

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(51.5822, 0.2084, 0.2651)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(51.5822, 0.2084, 0.2651)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(51.5822, 0.2084, 0.2651)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1ACEFF
RGB	26, 206, 255
RGB Percent	10%, 81%, 100%
CMY	0.8979, 0.1922, 0.0000
CMYK	0.90, 0.19, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	193°, 100%, 55%
HSV	193°, 90%, 100%
XYZ	40.5497, 51.5822, 102.4445
YIQ	157.7660, -123.0090, -22.9210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

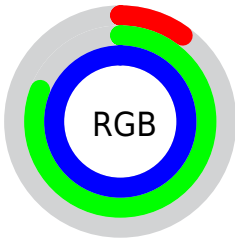
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	26, 127, 255
Decimal	1756927
CIE Lab	77.03, -24.59, -35.58
CIE LCh	77, 43.251, 235.351
Yxy	51.5822, 0.2084, 0.2651
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279947007 (0xFF1ACEFF)
YUV	157.7660, 47.9364, -115.5588
Hunter-Lab	71.8207, -24.9059, -34.2962

# Details

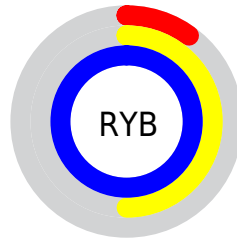
The Yxy color **51.5822, 0.2084, 0.2651** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCFF**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **26.3700, 0.5933, 0.3560**, and the grayscale version is **33.9046, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.7331, 0.2446, 0.3288**, and **26.5337, 0.2033, 0.2518** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.7840, 0.2048, 0.2573**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.7534, 0.2137, 0.2731**.

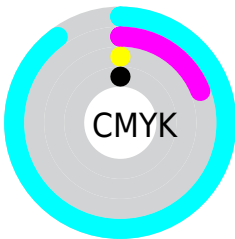
# Distribution



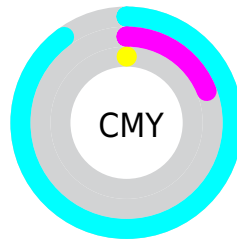
- Red (10%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (10%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 51.5822, 0.2084, 0.2651 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 51.5822, 0.2084, 0.2651 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 51.5822, 0.2084,  
0.2651


 51.5822, 0.2084,  
0.2651


392.8215, 0.2569,  
0.2972

 36.6722, 0.1975,  
0.2573


 92.5148, 0.2251,  
0.2767

 24.9538, 0.1842,  
0.2474


 119.3061, 0.2317,  
0.2811


 16.0426, 0.1678,  
0.2346


 150.8267, 0.2373,  
0.2848

 9.5543, 0.1470,  
0.2177

 187.4608, 0.2422,  
0.2880

 5.1045, 0.1205,  
0.1943

 229.5930, 0.2466,  
0.2907

 2.3087, 0.0867,  
0.1611

277.6076, 0.2504,

 0.7783, 0.0207,

0.2932

0.1157

331.8890, 0.2538,  
0.2953

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 51.5822, 0.2084,  
0.2651

■ 51.5822, 0.2084,  
0.2651

■ 48.7840, 0.2048,  
0.2573

■ 54.7534, 0.2137,  
0.2731

■ 48.7285, 0.2048,  
0.2571

■ 58.3801, 0.2210,  
0.2810

■ 62.5152, 0.2302,  
0.2889

■ 67.2030, 0.2412,  
0.2966

■ 72.4824, 0.2538,  
0.3040

■ 78.3882, 0.2676,  
0.3111

■ 84.9523, 0.2823,  
0.3176

■ 92.2040, 0.2975,  
0.3236

■ 100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.5822, 0.2177, 0.3115



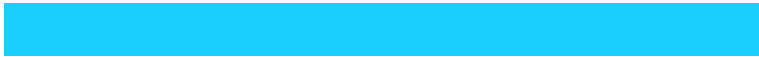
51.5822, 0.2084, 0.2651



51.5822, 0.2231, 0.2410

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.5822, 0.2084, 0.2651



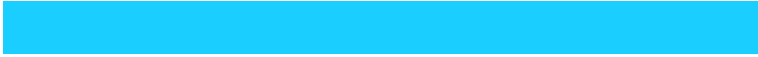
51.5822, 0.3739, 0.2896



51.5822, 0.3592, 0.4356

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.5822, 0.2084, 0.2651



26.3700, 0.5933, 0.3560

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.5822, 0.4063, 0.4164



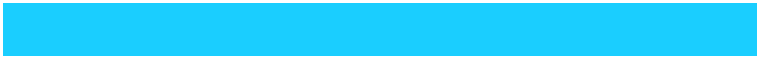
51.5822, 0.2084, 0.2651



51.5822, 0.4174, 0.3322

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.5822, 0.2084, 0.2651



51.5822, 0.3148, 0.2566



51.5822, 0.4289, 0.3775

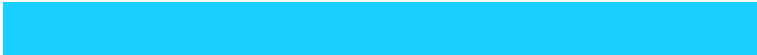


51.5822, 0.3022, 0.4201



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.5822, 0.2084, 0.2651



51.5822, 0.2455, 0.2374



51.5822, 0.4289, 0.3775



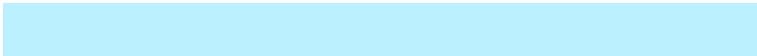
51.5822, 0.3768, 0.4324

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.5826, 0.2084, 0.2651



80.1551, 0.2716, 0.3129



72.2054, 0.2927, 0.5658



16.6959, 0.2667, 0.3106



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

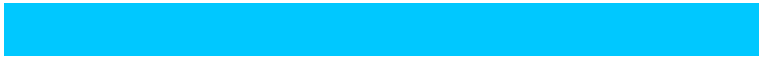


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.5826, 0.2084, 0.2651



48.7285, 0.2048, 0.2571



15.5734, 0.1676, 0.1158



19.7827, 0.2980, 0.3238



25.6886, 0.2051, 0.2584



2.6578, 0.2076, 0.2674



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.4561, 0.3770, 0.1891



25.4503, 0.3852, 0.1896



56.5820, 0.4746, 0.4548



18.2299, 0.3171, 0.3105



13.3212, 0.3839, 0.1889

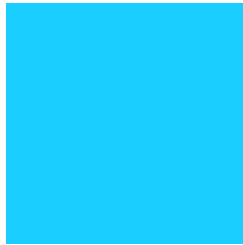


1.3128, 0.3753, 0.1841



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 51.5822, 0.2084, 0.2651 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

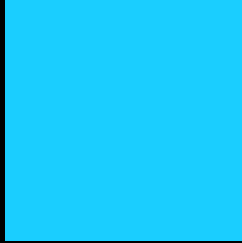
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 51.5822, 0.2084, 0.2651 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

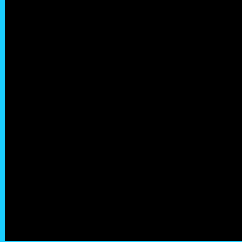
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

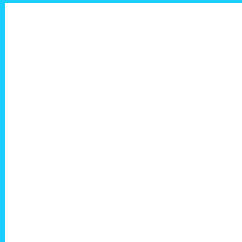
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 51.5822, 0.2084, 0.2651**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 51.5822, 0.2084, 0.2651.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 51.5822, 0.2084, 0.2651.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

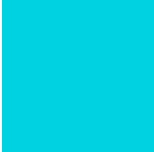
51.5822, 0.2084, 0.2651

### Protanopia

51.0055, 0.2664, 0.2647

### Deuteranopia

50.6626, 0.2536, 0.2483



## **Tritanopia**

51.5842, 0.2185, 0.3064

# Trichromacy



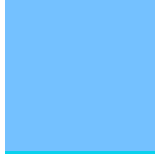
## Original Color

51.5822, 0.2084, 0.2651



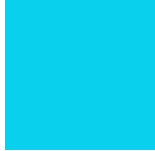
## Protanomaly

49.3023, 0.2336, 0.2629



## Deuteranomaly

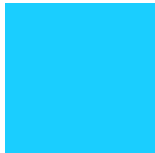
49.0729, 0.2271, 0.2515



## Tritanomaly

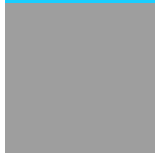
51.7734, 0.2145, 0.2907

# Monochromacy



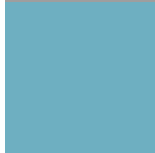
## Original Color

51.5822, 0.2084, 0.2651



## Achromatopsia

34.1914, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

37.8252, 0.2505, 0.3019

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 51.5822, 0.2084, 0.2651 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(26, 206, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(26, 206, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(26, 206, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(26, 206, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 51.5822, 0.2084, 0.2651 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(26, 206, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(26, 206, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(26, 206, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(26, 206, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 206, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 206,  
255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 51.5822, 0.2084, 0.2651 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(26, 206, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(26, 206,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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