

Converting Colors

$Yxy(50.9719, 0.2453, 0.2517)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(50.9719, 0.2453, 0.2517)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(50.8192, 0.2453, 0.2513)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	99BEFF
RGB	153, 190, 255
RGB Percent	60%, 75%, 100%
CMY	0.3998, 0.2549, 0.0000
CMYK	0.40, 0.25, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	218°, 100%, 80%
HSV	218°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	49.6058, 50.8192, 101.8002
YIQ	186.3470, -42.9170, 12.3710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

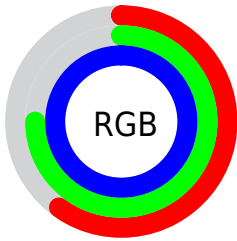
Format	Color
RYB	153, 180, 255
Decimal	10075903
CIELab	76.57, 3.56, -35.96
CIElCh	77, 36.139, 275.650
Yxy	50.8192, 0.2453, 0.2513
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288265983 (0xFF99BEFF)
YUV	186.3470, 33.8459, -29.2453
Hunter-Lab	71.2876, -0.5431, -34.7661

Details

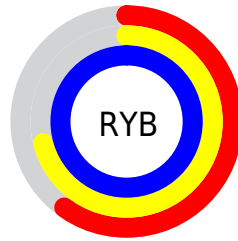
The Yxy color **50.8192, 0.2453, 0.2513** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **73.7302, 0.3867, 0.3956**, and the grayscale version is **49.1376, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.8332, 0.2856, 0.3196**, and **24.5099, 0.2282, 0.2324** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.9440, 0.2276, 0.2275**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.0141, 0.2631, 0.2736**.

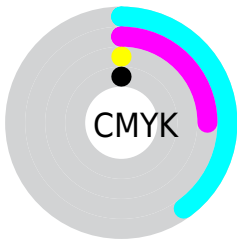
Distribution



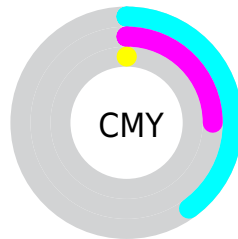
- Red (60%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 50.8192, 0.2453, 0.2513 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 50.8192, 0.2453, 0.2513 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.8192, 0.2453,
0.2513

■ 50.8192, 0.2453,
0.2513

389.8609, 0.2777,
0.2882

■ 36.0647, 0.2377,
0.2428

■ 91.3875, 0.2567,
0.2642

■ 24.4842, 0.2283,
0.2322

■ 117.9701, 0.2611,
0.2692

■ 15.6932, 0.2163,
0.2188

149.2642, 0.2648,
0.2735

■ 9.3073, 0.2007,
0.2015

185.6541, 0.2681,
0.2772

■ 4.9422, 0.1795,
0.1783

227.5244, 0.2709,
0.2805

■ 2.2134, 0.1500,
0.1464

275.2594, 0.2735,

■ 0.7273, 0.1078,

0.2834

0.1007

329.2434, 0.2757,
0.2859

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

50.8192, 0.2453,
0.2513

50.8192, 0.2453,
0.2513

41.9440, 0.2276,
0.2275

61.0141, 0.2631,
0.2736

34.3231, 0.2106,
0.2027

72.5784, 0.2805,
0.2941

27.8931, 0.1952,
0.1778

85.5663, 0.2971,
0.3126

22.5820, 0.1821,
0.1537

99.9999, 0.3127,
0.3290

18.3072, 0.1718,
0.1316

■ 14.9514, 0.1645,
0.1122

■ 14.9459, 0.1645,
0.1122

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.8192, 0.2256, 0.2660



50.8192, 0.2453, 0.2513



50.8192, 0.2832, 0.2553

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.8192, 0.2453, 0.2513



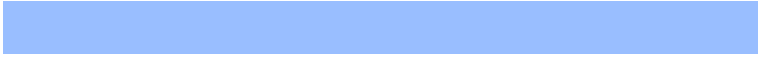
50.8192, 0.4072, 0.3462



50.8192, 0.2884, 0.3928

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.8192, 0.2453, 0.2513



73.7302, 0.3867, 0.3956

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.8192, 0.3367, 0.4168



50.8192, 0.2453, 0.2513



50.8192, 0.4072, 0.3838

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.8192, 0.2453, 0.2513



50.8192, 0.3790, 0.3078



50.8192, 0.3805, 0.4113



50.8192, 0.2487, 0.3473

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.8192, 0.2453, 0.2513



50.8192, 0.3154, 0.2673



50.8192, 0.3805, 0.4113



50.8192, 0.3041, 0.4040

Sweetspot

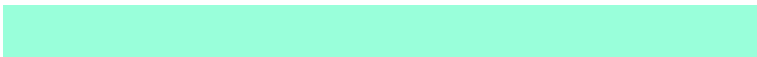
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.8211, 0.2453, 0.2513



82.8287, 0.2939, 0.3090



83.3378, 0.2749, 0.3724



17.3562, 0.2917, 0.3067



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.8211, 0.2453, 0.2513



43.6018, 0.2311, 0.2323



38.1939, 0.2475, 0.2086



18.4553, 0.2979, 0.3134



8.0671, 0.1653, 0.1152



0.9842, 0.1716, 0.1377

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.7748, 0.3768, 0.2906



41.0984, 0.3964, 0.2833



92.5926, 0.3634, 0.4318



18.0959, 0.3237, 0.3204



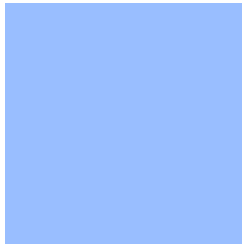
11.5423, 0.5535, 0.2823



1.1439, 0.5222, 0.2651

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 50.8192, 0.2453, 0.2513 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

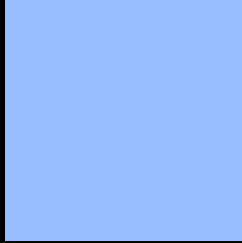
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 50.8192, 0.2453, 0.2513 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

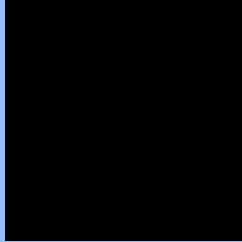
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

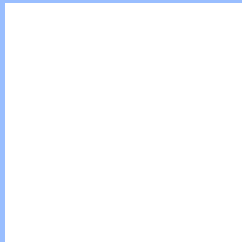
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 50.8192, 0.2453, 0.2513

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 50.8192, 0.2453, 0.2513.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 50.8192, 0.2453, 0.2513.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.8192, 0.2453, 0.2513

Protanopia

50.6921, 0.2565, 0.2515

Deuteranopia

50.7728, 0.2542, 0.2484



Tritanopia

50.9940, 0.2625, 0.3078

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.8192, 0.2453, 0.2513

Protanomaly

50.5250, 0.2524, 0.2509

Deuteranomaly

50.5472, 0.2507, 0.2488

Tritanomaly

50.7983, 0.2559, 0.2856

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.8192, 0.2453, 0.2513

Achromatopsia

49.1021, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

49.2425, 0.2850, 0.2987

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 50.8192, 0.2453, 0.2513 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 190, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 190, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 190, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 190, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 50.8192, 0.2453, 0.2513 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 190, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 190, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 190, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 190, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 190, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 190,  
255) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 50.8192, 0.2453, 0.2513 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 190, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
190, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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