

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(50.4821, 0.2305, 0.2827)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(50.4821, 0.2305, 0.2827)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(50.4821, 0.2305, 0.2827)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	63C9EC
RGB	99, 201, 236
RGB Percent	39%, 79%, 93%
CMY	0.6123, 0.2117, 0.0745
CMYK	0.58, 0.15, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	195°, 78%, 66%
HSV	195°, 58%, 93%
XYZ	41.1607, 50.4821, 86.9285
YIQ	174.4920, -72.0270, -10.7390

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

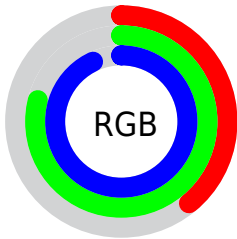
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	99, 157, 236
Decimal	6539756
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	76.36, -19.84, -26.29
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	76, 32.933, 232.961
Yxy	50.4821, 0.2305, 0.2827
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284729836 (0xFF63C9EC)
YUV	174.4920, 30.3234, -66.2065
Hunter-Lab	71.0508, -20.9313, -22.8040

# Details

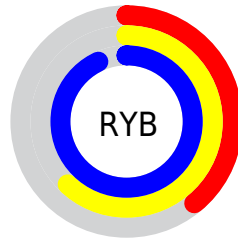
The Yxy color **50.4821, 0.2305, 0.2827** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **35.7374, 0.4657, 0.3671**, and the grayscale version is **42.4466, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.2136, 0.2605, 0.3288**, and **24.3114, 0.2103, 0.2697** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.5934, 0.2203, 0.2732**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.8726, 0.2423, 0.2919**.

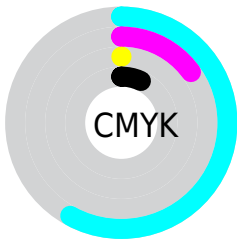
# Distribution



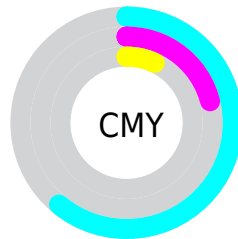
- Red (39%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 50.4821, 0.2305, 0.2827 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 50.4821, 0.2305, 0.2827 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



50.4821, 0.2305,  
0.2827

50.4821, 0.2305,  
0.2827

388.5483, 0.2696,  
0.3062

35.7966, 0.2214,  
0.2768

90.8888, 0.2442,  
0.2913

24.2772, 0.2102,  
0.2693

117.3787, 0.2495,  
0.2945

15.5393, 0.1960,  
0.2595

148.5723, 0.2540,  
0.2972

9.1988, 0.1774,  
0.2460

184.8539, 0.2580,  
0.2995

4.8711, 0.1526,  
0.2267

226.6079, 0.2614,  
0.3015

2.1718, 0.1184,  
0.1974

274.2187, 0.2644,

0.7046, 0.0403,

0.3033

0.1531

328.0707, 0.2671,  
0.3048

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

50.4821, 0.2305,  
0.2827

50.4821, 0.2305,  
0.2827

46.5934, 0.2203,  
0.2732

54.8726, 0.2423,  
0.2919

43.1646, 0.2121,  
0.2636

59.7913, 0.2556,  
0.3007

40.1553, 0.2059,  
0.2540

65.2688, 0.2699,  
0.3090

37.5067, 0.2015,  
0.2445

71.3317, 0.2848,  
0.3167

37.0298, 0.2008,  
0.2427

78.0044, 0.3002,  
0.3238

■ 85.3101, 0.3156,  
0.3302

■ 91.5105, 0.3249,  
0.3360

■ 95.1758, 0.3243,  
0.3418

■ 98.8360, 0.3238,  
0.3473

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.4821, 0.2399, 0.3201



50.4821, 0.2305, 0.2827



50.4821, 0.2408, 0.2612

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.4821, 0.2305, 0.2827



50.4821, 0.3565, 0.2960



50.4821, 0.3532, 0.4100

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.4821, 0.2305, 0.2827



35.7374, 0.4657, 0.3671

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.4821, 0.3878, 0.3958



50.4821, 0.2305, 0.2827



50.4821, 0.3909, 0.3300

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.4821, 0.2305, 0.2827



50.4821, 0.3112, 0.2703



50.4821, 0.4023, 0.3658



50.4821, 0.3091, 0.3992



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.4821, 0.2305, 0.2827



50.4821, 0.2580, 0.2569



50.4821, 0.4023, 0.3658



50.4821, 0.3663, 0.4077

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.4840, 0.2305, 0.2827



85.8323, 0.2864, 0.3175



64.3320, 0.2889, 0.4720



18.0439, 0.2833, 0.3160



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.4840, 0.2305, 0.2827



54.6099, 0.2184, 0.2711



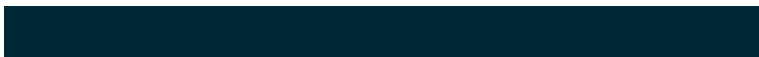
25.5169, 0.2094, 0.1863



16.4336, 0.2981, 0.3228



20.6303, 0.2012, 0.2443



1.7724, 0.2048, 0.2574



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.9487, 0.3563, 0.2224



31.1249, 0.3689, 0.2071



60.8379, 0.4159, 0.4371



15.2443, 0.3177, 0.3116



11.5755, 0.3980, 0.1966

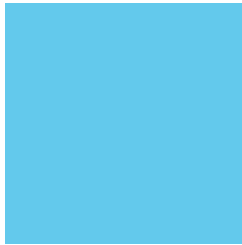


0.9243, 0.3849, 0.1894



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 50.4821, 0.2305, 0.2827 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

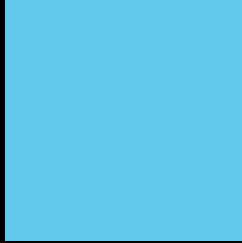
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 50.4821, 0.2305, 0.2827 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

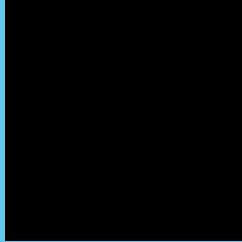
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 50.4821, 0.2305, 0.2827**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 50.4821, 0.2305, 0.2827.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 50.4821, 0.2305, 0.2827.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

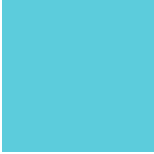
50.4821, 0.2305, 0.2827

### Protanopia

49.7179, 0.2791, 0.2802

### Deuteranopia

50.0372, 0.2687, 0.2624



## **Tritanopia**

50.6283, 0.2359, 0.3069

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

50.4821, 0.2305, 0.2827

**Protanomaly**

49.4028, 0.2576, 0.2807

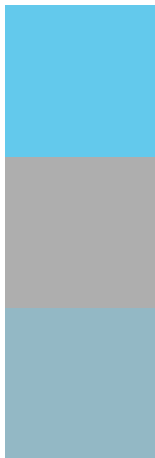
**Deuteranomaly**

49.4485, 0.2513, 0.2679

**Tritanomaly**

50.5825, 0.2337, 0.2977

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

50.4821, 0.2305, 0.2827

**Achromatopsia**

42.3268, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

44.5152, 0.2743, 0.3110

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 50.4821, 0.2305, 0.2827 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 201, 236)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 201, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 201, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 201, 236) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 50.4821, 0.2305, 0.2827 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 201, 236) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 201, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 201, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 201, 236); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 201, 236);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 201,  
236) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 50.4821, 0.2305, 0.2827 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 201, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 201,  
236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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