8833, 0.2846, 0.3376



18.4735, 0.3010, 0.3123



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.3607, 0.2766, 0.2769



58.3353, 0.2685, 0.2649



49.7340, 0.2893, 0.2705



14.2075, 0.2980, 0.3081



3.9180, 0.1531, 0.0712



0.3924, 0.1591, 0.0926

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.4711, 0.3509, 0.3212



61.5981, 0.3609, 0.3196



73.2280, 0.3327, 0.3856



14.4003, 0.3271, 0.3258



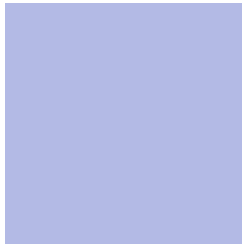
9.5932, 0.6213, 0.3196



0.7193, 0.5872, 0.3008

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 50.3587, 0.2766, 0.2769 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

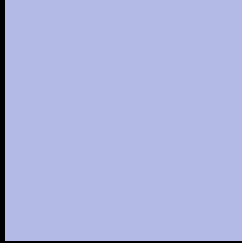
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 50.3587, 0.2766, 0.2769 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

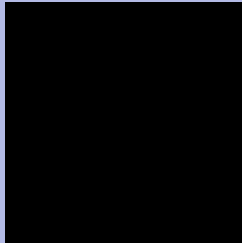
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 50.3587, 0.2766, 0.2769

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 50.3587, 0.2766, 0.2769.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 50.3587, 0.2766, 0.2769.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.3587, 0.2766, 0.2769

Protanopia

50.2399, 0.2758, 0.2768

Deuteranopia

50.2524, 0.2808, 0.2751



Tritanopia

50.3486, 0.2900, 0.3099

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.3587, 0.2766, 0.2769

Protanomaly

50.2399, 0.2758, 0.2768

Deuteranomaly

50.4223, 0.2794, 0.2761

Tritanomaly

50.4803, 0.2845, 0.2977

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.3587, 0.2766, 0.2769

Achromatopsia

50.8881, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

50.6404, 0.2984, 0.3091

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 50.3587, 0.2766, 0.2769 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 186, 229)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 186, 229)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 186, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 186, 229) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 50.3587, 0.2766, 0.2769 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 186, 229) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 186, 229) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 186, 229)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 186, 229); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 186, 229);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 186,  
229) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 50.3587, 0.2766, 0.2769 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 186, 229) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
186, 229) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor