

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(50.3558, 0.4719, 0.4369)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(50.3558, 0.4719, 0.4369)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(50.5044, 0.4721, 0.4372)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F8AE37
RGB	248, 174, 55
RGB Percent	97%, 68%, 22%
CMY	0.0274, 0.3176, 0.7846
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.78, 0.03
HSL	37°, 93%, 59%
HSV	37°, 78%, 97%
XYZ	54.5360, 50.5044, 10.4775
YIQ	182.5600, 82.3030, -21.3210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

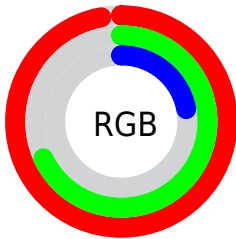
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	175, 248, 55
Decimal	16297527
CIELab	76.38, 17.30, 67.62
CIELCh	76, 69.801, 75.649
Yxy	50.5044, 0.4721, 0.4372
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294487607 (0xFFFF8AE37)
YUV	182.5600, -62.8871, 57.3909
Hunter-Lab	71.0664, 12.6136, 41.0053

# Details

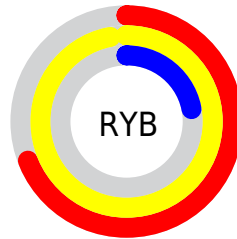
The Yxy color **50.5044, 0.4721, 0.4372** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9900**. The color can be described as light washed orange. A complement of this color would be **23.2643, 0.1862, 0.1644**, and the grayscale version is **47.4143, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.4244, 0.4081, 0.4441**, and **24.3582, 0.4962, 0.4442** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.7828, 0.4907, 0.4388**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.6103, 0.4508, 0.4305**.

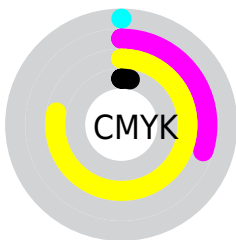
# Distribution



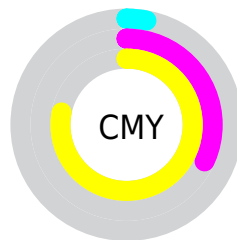
- Red (97%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Blue (22%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Black (3%)




- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (78%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 50.5044, 0.4721, 0.4372 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 50.5044, 0.4721, 0.4372 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 50.5044, 0.4721,  
0.4372

 50.5044, 0.4721,  
0.4372

388.6352, 0.3993,  
0.3935


 35.8143, 0.4866,  
0.4439


 90.9218, 0.4481,  
0.4244


 24.2908, 0.5029,  
0.4500


 117.4179, 0.4384,  
0.4186


 15.5495, 0.5206,  
0.4542


 148.6181, 0.4297,  
0.4134

 9.2059, 0.5426,  
0.4574

 184.9069, 0.4222,  
0.4086

 4.8758, 0.5549,  
0.4451

 226.6686, 0.4154,  
0.4043

 2.1745, 0.5744,  
0.4256

274.2876, 0.4094,

 0.7061, 0.6132,

0.4004

0.3868

328.1483, 0.4041,  
0.3968

■ 0.0000, 1.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 50.5044, 0.4721,  
0.4372

■ 50.5044, 0.4721,  
0.4372

■ 46.7828, 0.4907,  
0.4388

■ 54.6103, 0.4508,  
0.4305


■ 43.4111, 0.5059,  
0.4352

■ 59.1136, 0.4281,  
0.4196


■ 42.7270, 0.5090,  
0.4341

■ 64.0355, 0.4051,  
0.4057

■ 69.3925, 0.3828,  
0.3900

 75.1999, 0.3618,  
0.3735

 81.4722, 0.3425,  
0.3570

 88.2227, 0.3251,  
0.3410

 95.4643, 0.3095,  
0.3258

 98.6967, 0.3084,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.5044, 0.4985, 0.3708



50.5044, 0.4721, 0.4372



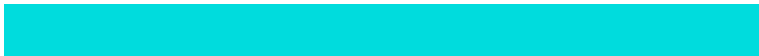
50.5044, 0.4045, 0.4921

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.5044, 0.4721, 0.4372



50.5044, 0.1779, 0.3259



50.5044, 0.2833, 0.2091

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



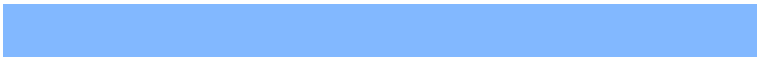
50.5044, 0.4721, 0.4372



23.2643, 0.1862, 0.1644

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.5044, 0.2090, 0.1915



50.5044, 0.4721, 0.4372



50.5044, 0.1563, 0.2434

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.5044, 0.4721, 0.4372



50.5044, 0.2349, 0.4320



50.5044, 0.1671, 0.2008



50.5044, 0.3799, 0.2497



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.5044, 0.4721, 0.4372



50.5044, 0.3477, 0.5054



50.5044, 0.1671, 0.2008



50.5044, 0.2551, 0.2005

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.5069, 0.4721, 0.4372



83.2703, 0.3523, 0.3655



24.2644, 0.4817, 0.2655



17.3136, 0.3594, 0.3715



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.5069, 0.4721, 0.4372



47.8970, 0.4992, 0.4375



83.4948, 0.3962, 0.5054



19.0081, 0.3278, 0.3436



23.3606, 0.5071, 0.4355



2.3686, 0.4938, 0.4461



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.2643, 0.1862, 0.1644



18.2270, 0.1710, 0.1313



11.0982, 0.1750, 0.0907



17.7334, 0.2979, 0.3140



8.3365, 0.1670, 0.1212



0.9700, 0.1735, 0.1447



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 50.5044, 0.4721, 0.4372 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 50.5044, 0.4721, 0.4372 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 50.5044, 0.4721, 0.4372**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 50.5044, 0.4721, 0.4372.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 50.5044, 0.4721, 0.4372.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

50.5044, 0.4721, 0.4372

### Protanopia

50.5598, 0.4250, 0.4686

### Deuteranopia

50.5018, 0.4591, 0.4486



## Tritanopia

50.5495, 0.3888, 0.3166

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

50.5044, 0.4721, 0.4372

**Protanomaly**

50.4338, 0.4412, 0.4574

**Deuteranomaly**

50.4114, 0.4639, 0.4441

**Tritanomaly**

49.9716, 0.4266, 0.3672

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

50.5044, 0.4721, 0.4372

**Achromatopsia**

47.3531, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

47.6855, 0.3743, 0.3839

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 50.5044, 0.4721, 0.4372 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(248, 174, 55)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(248, 174, 55)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(248, 174, 55) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(248, 174, 55) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 50.5044, 0.4721, 0.4372 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(248, 174, 55) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(248, 174, 55) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(248, 174, 55)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(248, 174, 55); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 174, 55);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 174,  
55) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 50.5044, 0.4721, 0.4372 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(248, 174, 55) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(248,  
174, 55) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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