

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(50.4416, 0.1442, 0.1984)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(50.4416, 0.1442, 0.1984)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(54.3070, 0.2092, 0.2732)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(54.3070, 0.2092, 0.2732)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00D4FF
RGB	0, 212, 255
RGB Percent	0%, 83%, 100%
CMY	1.0000, 0.1686, 0.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.17, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	190°, 100%, 50%
HSV	190°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	41.5850, 54.3070, 102.8891
YIQ	153.5140, -140.1550, -31.5710

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

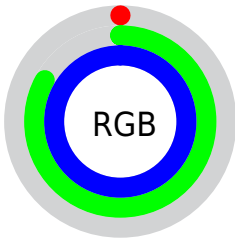
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 116, 255
Decimal	54527
CIELab	78.64, -28.35, -33.09
CIELCh	79, 43.574, 229.406
Yxy	54.3070, 0.2092, 0.2732
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278244607 (0xFF00D4FF)
YUV	153.5140, 50.0326, -134.6318
Hunter-Lab	73.6933, -28.2360, -31.1942

# Details

The Yxy color **54.3070, 0.2092, 0.2732** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCFF**. The color can be described as light saturated cyan. A complement of this color would be **22.9842, 0.6255, 0.3415**, and the grayscale version is **31.9175, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.3848, 0.2430, 0.3288**, and **28.1912, 0.2058, 0.2607** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.3133, 0.2092, 0.2732**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.7040, 0.2122, 0.2792**.

# Distribution



- Red (0%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 54.3070, 0.2092, 0.2732 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 54.3070, 0.2092, 0.2732 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 54.3070, 0.2092,  
0.2732


 54.3070, 0.2092,  
0.2732


403.2796, 0.2570,  
0.3014

 38.8472, 0.1985,  
0.2663


 96.5249, 0.2256,  
0.2834


 26.6408, 0.1856,  
0.2575


 124.0517, 0.2321,  
0.2873


 17.3037, 0.1695,  
0.2461


 156.3696, 0.2376,  
0.2905

 10.4512, 0.1493,  
0.2308

 193.8630, 0.2425,  
0.2934

 5.6992, 0.1235,  
0.2095

 236.9163, 0.2468,  
0.2958

 2.6630, 0.0904,  
0.1788

285.9139, 0.2506,

 0.9585, 0.0308,

0.2979

0.1360

341.2402, 0.2539,  
0.2998

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 54.3070, 0.2092,  
0.2732

■ 54.3070, 0.2092,  
0.2732

■ 54.3133, 0.2092,  
0.2732

■ 56.7040, 0.2122,  
0.2792

■ 59.4299, 0.2168,  
0.2853

■ 62.5764, 0.2234,  
0.2915

■ 66.1958, 0.2320,  
0.2976

■ 70.3321, 0.2424,  
0.3035

■ 75.0237, 0.2544,  
0.3093

■ 80.3051, 0.2677,  
0.3148

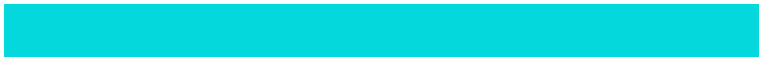
■ 86.2078, 0.2821,  
0.3199

■ 92.7609, 0.2972,  
0.3247

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.3070, 0.2232, 0.3230



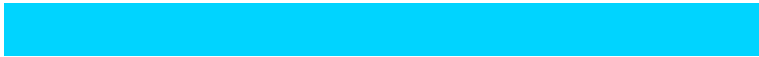
54.3070, 0.2092, 0.2732



54.3070, 0.2191, 0.2447

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.3070, 0.2092, 0.2732



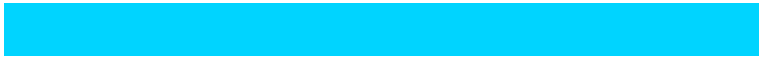
54.3070, 0.3623, 0.2825



54.3070, 0.3694, 0.4331

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.3070, 0.2092, 0.2732



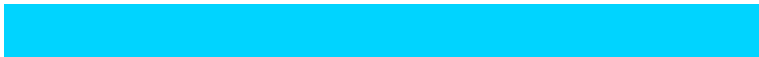
22.9842, 0.6255, 0.3415

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.3070, 0.4122, 0.4091



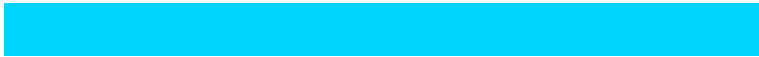
54.3070, 0.2092, 0.2732



54.3070, 0.4100, 0.3235

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.3070, 0.2092, 0.2732



54.3070, 0.3032, 0.2524



54.3070, 0.4284, 0.3684

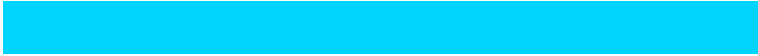


54.3070, 0.3136, 0.4252



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.3070, 0.2092, 0.2732



54.3070, 0.2385, 0.2383



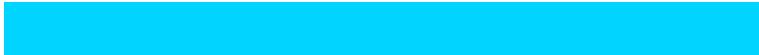
54.3070, 0.4284, 0.3684



54.3070, 0.3858, 0.4280

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.3133, 0.2092, 0.2732



80.3120, 0.2677, 0.3148



71.6846, 0.2965, 0.5874



16.6976, 0.2620, 0.3125



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.3133, 0.2092, 0.2732



54.3179, 0.2092, 0.2732



13.7159, 0.1624, 0.1046



19.9296, 0.2980, 0.3249



28.5745, 0.2095, 0.2742



2.9140, 0.2114, 0.2811



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.0124, 0.3698, 0.1811



26.0146, 0.3698, 0.1811



50.0052, 0.4950, 0.4451



18.2447, 0.3164, 0.3095



13.6126, 0.3689, 0.1806



1.3387, 0.3624, 0.1770



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 54.3070, 0.2092, 0.2732 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 54.3070, 0.2092, 0.2732 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

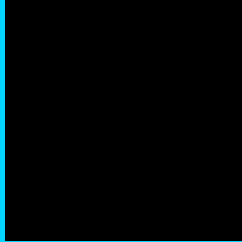
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 54.3070, 0.2092, 0.2732**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 54.3070, 0.2092, 0.2732.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 54.3070, 0.2092, 0.2732.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

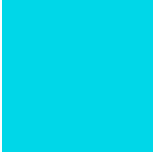
54.3070, 0.2092, 0.2732

### Protanopia

53.3766, 0.2715, 0.2713

### Deuteranopia

53.7117, 0.2594, 0.2553



## **Tritanopia**

54.4271, 0.2182, 0.3056

# Trichromacy



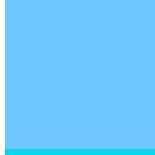
## Original Color

54.3070, 0.2092, 0.2732



## Protanomaly

51.0843, 0.2327, 0.2703



## Deuteranomaly

51.5116, 0.2271, 0.2591



## Tritanomaly

54.3844, 0.2150, 0.2940

# Monochromacy



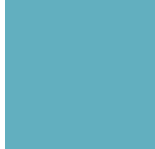
## Original Color

54.3070, 0.2092, 0.2732



## Achromatopsia

32.3143, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

37.0182, 0.2447, 0.3043

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 54.3070, 0.2092, 0.2732 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 212, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 212, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 212, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 212, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 54.3070, 0.2092, 0.2732 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 212, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 212, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 212, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 212, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 212, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 212,  
255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 54.3070, 0.2092, 0.2732 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 212, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 212,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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