

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(51.8272, 0.2130, 0.2792)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(51.8272, 0.2130, 0.2792)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**Yxy(52.0114, 0.2131, 0.2797)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	20D0F5
RGB	32, 208, 245
RGB Percent	13%, 82%, 96%
CMY	0.8749, 0.1843, 0.0393
CMYK	0.87, 0.15, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	190°, 91%, 54%
HSV	190°, 87%, 96%
XYZ	39.6268, 52.0114, 94.3160
YIQ	159.5940, -116.7730, -25.8050

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

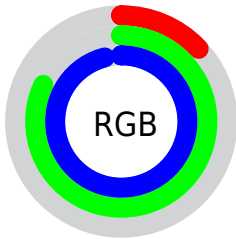
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	32, 128, 245
Decimal	2150645
CIE Lab	77.29, -28.58, -29.81
CIE LCh	77, 41.295, 226.210
Yxy	52.0114, 0.2131, 0.2797
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280340725 (0xFF20D0F5)
YUV	159.5940, 42.1052, -111.8999
Hunter-Lab	72.1189, -28.1286, -27.0553

# Details

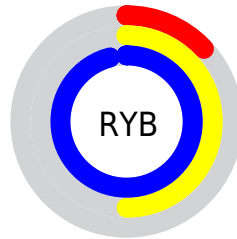
The Yxy color **52.0114, 0.2131, 0.2797** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCFF**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **23.7515, 0.5920, 0.3513**, and the grayscale version is **34.7876, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.7331, 0.2446, 0.3288**, and **26.4566, 0.2074, 0.2667** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.7107, 0.2096, 0.2735**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.6604, 0.2184, 0.2860**.

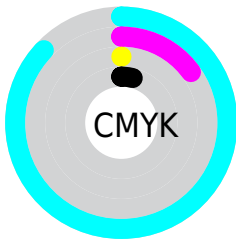
# Distribution



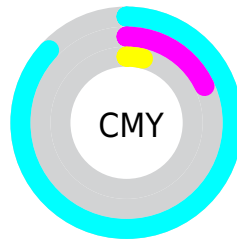
- Red (13%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (4%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 52.0114, 0.2131, 0.2797 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 52.0114, 0.2131, 0.2797 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 52.0114, 0.2131,  
0.2797


 52.0114, 0.2131,  
0.2797


394.4806, 0.2596,  
0.3051


 37.0142, 0.2026,  
0.2733


 93.1481, 0.2292,  
0.2890


 25.2185, 0.1897,  
0.2652


 120.0563, 0.2355,  
0.2924


 16.2399, 0.1736,  
0.2545


 151.7036, 0.2409,  
0.2954

 9.6941, 0.1531,  
0.2399

 188.4744, 0.2456,  
0.2979

 5.1966, 0.1266,  
0.2192

 230.7531, 0.2498,  
0.3000

 2.3631, 0.0920,  
0.1884

278.9241, 0.2534,

 0.8068, 0.0125,

0.3019

0.1457

333.3718, 0.2567,  
0.3036

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 52.0114, 0.2131,  
0.2797

■ 52.0114, 0.2131,  
0.2797

■ 49.7107, 0.2096,  
0.2735

■ 54.6604, 0.2184,  
0.2860

■ 49.0558, 0.2088,  
0.2716

■ 57.7092, 0.2257,  
0.2923

■ 61.2044, 0.2349,  
0.2986

■ 65.1840, 0.2458,  
0.3047

■ 69.6817, 0.2583,  
0.3105

■ 74.7280, 0.2720,  
0.3160

■ 80.3506, 0.2867,  
0.3212

■ 86.5754, 0.3019,  
0.3259

■ 93.4266, 0.3174,  
0.3303

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.0114, 0.2293, 0.3294



52.0114, 0.2131, 0.2797



52.0114, 0.2203, 0.2496

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.0114, 0.2131, 0.2797



52.0114, 0.3546, 0.2805



52.0114, 0.3728, 0.4279

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.0114, 0.2131, 0.2797



23.7515, 0.5920, 0.3513

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.0114, 0.4117, 0.4028



52.0114, 0.2131, 0.2797



52.0114, 0.4025, 0.3193

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.0114, 0.2131, 0.2797



52.0114, 0.2977, 0.2528



52.0114, 0.4237, 0.3628



52.0114, 0.3197, 0.4238



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.0114, 0.2131, 0.2797



52.0114, 0.2376, 0.2418



52.0114, 0.4237, 0.3628



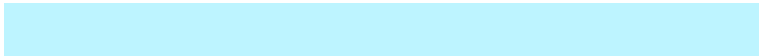
52.0114, 0.3880, 0.4221

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.0132, 0.2131, 0.2797



82.4002, 0.2734, 0.3165



66.0055, 0.2939, 0.5662



17.2070, 0.2684, 0.3147



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

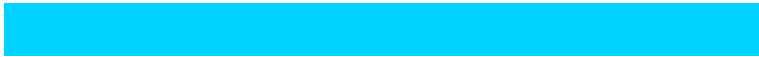


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.0132, 0.2131, 0.2797



53.6902, 0.2088, 0.2715



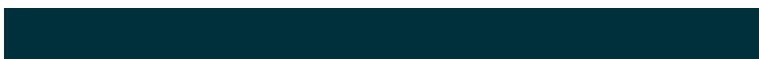
16.5822, 0.1727, 0.1307



18.2399, 0.2980, 0.3248



26.6152, 0.2091, 0.2726



2.4651, 0.2112, 0.2804



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.9902, 0.3632, 0.1832



25.9512, 0.3714, 0.1820



49.7646, 0.4779, 0.4485



16.7160, 0.3165, 0.3097



12.7862, 0.3703, 0.1814

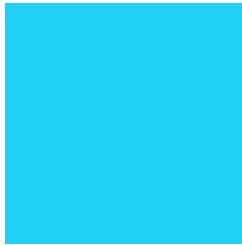


1.1365, 0.3631, 0.1774



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 52.0114, 0.2131, 0.2797 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

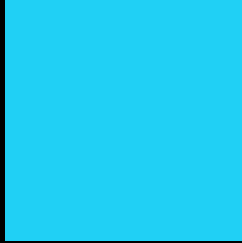
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 52.0114, 0.2131, 0.2797 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 52.0114, 0.2131, 0.2797**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 52.0114, 0.2131, 0.2797.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 52.0114, 0.2131, 0.2797.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

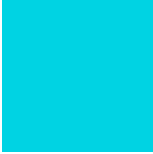
52.0114, 0.2131, 0.2797

### Protanopia

50.9571, 0.2767, 0.2772

### Deuteranopia

51.1339, 0.2609, 0.2542



## **Tritanopia**

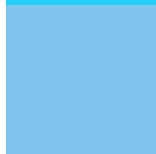
52.1346, 0.2185, 0.3065

# Trichromacy



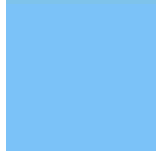
## Original Color

52.0114, 0.2131, 0.2797



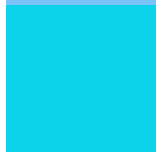
## Protanomaly

49.4640, 0.2416, 0.2772



## Deuteranomaly

49.5718, 0.2337, 0.2609



## Tritanomaly

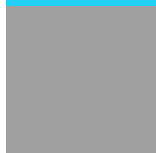
52.1119, 0.2161, 0.2960

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

52.0114, 0.2131, 0.2797



## Achromatopsia

35.1533, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

38.7166, 0.2540, 0.3079

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 52.0114, 0.2131, 0.2797 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(32, 208, 245)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(32, 208, 245)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(32, 208, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(32, 208, 245) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 52.0114, 0.2131, 0.2797 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(32, 208, 245) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(32, 208, 245) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(32, 208, 245)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(32, 208, 245); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(32, 208, 245);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(32, 208,  
245) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to `rgb(32, 208, 245)` is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(32, 208, 245) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(32, 208,  
245) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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