

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(51.3078, 0.2429, 0.3121)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(51.3078, 0.2429, 0.3121)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(51.1987, 0.2427, 0.3111)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	69CCD9
RGB	105, 204, 217
RGB Percent	41%, 80%, 85%
CMY	0.5883, 0.2000, 0.1490
CMYK	0.52, 0.06, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	187°, 60%, 63%
HSV	187°, 52%, 85%
XYZ	39.9419, 51.1987, 73.4325
YIQ	175.8810, -63.1770, -16.9450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

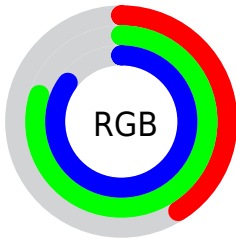
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">105, 158, 217</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">6933721</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">76.80, -25.48, -15.39</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">77, 29.771, 211.131</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">51.1987, 0.2427, 0.3111</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285123801</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF69CCD9</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">175.8810, 20.2717, -62.1626</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">71.5533, -25.5774, -10.7599</a>

# Details

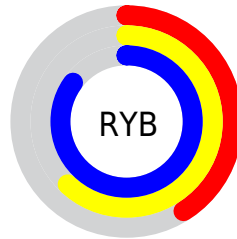
The Yxy color **51.1987, 0.2427, 0.3111** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **28.7273, 0.4520, 0.3449**, and the grayscale version is **43.2662, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.6325, 0.2624, 0.3289**, and **24.8527, 0.2251, 0.3063** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.8620, 0.2333, 0.3071**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.8939, 0.2538, 0.3150**.

# Distribution



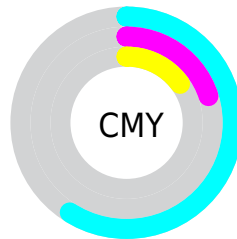
- Red (41%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)




- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (15%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 51.1987, 0.2427, 0.3111 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 51.1987, 0.2427, 0.3111 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 51.1987, 0.2427,  
0.3111

 51.1987, 0.2427,  
0.3111

391.3353, 0.2762,  
0.3208


 36.3668, 0.2348,  
0.3085


 91.9484, 0.2545,  
0.3148

 24.7176, 0.2249,  
0.3051


 118.6350, 0.2591,  
0.3161

 15.8668, 0.2122,  
0.3004

 150.0419, 0.2630,  
0.3172

 9.4299, 0.1955,  
0.2937

186.5535, 0.2664,  
0.3181

 5.0227, 0.1723,  
0.2832

228.5543, 0.2693,  
0.3189

 2.2606, 0.1390,  
0.2656

276.4286, 0.2719,

 0.7527, 0.0304,

0.3196

0.2449

330.5608, 0.2742,  
0.3202

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 51.1987, 0.2427,  
0.3111

■ 51.1987, 0.2427,  
0.3111

■ 48.8620, 0.2333,  
0.3071

■ 53.8939, 0.2538,  
0.3150

■ 46.8518, 0.2257,  
0.3030

■ 56.9651, 0.2664,  
0.3187

■ 45.1401, 0.2201,  
0.2990

■ 60.4356, 0.2802,  
0.3222

■ 43.6911, 0.2164,  
0.2949

■ 64.3251, 0.2949,  
0.3255

■ 42.6287, 0.2143,  
0.2916

■ 68.6518, 0.3102,  
0.3285

■ 73.4329, 0.3258,  
0.3313

■ 78.3250, 0.3400,  
0.3337

■ 79.6710, 0.3396,  
0.3363

■ 81.0369, 0.3392,  
0.3388

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.1987, 0.2640, 0.3503



51.1987, 0.2427, 0.3111



51.1987, 0.2389, 0.2806

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.1987, 0.2427, 0.3111



51.1987, 0.3228, 0.2810



51.1987, 0.3735, 0.3947

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.1987, 0.2427, 0.3111



28.7273, 0.4520, 0.3449

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.1987, 0.3920, 0.3710



51.1987, 0.2427, 0.3111



51.1987, 0.3621, 0.3072

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.1987, 0.2427, 0.3111



51.1987, 0.2830, 0.2659



51.1987, 0.3881, 0.3392



51.1987, 0.3391, 0.4013



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.1987, 0.2427, 0.3111



51.1987, 0.2465, 0.2685



51.1987, 0.3881, 0.3392



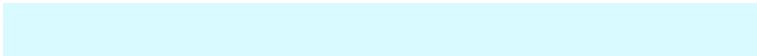
51.1987, 0.3819, 0.3883

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.2007, 0.2427, 0.3111



90.6521, 0.2897, 0.3244



53.9007, 0.2994, 0.4774



19.1469, 0.2866, 0.3237



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

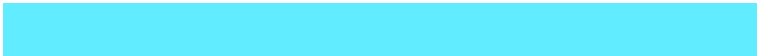


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.2007, 0.2427, 0.3111



70.1166, 0.2325, 0.3067



29.7588, 0.2268, 0.2310



14.5579, 0.2982, 0.3262



25.9017, 0.2145, 0.2922



1.7528, 0.2163, 0.2987



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.2123, 0.3321, 0.2177



35.8844, 0.3371, 0.1991



45.3547, 0.4140, 0.4086



13.2474, 0.3155, 0.3086



11.2386, 0.3524, 0.1715

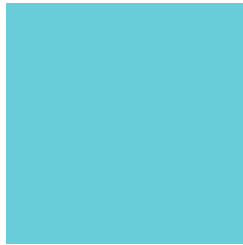


0.7356, 0.3466, 0.1683



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 51.1987, 0.2427, 0.3111 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

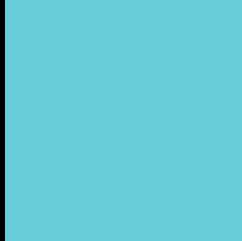
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 51.1987, 0.2427, 0.3111 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

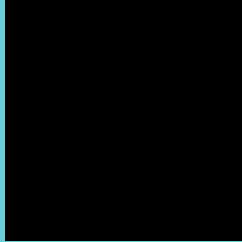
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 51.1987, 0.2427, 0.3111**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 51.1987, 0.2427, 0.3111.

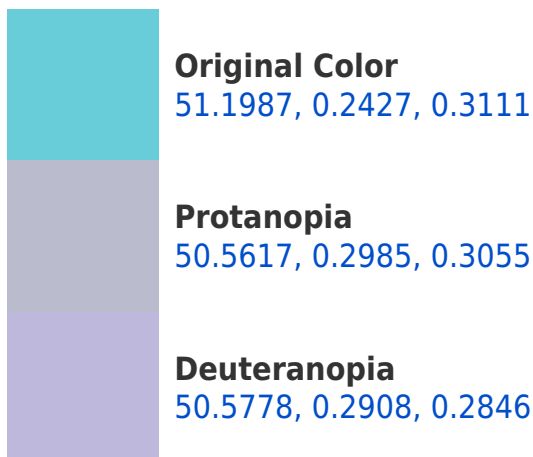


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 51.1987, 0.2427, 0.3111.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## Tritanopia

51.4172, 0.2417, 0.3072

# Trichromacy



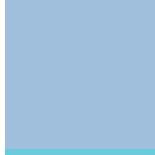
## Original Color

51.1987, 0.2427, 0.3111



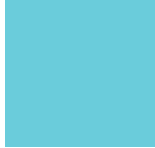
## Protanomaly

49.9612, 0.2739, 0.3068



## Deuteranomaly

49.9025, 0.2695, 0.2921



## Tritanomaly

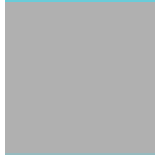
51.3644, 0.2422, 0.3085

# Monochromacy



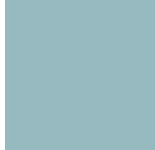
## Original Color

51.1987, 0.2427, 0.3111



## Achromatopsia

43.4154, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

45.3634, 0.2807, 0.3220

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 51.1987, 0.2427, 0.3111 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 204, 217)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 204, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 204, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 204, 217) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 51.1987, 0.2427, 0.3111 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 204, 217) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 204, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(105, 204, 217)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 204, 217); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 204, 217); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 204, 217) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 51.1987, 0.2427, 0.3111 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 204, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105,  
204, 217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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