

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(50.5344, 0.2534, 0.3288)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(50.5344, 0.2534, 0.3288)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(50.5344, 0.2534, 0.3288)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	71CBCB
RGB	113, 203, 203
RGB Percent	44%, 80%, 80%
CMY	0.5569, 0.2039, 0.2038
CMYK	0.44, 0.00, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	180°, 46%, 62%
HSV	180°, 44%, 80%
XYZ	38.9459, 50.5344, 64.2131
YIQ	176.0900, -53.6400, -19.0800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

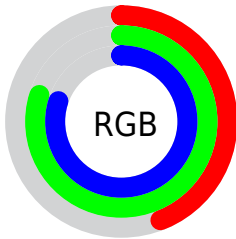
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">113, 158, 203</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">7457739</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">76.40, -26.89, -8.42</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">76, 28.172, 197.382</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">50.5344, 0.2534, 0.3288</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285647819</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF71CBCB</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">176.0900, 13.2666, -55.3299</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">71.0876, -26.6105, -3.7951</a>

# Details

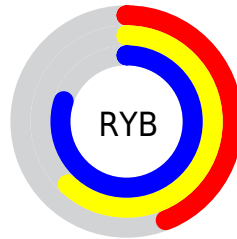
The Yxy color **50.5344, 0.2534, 0.3288** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **25.7030, 0.4295, 0.3294**, and the grayscale version is **43.4161, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.2860, 0.2652, 0.3289**, and **24.4491, 0.2379, 0.3288** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.3355, 0.2440, 0.3288**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.0384, 0.2645, 0.3288**.

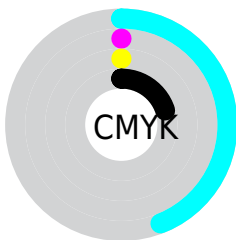
# Distribution



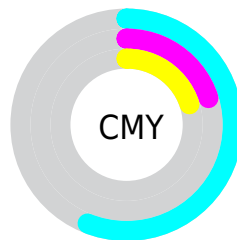
- Red (44%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 50.5344, 0.2534, 0.3288 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 50.5344, 0.2534, 0.3288 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 50.5344, 0.2534,  
0.3288

 50.5344, 0.2534,  
0.3288


388.7521, 0.2821,  
0.3295

 35.8382, 0.2465,  
0.3285


 90.9662, 0.2636,  
0.3292

 24.3093, 0.2379,  
0.3279


 117.4705, 0.2675,  
0.3293

 15.5632, 0.2266,  
0.3270


 148.6797, 0.2709,  
0.3294

 9.2156, 0.2115,  
0.3255

184.9781, 0.2737,  
0.3294

 4.8821, 0.1902,  
0.3226

226.7502, 0.2762,  
0.3295

 2.1782, 0.1584,  
0.3165

274.3803, 0.2784,

 0.7081, 0.0078,

0.3295

0.3308

328.2528, 0.2804,  
0.3295

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

50.5344, 0.2534,  
0.3288

50.5344, 0.2534,  
0.3288

49.3355, 0.2440,  
0.3288

52.0384, 0.2645,  
0.3288

48.4154, 0.2366,  
0.3287

53.8601, 0.2772,  
0.3289

47.7533, 0.2310,  
0.3287


56.0183, 0.2911,  
0.3289

47.3229, 0.2273,  
0.3287

58.5289, 0.3060,  
0.3290

47.0920, 0.2253,  
0.3287


61.4066, 0.3216,  
0.3290

 47.0165, 0.2246,  
0.3287

 64.6654, 0.3376,  
0.3291

 68.2987, 0.3536,  
0.3291

 68.3005, 0.3536,  
0.3291

 68.3023, 0.3536,  
0.3291

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.5344, 0.2805, 0.3657



50.5344, 0.2534, 0.3288



50.5344, 0.2418, 0.2948

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.5344, 0.2534, 0.3288



50.5344, 0.3044, 0.2751



50.5344, 0.3810, 0.3828

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.5344, 0.2534, 0.3288



25.7030, 0.4295, 0.3294

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.5344, 0.3892, 0.3558



50.5344, 0.2534, 0.3288



50.5344, 0.3434, 0.2958

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.5344, 0.2534, 0.3288



50.5344, 0.2698, 0.2666



50.5344, 0.3752, 0.3245



50.5344, 0.3542, 0.3973



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.5344, 0.2534, 0.3288



50.5344, 0.2438, 0.2786



50.5344, 0.3752, 0.3245



50.5344, 0.3861, 0.3748

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.5364, 0.2534, 0.3288



94.2420, 0.2928, 0.3289



47.4235, 0.3063, 0.4663



19.9846, 0.2896, 0.3289



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.5364, 0.2534, 0.3288



82.7065, 0.2446, 0.3288



32.2782, 0.2419, 0.2619



12.7267, 0.2984, 0.3290



29.9146, 0.2246, 0.3287



1.5434, 0.2246, 0.3287



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.8193, 0.3178, 0.2216



41.8753, 0.3187, 0.2022



38.3468, 0.4020, 0.3869



11.4037, 0.3138, 0.3062



10.8229, 0.3210, 0.1542

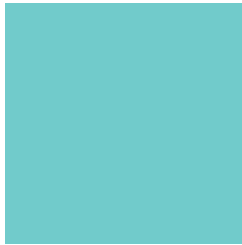


0.5584, 0.3210, 0.1542



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 50.5344, 0.2534, 0.3288 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

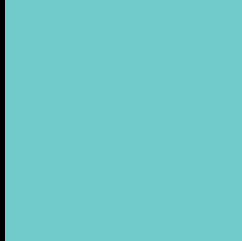
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 50.5344, 0.2534, 0.3288 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

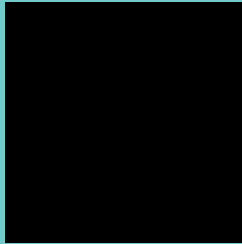
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

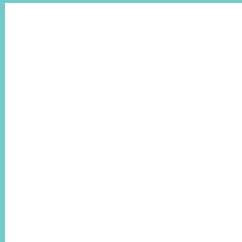
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 50.5344, 0.2534, 0.3288**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 50.5344, 0.2534, 0.3288.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 50.5344, 0.2534, 0.3288.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

50.5344, 0.2534, 0.3288

### Protanopia

49.7869, 0.3098, 0.3202

### Deuteranopia

49.6967, 0.3050, 0.2987



## Tritanopia

50.5650, 0.2476, 0.3073

# Trichromacy



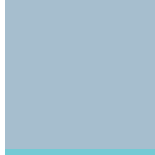
## Original Color

50.5344, 0.2534, 0.3288



## Protanomaly

49.3076, 0.2852, 0.3223



## Deuteranomaly

49.3901, 0.2826, 0.3083



## Tritanomaly

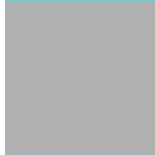
50.7075, 0.2499, 0.3152

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

50.5344, 0.2534, 0.3288



## Achromatopsia

43.4154, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

45.4353, 0.2864, 0.3289

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 50.5344, 0.2534, 0.3288 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 203, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 203, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 203, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 203, 203) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 50.5344, 0.2534, 0.3288 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 203, 203) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 203, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 203, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 203, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 203, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 203,  
203) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 50.5344, 0.2534, 0.3288 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 203, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
203, 203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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